"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, cloudier and warmer to-day; snow or rain to-morrow; light to moderate variable winds.
For full weather report see page 13.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,428. NEW YORK, MONDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1913.—FOURTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York. Elsewhere Jersey City and Newark, TWO CENTS.

## WOMAN POSTMASTER OUSTED FOR A MAN

### Mrs. Ida Tillman of Geneva, Ala., Removed Before Term Expires, Protests to President

### AND APPEALS TO THE TIMES

### Local Suffragists Say Such an Incident Couldn't Happen If Women Had the Ballot.

*By Telegraph to the Editor of the New York Times.*

GENEVA, Ala., Dec. 28.—The Post Office Department has removed me from office, to provide an office for a man. Patrons of the office have indorsed me.

I am wiring you an open letter, which I have addressed to President Wilson. Your great kindness to Mrs. Longstreet has caused me to believe that you will lend me a helping hand, and all right-thinking Southerners will thank you.

Mrs. IDA O. TILLMAN.

Geneva, Ala., Dec. 25, 1913.

To the President:

The Post Office Department has re-removed me as Postmaster here. My term does not expire until Dec. 14, 1914. The patrons of the office have testified that my record in office has been highly efficient. My contemplated removal is for the purpose of providing spoils for a Democratic politician, Hon. H. D. Clayton.

On many occasions you have announced your faith in the Civil Service. Is your faith large enough to protect a dependent and lonely woman in the far South in the elemental rights of American citizenship?

The leading argument made against me by the spoilsmen of your party is that I am a Republican. I have never cast a ballot. In this State women are not allowed to vote. Is it the policy of your Administration to wage political war on the disfranchised sex?

I am the daughter of a Confederate soldier, a Georgian, who fell at Peachtree, leaving a widow with three small babes to storm the tides of reconstruction. I am the widow of a Mason. I am dependent on the salary of this office. In the years I have held the commission so many obligations have rested upon me that I could do little more than make a living.

I am not asking your Administration for reappointment. But I do appeal to be allowed to fill out my term of office. I have made investments, counting on the salary of my office, and it will be a sore hardship to be put out of it before the expiration of my term.

Is your Administration to be distinguished for the persecution visited upon Southern women? Already you have driven from the South one Southern woman, the daughter of a Confederate soldier and the widow of Lee's greatest lieutenant, Gen. James Longstreet. After that, there are few Southern women who would expect reappointment at your hands. But as American citizens, may we not all hope for justice at your hands?

As a true Southern woman, my heart has been sorrowed by the record which is being made by your Administration in persecution of the widows and daughters of Southern soldiers who were appointed to post offices in the South by Presidents of Union birth and lineage. And many of the women appointed in the South by Republican Presidents have been the widows and daughters of Southern Democrats.

I had hoped we had reached a happy day of fraternal unity when a Southern President, looking back over fifty years of peace, would refuse to make political war on Southern women because their dead husbands had been Republicans in politics.

I have a right to fill out my term, and I am ready to fight for that right, though I am writing on the day on which we celebrate the birth of the Prince of Peace.

Yours very faithfully,
(Signed.) IDA O. TILLMAN.

### INSPECTOR URGED REMOVAL.

#### Representative Clayton, It Is Asserted, Had Nothing to Do with It.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Mrs. Ida O. Tillman was removed as Postmaster at Geneva several weeks ago on the basis of a report by a Post Office Inspector. These reports are held as confidential by the Post Office Department but the Inspector advised removal and the department acted on that recommendation and the facts presented.

Geneva is in the Congressional district of Henry D. Clayton, Chairman of the House Judiciary Committee. It is asserted here that Mr. Clayton had nothing to do with Mrs. Tillman's removal, and only recommended a successor, when asked by the Postmaster General to suggest somebody for the place. Then he urged the appointment of W. K. Kenan, a Democrat with many endorsements.

Mr. Clayton received some letters from Geneva asking for Mrs. Tillman's retention. These he filed with the department, but the Post Office officials decided to adhere to the determination to remove Mrs. Tillman, who is a Republican.

President Wilson sent Mr. Kenan's nomination to the Senate and it was confirmed on Nov. 13. Since President Wilson came into office, about six other Alabama Postmasters have been removed.

### AIDS SUFFRAGE, LEADERS SAY.

#### Such Cases Inevitable, They Assert, Until Women Can Vote.

Leaders in the movement for woman suffrage in this city did not express much surprise yesterday when told of the removal of Mrs. Tillman. They referred to it as "the same old story," and said that the only way for women to protect their rights was to obtain the use of the ballot.

Mrs. James Leeds Laidlaw of 6 East Sixty-sixth Street was one who granted an interview.

"Until we receive information to the contrary we will assume that Mrs. Tillman's statement of facts is true," she said, "and accepting that ground for argument, we have before us nothing that is very surprising. There is nothing very new or original that I can say about it, I am afraid.

"Cases like this simply emphasize the point we make, namely, that women really do need the ballot to protect themselves. You would not find anything like that happening in a State where women have the ballot; on the other hand, it is a very common occurrence where women do not vote.

"But there is a bright side to it: Every case like this helps along the cause of woman suffrage. Every little demonstration, or big demonstration, aids. It cannot help but leave its impression on the public mind.

"I want to repeat that everywhere

Continued on Page 2.

### BUCKNER FOR WALDO'S JOB?

#### Rumor Says He's Mitchel's Choice and Backed by Whitman.

Men in the confidence of John Purroy Mitchel intimated yesterday afternoon that the Mayor-elect practically had determined upon his choice for the next Police Commisioner of New York City, and that he was a young man and a New Yorker. Mr. Mitchel, it was said, had entirely abandoned the idea of selecting an army man for the post. At his home last night Mr. Mitchel declined to discuss his appointments.

It was said, however, by apparently well-informed persons that Emory R. Buckner, the young lawyer who was counsel for the Aldermanic Police Investigation Committee, was being seriously considered for the place, and that District Attorney Charles S. Whitman had recommended Mr. Buckner. Other possibilities are Robert Adamson or Arthur H. Woods.

In spite of the report that Mr. Mitchel had decided not to select a military man for Police Commissioner, friends of Col. Eugene Van C. Lucas, U. S. A., retired Chief Engineer of the National Guard of New York and Chief Consulting Engineer of the Canal Board, said last night that he was still in the race. He is a graduate of West Point and has the backing of Col. George W. Goethals, the Panama Canal Commissioner, and of Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan.

With only three days in which to finish his slate, Mayor-elect Mitchel yesterday plunged into his task with a vigor. He held a number of conferences in his home. Among his conferees were "Big Bill" Edwards, Street Cleaning Commissioner; Montgomery Hare, who is a candidate for Corporation Counsel; George V. Mullan, his law partner, who also is an applicant for that place; Henry Bruere, and Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith.

### DEVERY WANTS HIS JOB BACK

#### Friends Will Ask Mitchel to Make Him Police Head.

Friends of "Big Bill" Devery at Far Rockaway announced last night that a committee representing citizens in all five boroughs of the city would call upon Mayor-elect Mitchel to-day and urge him to appoint Devery Police Commissioner. A member of the committee explained that it would suggest to Mr. Mitchel that the ex-Chief of Police was much misrepresented and misunderstood, and that there was practically no crime under his administration of the Police Department. Mr. Mitchel will be told that in Devery's régime only fourteen "hold-ups" occurred in four years, and that in each instance the thief was apprehended and convicted. Only one safe was "cracked" in that period in the city, and out of 900 homicides all but ten of the slayers were apprehended. Six of the ten who escaped arrest were arrested later for other crimes in Italy and sentenced to life imprisonment in Italian courts. Devery said last night:

"Sure, that's the right dope. The records of the department are behind me. I can clean up the town. I done it before, and the books show it. What's the use of kiddin' about police business? What New York wants as a Police Commissioner is a regular cop. You wouldn't go to a barber to get your shoes soled, would you? Every man to his trade, an' believe me, son, I know mine."

### BANKERS FIGHT A FIRE.

#### The Dominicks Hold Flames in Check in Basement of Their Home.

Bayard Dominick and his son, Bayard Dominick, Jr., both bankers of 115 Broadway, and Directors in half a dozen corporations, armed with fire extinguishers and assisted by servants with water buckets, held a fire in check in the basement of Mr. Dominick's home at 22 West Fifty-first Street at noon yesterday until the firemen arrived and extinguished the flames. The hair and eyebrows of the Dominicks were singed by the flames, but they were not hurt seriously.

The fire was discovered by the cook, who was going through the laundry in the basement. It was not known how the fire started, but when the cook gave the alarm and Mr. Dominick and his son ran into the basement with extinguishers, they found some kindling wood blazing briskly. At first they thought it would be possible to put the fire out with extinguishers and buckets of water, or to confine it to the pile of kindling wood, but, suddenly, Mr. Dominick said, the floor was flooded with what appeared to be burning oil, and he was driven back by the flames.

Meanwhile, servants had run into the street, crying "Fire," and this caused much excitement among those on their way to St. Patrick's Cathedral and neighboring churches. Some one turned in a fire alarm, and Engine Company 8 responded, with Capt. Donovan in charge. The firemen ran lines of hose through a door leading to the basement. The Fire Captain treated the burns of the banker and his son. The flames did little damage.

### ROCKEFELLER ON PEACE.

#### World Growing Better and Spirit of Good Will Spreading, He Says.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CLEVELAND, Dec. 28.—The world is growing better, according to John D. Rockefeller, and 1913 marks an epoch toward world peace, in his opinion. Happy and glowing with health, he voiced his opinions this morning in an interview after church.

"I am thankful I am alive and healthy at 74, and to know a spirit has been awakened among men and nations to make the world grow better," he said. "We should be happy to feel that the Church has kept singular pace with the world, industrially and socially, particularly in our own country. It was intended as a guide for men and women. Worldly attractions have increased its burdens of work, but they have not halted its progress. We should all be thankful.

"The purses of civilized nations have been opened generously in response to the needs of the poor, which is another notable evidence in the outgoing year that the spirit of good-will is destined to be world wide. A spirit of international amity has gained control of right-thinging men, having as its aim the building of a peace melting pot for nations of the world."

Mrs. Prentice of New York, Mr. Rockefeller's daughter, accompanied him to church.

### GIRL HIT BY STONE DIES.

#### Two Men Held in Jail Pending Coroner's Inquest.

*Special to The New York Times.*

HACKENSACK, N. J., Dec. 28.—Mary Ziarizo, the 17-year-old girl who was hit on the head by a large stone on Christmas Eve while on her way to her home on Hoffman Lane, Cliffside, near here, died this morning in the North Hudson Hospital. Spinal meningitis developed yesterday. County Detective W. V. A. Blauvelt of Hackensack was unable to get a statement from the girl, as she was unconscious from the time of the accident. Her skull was fractured by the stone, and her nose and cheekbone broken.

Henry Groboskie and Patrick O'Brien of Cliffside are prisoners in the Hackensack jail, charged with the attack on the girl. Whether the stone that hit her was intended for her is not known.

**WINCARNIS, The Wine of Life.**

For those who are not fit and want to be. A pure natural wine combined with Extract of Beef and Malt.—Adv.

## EXCLUDE BANKER FOR BLOODLESS DUEL

### Emil Zerkowitz Taken from the Campania for Inquiry on Ellis Island.

### HE FOUGHT SPIRNITZER

### But Both Men Fired In the Air—Quarrel Grew Out of Founding a Bank Here.

Emil Zerkowitz, chief of the American department of the Credit Bank of Hungary, at Budapest, also general agent for the Austro-American Steamship Company in that city, and an editorial writer on the Magyar Hirlap, one of the leading Hungarian newspapers, was detained yesterday when he arrived from Liverpool on the Campania, and taken to Ellis Island. Later in the afternoon he was summoned before the Board of Special Inquiry, and ordered deported on the ground that he had committed an act involving moral turpitude in fighting a duel at Budapest on Dec. 2 with Julius Spirnitzer, President of the Transatlantic Trust Company of 67 William Street, who is now on his way to New York.

Mr. Zerkowitz admitted that he had fought a duel in Budapest, in which two shots had been fired in the air, over a long-standing dispute which began in this city. The duellists separated without shaking hands. He told the members of the board that his return passage was booked on the Lusitania, which sails from New York on Jan. 14. He was not an American, he pointed out, and it was not a crime to fight duels in Hungary. Any man who refused to fight after being challenged would be ostracised, he said.

After hearing the decision of the board to exclude him, Mr. Zerkowitz filed an appeal to the Secretary of Labor at Washington and a delegation of Hungarians went to Washington last night to put the facts before that official. Alexander Konta and other prominent Hungarians in New York sent telegrams to the Secretary of Labor last night protesting at the exclusion of Mr. Zerkowitz.

It was said last night that the complaint made against him was made to the immigration officials by Marcus Braun, and some members of the Hungarian colony asserted that it was ridiculous to deport a man for taking part in a duel in which no one was hurt and both contestants fired in the air.

Baron Bela Hazai, son of Field Marshal Baron Hazai, Hungarian Minister of War, who was associated with Mr. Zerkowitz in the Credit Bank in Budapest, met the Campania at the pier and accompanied him to Ellis Island.

"He went on the steamer with the immigrants," said Baron Hazai, "but he rode in the pilot house on the upper deck and was treated politely by the crew of the vessel and the immigration inspector. Mr. Zerkowitz was very much surprised by his detention, and attributed it to spite."

Mr. Zerkowitz came to this country in 1903 as Commissioner of Immigration for Hungary and was a daily visitor at Ellis Island, where he is now detained. He was in New York two years before Julius Spirnitzer arrived, and assisted in the preliminary work of the formation of the Transatlantic Trust Company, which is a bank recognized by the Austro-Hungarian Government for the benefit of immigrants. When the bank was opened Mr. Zerkowitz, it was said, was disappointed because he was not appointed one of the Directors. This was the origin of the trouble between him and Mr. Spirnowitz, which culminated in the duel on Dec. 2.

As one of the officials of the Credit Bank in Budapest Mr. Zerkowitz has charge of the American department, which brought him into frequent communication with the Transatlantic Trust Company. The Austro-Hungarian Consul General, Mr. de Nuber, is a friend of the head of the trust company, and the Hungarians in the city are wondering what steps he will take to-day to have Mr. Zerkowitz liberated.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—No appeal in the case of Emil Zerkowitz, the Hungarian banker who is held at Ellis Island, had been received by the authorities here to-night, but Acting Commissioner of Immigration F. H. Larned said the papers would arrive at the Department of Labor to-morrow, probably.

Mr. Larned said that to his knowledge there was no provision in the Federal statutes which barred an immigrant from the United States merely because he had engaged in a duel. The act itself would, in Mr. Larned's opinion, not be sufficient ground for the issuance of a deportation order unless the question of moral turpitude was involved in the quarrel which led to the duel.

### MISS BRANCE SLIPS AWAY.

#### Leaves Monticello After Midnight—Supposed to Have Gone Up-State.

*Special to The New York Times.*

MONTICELLO, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Adelaide M. Brance has gone from Monticello, where she lived so long in secret in the office of the late Melvin H. Couch. She was smuggled out of the county jail early this morning, taken by a liveryman to a near-by railroad station, and started on her way to Liberty, whence she probably went on up-State. It is supposed here that she is in communication with her half-brother, Herbert O. Brance, Postmaster at Hartwick.

Monticello is unaffectedly glad to have her gone. As the shock of last Sunday's tragedy has worn away, the villagers—not a few of them—have been moved to vigorous denunciation of the "hidden woman." As the week drew to a close, some of the taxpayers began to realize that this woman, against whom no charge stood, was being lodged at their expense at the county jail. With the Sabbath leisure at their disposal, some of the leading citizens said to-day that had not Miss Brance slipped out of town when she did, they would have felt obliged to ask for an investigation into the method of meeting the expenses of her visit in the jail.

The same unfriendly attitude made it impossible for Miss Brance to dispose of her two mortgages, amounting to $650. A man who volunteered to dispose of them for her gave up in despair, for he knew his Monticello well enough to realize, after a few attempts, that none of the villagers would care to be known as holding any mortgages which once had been held by Adelaide Brance. So when she went this morning she took her mortgages with her. She left after assuring the Sheriff that she would go to the almshouse before she would accept any of the various tempting theatrical offers made to her.

#### Latest Shipping News.

BY MARCONI WIRELESS—SS Finland, (Red Star Line,) Antwerp to New York, was 333 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 10 P. M.; due 30th, forenoon. SS Mesaba, (Atlantic Transport Line,) London to New York, was 193 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 3 P. M.; due 29th, forenoon.

No New Year's dinner complete without ANGOSTURA BITTERS. Delicious appetizer and tonic.—Adv.

**French Writer Breaks Precedent by Assailing American Women.**

No matter what his countrymen say about our men, they almost invariably laud our fair sex, but this one does nothing of the sort. Read his diatribes in

NEXT SUNDAY'S NEW YORK TIMES.

## NORDICA IN WRECK OF DUTCH STEAMER

### Ex-Gov. Adams of Colorado and T. G. Stallsmith, Fair Commissioners, Also on the Tasman.

BRISBANE, Australia, Dec. 28.—The Dutch steamer Tasman is ashore on Bramble Cay, Gulf of Papua, according to a wireless message to Thursday Island. The Tasman is in a dangerous position, and steamers have been dispatched to her assistance.

The Tasman carries many passengers, including Mme. Nordica, the singer, and Alva Adams, ex-Governor of Colorado, and Thomas C. Stallsmith of California, Commissioners of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, who have been touring Australia in the interests of the exposition.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 28.—Officials of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to-day received a cablegram from the members of the commission on the disable steamship Tasman, which read:

"Tasman on rock, likely to be got off. All well."

All four members of the commission, who were appointed by Secretary Bryan to represent the United States Government on this trip through Australia, Java, and other countries, are thought by the exposition officials to be aboard the steamer reported ashore in Bramble Bay, Gulf of Papua.

Alva Adams, a former Governor of Colorado, is Chairman of the commission. Mr. Stallsmith, in addition to being a Commissioner, is also Chief of Agriculture of the exposition. Both are accompanied by their wives.

The other Commissioners are O'Neil Seiver, a New York newspaper man, and Major Sidney A. Cloman, U. S. A. Mrs. Cloman is with her husband. Major Cloman is chief of the exposition military bureau. The party left San Francisco in September.

The latest news of the steamship Tasman was that she sailed from Sydney, Australia, on Oct. 14 with passengers, mails and freight for Batavia, calling at Brisbane and other way ports and was evidently on her return voyage to Sydney when she struck on the reef.

The Tasman is a steel steamship of 5,023 tonnage, and was built in 1912 for the Royal Netherlands Mail Steamship Company, and was commanded by Capt. Croef. She was equipped with twin screw triple expansion engines and fitted for burning oil fuel. She had wireless apparatus.

The Gulf of Papua is a deep indentation in the South of Papua, the island in the Pacific which is better known as New Guinea. It is full of small islands and coral reefs, on which several steamers have been wrecked in the last twenty-five years on voyages to or from Torres Straits. The principal port in Papua is Port Moresby.

The natives who live in the mountains are peaceful, but those along the coast are more savage, and in some districts they are cannibals.

### CENSOR FOR TANGO.

#### Pittsfield Mayor to Have One at Charity Ball To-night.

*Special to The New York Times.*

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Dec. 28.—Mayor Patrick J. Moore has caused a sensation in Pittsfield by announcing that he will appoint a censor for the charity ball in aid of the House of Mercy Hospital to-morrow night, and that any dance which does not meet the approval of the censor will be forbidden.

Miss Juliana Cutting of New York is sending Miss Margaret Hawksworth and Joseph Smith of New York to Pittsfield to demonstrate the tango and other dances as given in New York society.

Mayor Moore says he will be present at the dance. He announces that no vulgarity shall enter into public dances in this city in his administration, and that he is opposed to all the "loop the loop" dances. For this reason there will be no ball to inaugurate his re-election.

The committee for the charity ball is composed of prominent women of Pittsfield. Mrs. Fred G. Crane, Mrs. Winthrop M. Crane, Jr., Miss Edith Bartlett, Mrs. William Pollock of New York, and Mrs Charles L. Hibbard, Mrs. Zenas Crane, Mrs. James D. Colt, Mrs. James W. Hull, and Mrs. Edward T. Slocum are members of other committees.

### WORK FOR ALL IN CALIFORNIA

#### San Francisco Puts Unemployed on Streets—Other Cities Follow.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 28.—Except in the Far Northwest the problem of the unemployed on the Pacific Coast seemed well in hand to-night. Local officials said it had been solved in the only possible way—by providing employment at fair wages for those who wanted it.

The system of free feeding temporarily adopted in San Francisco in preference to allowing needy workmen to starve will be replaced to-morrow morning by furnishing work to every applicant. Part of this scheme went into efffect to-day, and in back streets uncleaned for years the cobblestones were as clean as they ever are likely to be.

Under a city ordinance the minimum wage is $3 a day.

Harry R. Begart, Superintendent of the City's Co-operative Employment Bureau, predicted that by adhering to the plan of providing every applicant with work, the situation would clear itself in a few days. Other coast cities are adopting the same plan.

### NEW SOUTH SEA ISLAND.

#### Rises in Hebrides Group Following Ambrim Volcanic Upheaval.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—The French Commissioner Resident of the New Hebrides reports that it is now possible to approach Ambrim Island, where a series of volcanic upheavals recently occurred. On Dec. 24, however, cinders were still falling and lava was streaming down the mountain sides.

The Commissioner also reports that in addition to many changes in the coast line, a small island has sprung up off Dip Point, on the western coast.

## SHACKLETON PLANS TO CROSS ANTARCTIC

### He Will Set Out Next Year to Traverse the Frozen Continent from Sea to Sea.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Monday, Dec. 29.—It is now announced that Sir Ernest Shackleton will lead a new expedition to the south pole next year.

The explorer on several occasions has recently expressed the hope of undertaking another antarctic venture, but owing to the great expense involved, there was some uncertainty regarding the possibility of starting in the immediate future.

The first intimation of this important decision is made in the following letter Sir Ernest Shackleton has written to The Times:

"It has been an open secret for some time past that I am desirous of leading another expedition to south polar regions. I am glad now to be able to state that through the generosity of a friend I can announce that the expedition will start next year with the object of crossing the south polar continent from sea to sea.

"I have taken the liberty of calling the expedition the 'Imperial Transantarctic Expedition,' because I feel not only that the people of these islands, but our kinsmen in all lands under the Union Jack, will be willing to assist toward carrying out the full programme of the exploration to which my comrades and myself are pledged."

Sir Ernest Shackleton will start from a South America port with the object of crossing the south polar regions, returning via New Zealand.

### ANGLERS LAND AT 3 A. M.

#### Mishap to Taurus Delays Their Return to Port.

The steamboat Taurus of the Iron Steamboat Company, which broke down on Saturday night while returning from the Fishing Banks with 105 anglers, arrived at Pier 1, North River, at 3 o'clock yesterday morning in tow of the tugboats Commissioner and Flannery.

Capt. Nelson B. Allen of the Taurus said that the steamboat was within three miles of the Fishing Banks, about 11 o'clock Saturday morning, when the connecting rod of the walking beam broke. The engines were stopped and Capt. Allen hoisted a distress signal. There were few women among the passengers.

The Taurus drifted until 5 o'clock, and was then close to the Sandy Hook Lightship. Some men from the lightship put off in a motor launch and came alongside. Then the wireless operator of the pilot boat New Jersey was notified and he sent a message to the Iron Steamboat Company. The strong tide and wind delayed the return to port. There was no fright among the fishermen on board the Taurus, all of whom were seasoned anglers.

### NOTIFY 7,500 BANKS TO-DAY.

#### Treasury to Mail Them Details of Currency Law Requirements.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Copies of the Federal Reserve act, the resolution to be adopted by banks which wish to enter the system, and the blank drawn by the Organization Committee for use of applicants for membership will be mailed to-morrow to every national bank in the United States.

There are 7,500 national banks, and since the time limit for their entrance into the system is set by Congress at sixty days, Treasury officials will bend all their energies to give them this formal notification of the enactment of the law. The other 35,000 banks in the United States will be notified as soon as the national bank list has been completed. There is no time limit upon the latter banks.

The preparations of 7,500 letters for mailing by to-morrow night will tax the resources of the Treasury Department. A special force will be put to work early in the day, to finish the task by nightfall.

Scores of telegrams from banks applying for membership continued to-day to reach the Treasury.

### TAXI SCARES FIFTH AVE.

#### Zigzagging, It Makes Express Train Speed—Chauffeur Arrested.

A taxicab in charge of George Davidson, 28 years old, of 186 East Ninety-third Street, ran down Fifth avenue last night from Ninety-sixth Street to Fifty-ninth Street at a speed estimated by witnesses at forty miles an hour. Outside the Hotel Plaza a traffic policeman jumped in front of the car and Davidson stopped to avoid running him down. Then the chauffeur was placed under arrest, accused of intoxication and of reckless driving.

The taxicab was followed down Fifth Avenue by a touring car driven by Henry Rubenstein of 178 Essex Street. Rubenstein called Patrolman St. Angelo at Sixty-seventh Street and with him as a passenger tried to get abreast of the taxicab. The taxi zigzagged across the street and Rubenstein was forced to slow down to avoid collision. He honked his horn to warn other vehicles and pedestrians. No one was due to this, it is thought, that nobody was injured.

The taxicab and the pursuing auto narrowly averted a collision with crosstown cars at Fifty-ninth Street.

### MINE SIGNALS BY WIRELESS.

#### German Invention Sends Warnings from Underground to Pit Mouth.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 28.—A mining engineer at Bochum has invented a successful wireless apparatus for signaling on the imminence or the actual outbreak of perilous conditions inside a coal mine to the station at the pit mouth.

## WOMAN SAVES THREE DROWNING CHILDREN

### Four Had Fallen Through Thin Ice at Harrison, N. J., and She Heard Their Cries.

### RUNS FROM AUTO TO RESCUE

### Fishes Them Out One by One and Goes Away Without Giving Her Name—Body of Fourth Found.

*Special to The New York Times.*

HARRISON, N. J., Dec. 28.—Ethel and Minnie Krough, the nine and eleven year-old daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Krough of 82 Woodland Avenue, Kearny, started for Sunday School at the First Baptist Church at Harrison this afternoon after promising their parents that they would keep away from the "frog pond." The "frog pond" is a pool about 30 feet long and 20 feet wide near the foot of Hamilton Street in Harrison. It has an evil reputation, because a number of children have been drowned in it, most of them while playing on the ice when it was thinly frozen over.

After Sunday School the two little girls made up their minds that they would go by the "frog pond." On the way they were joined by Sarah Watson, 12 years old, of 25 Davis Street, and Mark Hogan, 9 years old, of 129 Hull Street. Mark tested the ice at the edge of the pond with the toe of his shoe and pronounced it solid. Then all the children ran out on it.

They had joined hands and started to dance a ring-around-the-rosy when the ice broke. All four children went under water, but only three came up. The three screamed and struggled furiously, and, although none of them could swim, they were able to get their hands on the rim of ice that remained around the edge of the pool and support themselves.

A woman who was driving a closed electric automobile along Hamilton Street heard their cries, and, stopping her machine, ran to the pool. She took off a long fur coat and threw the skirt toward the children, while she held on by the sleeves. The coat was too short, and the woman, who did not dare to set foot on the ice, ran back to the road, looking for a plank. She found a rope in front of the New Jersey Tube Works, about 40 feet from the pool, and then pulled a board out of a half-rotten fence at one side of the street. With these she returned to the pool.

The children, exhausted and nearly frozen, were on the point of giving up the struggle. At her promise to save them, however, they took courage, and renewed their holds on the slippery edge of the ice.

The woman laid the plank partly on the bank and partly on the ice and then threw the rope toward Ethel. The little girl caught it and was drawn out of the water and along the ice until she could climb on the board. While Ethel was crawling along the board the woman fished Sarah Watson out of the water. Mark came next, and in rescuing him she had the aid of Margaret Walsh, who came running to the pond when she saw what was happening from the window of her home a shore distance away.

When several others joined them Miss Walsh asked to have the children carried to her house. The children, with teeth chattering and blue with cold, had been picked up and the party was on the way to the Walsh home when Ethel noticed for the first time that her sister was missing, and began to scream that Minnie was still in the pond.

While the three freezing children were being cared for others of the party began a search for Minnie. Dennis Rosin, 18 years old, plunged into the pool, and after several tense times came up with the little girl's body. Meantime a policeman had sent for the pulmotor of the Public Service Commission, and this was used for nearly an hour before hope of saving the child was given up.

The other children were put to bed in the Walsh home. The man who carried the news to the Krough home arrived just when the five other Krough children were pleading to have the Christmas tree lighted up, and Mrs. Krough was advising them to wait until Ethel and Minnie returned.

The woman who saved the three children waited until they were safely in bed in the Walsh home, and then drove away without giving her name.

### MAPS EARTH'S MAGNETISM.

#### Yacht Carnegie Has Completed Two-Thirds of Magnetic Survey of Globe.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—When the non-magnetic Yacht Carnegie dropped anchor at Brooklyn, Dec. 19, after a voyage of more than three years, the great task undertaken by the Carnegie Institution eight years ago to make a magnetic survey of the globe was two-thirds accomplished. Already virtually all of the data gathered in nearly 150,000 miles of voyaging is in the hands of hydrographers, and much of it is now in use by shipmasters of the seven seas.

Prof. L. A. Bauer, Director of the department of terrestrial magnetism at the institution, who originated the project for the survey, made public his report for 1913. It includes the data of the recent voyage of the Carnegie and a chart showing the wanderings of that vessel. Through every sea where the steamer routes lie the track winds and twists.

Compass readings were taken every 200 miles or so, and in every part of the world the accuracy of the instruments was tested by "swinging the ship," and passing her through the circle of the compass card to prove the correctness of the readings.

All inaccuracies of navigation compass points have been noted on the ship's charts, and the institution can now furnish to shipmasters in virtually every part of the world true compass readings, with which their own instruments may be checked.

In addition to the task of magnetic survey, the observers aboard the Carnegie gathered information as to atmospheric refraction and expect soon to furnish to navigators a complete chart of corrections for astronomical observations, eliminating another factor of error in navigation.

### A CARUSO HELD FOR ARSON.

#### William's House Is Saved and He Is Arrested.

PATERSON, N. J., Dec. 28.—William Caruso, who says he is a cousin of Enrico Caruso, the tenor, was placed under arrest to-day and will be charged with arson to-morrow morning in court. While Caruso and his family were away last night, his home at 115 Paterson Avenue took fire. It was discovered in time and saved.

Investigation by Detectives De Lucca, Elvin, and Cloan revealed that oil-soaked ropes had been hung between the beams in the walls from the attic to the cellar. At both floors other ropes had been tied to these, and then holes bored in the wall and the ropes laid out over beds and couches. Throughout the house oil and gasoline had been poured. If it had not been that the fire was discovered nearly as soon as it started the entire building and adjoining flat houses would have been destroyed, with possible loss of life, as it was shortly before midnight, and every one was in bed.

The best sanitary cups for offices are "Lily" Cups, made by the Public Service Cup Co., B'klyn.—Adv.

### SEMINOLE IN A STORM.

#### Giant Seas Hurl Ten Feet of Heavy Railing Through Her Superstructure.

The Clyde Line steamship Seminole arrived in Quarantine yesterday from Santo Domingo with her port superstructure, including the boat deck, stove in for a distance of fifty feet abaft the bridge. One of her lifeboats had been lifted out of the chocks and smashed against the side of the Captain's house. Capt. John T. Carey said that the Seminole had encountered a gale from the west-southwest on Christmas night, and had shipped some heavy seas on the next morning. He would give no further details, but the canvas covering the smashed cabins was evidence enough of the severity of the storm.

According to the stories told by the passengers, on the morning of Dec. 26 giant seas hit the Seminole, smashing in the windows and the woodwork of the cabins on the port side, flooding the saloon and engine room, and tearing away ten feet of the heavy wooden railing which, flung like a projectile, crashed right through everything until it was stopped by the outer bulkhead of the cabins on the starboard side.

The wind at that time had reached a velocity of ninety miles an hour, it was said, and the Seminole keeled over to starboard nearly 45 degrees and lay there for two or three minutes before she slowly recovered even keel again.

The Seminole had six passengers, including one woman.

### CORSET RAIDS BY POLICE.

#### Berlin Authorities Objected to Life-like Exhibitions in Shops.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Dec. 28.—"Corset raids" are the latest form of police activity in Berlin shops which have been lately displaying cosets on life-size wax female figures. Protests having been made against such exhibitions, shopkeepers made a concession by putting flimy petticoats on the figures.

The Public Prosecutor, however, was not satisfied, and yesterday a number of policemen, in the guise of customers, raided a fashionable shop on the Leipzigerstrasse and seized a particularly lifelike wax model of a young woman which was the subject of attraction to people in the street. The windows are now being secretly photographed by the police, with a view to further action.

### BEACHEY'S SIX-LOOP FEAT.

#### Breaks His Own Record in Flight Over San Francisco Bay.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 28.—Looping the loop six times at a height of 2,500 feet over San Francisco Bay, Lincoln Beachey to-day established another world's aviation record. Christmas Day Beachey looped the loop five times, a record in itself.

Previous to looping the loop to-day Beachey flew upside down.

### MONEY IS SPEAKER'S AIM.

#### Sole Object of Lecturing, He Says—Doesn't Fear Attacks Bryan Got.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 28.—Speaker Clark, asked at the Hotel Bellevue today as to the object of his projected lecture tour, answered:

"Money. Wouldn't lecture if there was no money in it. I am not speaking. I'm lecturing. A man speaks for nothing. A man lectures for money."

"Are you afraid you will get the same brand of publicity that Mr. Bryan received?"

"No, Sir. I am not. I never lecture while Congress is in session."

"You don't belive in doing as Mr. Bryan did?"

"No, Sir. I do not."

"Then you believe he can live on $12,000 a year?"

"Most of us to-day are living on $12,000 aren't we?"

"So you are lecturing simply because of the money there is in it?"

"Yes, Sir. I lost $10,000 in Congress last year."

### BELMONT FINED ON A HUNT.

#### Game Warden Accuses Him of Shooting Deer Without a License.

*Special to The New York Times.*

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 28.—August Belmont, Morgan Belmont and C. Oliver Iselin, Jr., were fined $100 each by the chief game warden of South Carolina for killing deer without a license on Mr. Belmont's hunting preserve in Hampton County. Although Mr. Belmont owns a large estate and pays taxes in South Carolina, the law requires non-residents to obtain licenses before shooting deer in the State.

The game warden visited the Belmont place, seven miles from Garnett, and found Mr. Belmont, his son, and Mr. Iselin in the Savannah River swamps, where they had killed two deer. Mr. Belmont said that carelessness was responsible for his failure to obtain licenses, and he cheerfully gave the warden a check for $300, a fine of $100 for each of the party. He then got four licenses at $10.25 each. The fourth license is for Count Vail-Castel, who arrived to-day.

### FRISCO DROPS TELEGRAPH.

#### Dismisses 400 Operators and Puts In Telephones on Eve of Strike.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Dec. 28.—In anticipation of the strike of 1,100 telegraphers employed on its lines, which in all probability will be called to-morrow, the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad to-night laid off 400 telegraphers and began to transform its telegraph lines into a telephone system for railroad communication.

This action laid bare the company's plans for resisting a strike, to the amazement of the telegraphers. The removal of all telegraph instruments from the company's offices began at noon to-day, and it is expected to be completed before the strike can be decided.

To-morrow telephone operators will replace the telegraph operators. The threatened strike will be forestalled by what practically amounts to a lockout.

According to E. D. Levy, General Manager of the road, every five miles of the Frisco's wires will be guarded by a man day and night. At all points where it is necessary to give orders to trains he said a Deputy United States Marshal would be on duty to protect the operator.

**"THE BILL IS SOUND," THE BANKER SAID.**

And Bryan smiled—he raised his head.
Who fears no Wall Street grubber?
"The tap-root of our coin," said He,
"Our country's character shall be—
'Strength, hid in elasticity,'
And Altogether Rubber!"

Pouch holds pipe and tobacco. At Schulte's.—Adv.

## ANGLO-GERMAN WAR ON OUR TRADE

### Anti-Exposition Entente Said to be Only Part of a Secret Assault

### TO OFFSET CANAL OPENING

### Checking of American Commercial Influence in South America Alleged to be the Main Purpose.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—According to information that comes to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent from a well-informed and reliable source, the understanding between Great Britain and Germany for non-participation in the Panama-Pacific Exposition has a broader and deeper significance than heretofore has appeared. It is asserted—and there are circumstances that seem to bear out the statement—that the British-German understanding extends to opposition to financial and commercial activities of the United States, particularly in South America.

Information has been received here from Europe and South America, the sources of which THE TIMES correspondent is not at liberty to disclose, that the opposition of Great Britain and Germany to the extension of American interests in foreign countries is becoming apparent in many ways.

Much perplexity has been caused by the refusal of the German Government to consent to official participation in the San Francisco Exposition when the press and business classes are practically unanimously in favor of it. In the British Isles, where the effort to have the Government take part in the Exposition is wid

# MARKS MAKES FEW CHANGES IN OFFICE

### Borough President-Elect Retains Principal Incumbents of McAneny's Administration.

### RALPH FOLKS GETS A PLACE

### Is Selected as New Borough Secretary — Real Merit, Marks Says, Only Will Bring Men to Front.

Marcus M. Marks, the Borough President-elect of Manhattan, made public the more important of his appointments yesterday. Almost without exception the executives now in charge of the borough's business have been retained in office. The newcomers into the President's official family are those who will be associated with him personally to a certain extent. The retiring President, George McAneny, who was elected to the Presidency of the Board of Aldermen, has retained his personal staff for his new office.

The reappointment of the borough executives was for the most part expected. Mr. Marks said during the campaign that it would be his policy to retain in office men who had given to the city satisfactory service and were able to show an efficient and capable administration of the work for which they were held responsible. The new appointees are men whom the Borough President-elect named because of what he considered their manifest capabilities for the offices for which they were chosen. These are his appointments:

Commissioner of Public Works — E. V. FROTHINGHAM.

Assistant Commissioner Public Works—W. R. PATTERSON.

Consulting Engineer—E. P. GOODRICH.

Superintendent Bureau of Buildings—RUDOLPH J. MILLER.

Secretary of the Borough — Alderman RALPH FOLKS.

Secretary to the President—NAT OLDS.

Confidential Stenographer to the President —LYMAN R. YOUNG.

The new appointees are Alderman Folks, Mr. Olds, and Mr. Young. The members of the present staff of the Superintendent of Buildings also have been retained. The Borough President's headquarters will be in the new Municipal Building.

On New Year's Day, at noon, President-elect Marks will receive with President McAneny in the City Hall. Mr. Marks was sworn in on Friday, Dec. 20, before Supreme Court Justice Seabury. Regarding his policies for the next four years he said yesterday:

"In entering upon my duties as Borough President it would show poor judgment to outline any specific programme. There are many things to be done, but it would be futile to say what they are, or to promise that they will be accomplished promptly, with all the celerity of a well-systematized business organization.

"Since my election I have applied myself to the study of the needs of the borough. It has been my good fortune to be led into the inner circles of the borough's business through the courtesy of my worthy predecessor, Mr. McAneny. The workings of the great plant have been opened and its thousand and one activities laid before my eyes. After becoming familiar with all the details of the work I shall have something definite and specific to say. There are some projects to which I shall give particular attention, among them the market problems of our city. There is vast room for improvement in the facilities for food distribution in the congested districts of the masses. I hope I did do some good constructive work here.

"In the city's business, as in private employment, it is not influence or the whispered word, but real merit, that brings a man to the front rank. Never has the time been so ripe as it is to-day for the injection of business methods, the merit system, and efficiency into all lines of work. There is something in the air that heralds a better day for all concerned.

"As I enter the office of Borough President, I do so with full realization of its tremendous responsibilities and the great opportunity for service which it offers. Four years of hard work lie before me. In choosing the men who will be associated with me, my only aim has been to get the very best man for each position. The present officials who are expert in their work, and have done it with credit and efficiency, I shall gladly retain. The few vacancies that will occur due to promotions and the departure of the personal staff of the retiring Borough President, be filled with men singled out on account of their special fitness for the service, on the basis of merit and merit only. They will be engaged to serve Manhattan as they would have been sought to serve in a private business.

"During the campaign I urged to impress upon the people that, if elected, my office would be conducted in a businesslike manner, as a great business should be. I shall strive to redeem this pledge. To do this best I must proceed with my work until I am absolutely certain of my position, and only then speak definitely to the people."

### DON'T LIKE MITCHEL'S SLATE.

### Independent Democrats and Progressives Feel Slighted.

Much dissatisfaction was apparent yesterday among independent Democrats and members of the Bull Moose party at the list of appointees to the Cabinet of Mayor-elect Mitchel. There is a strong belief that the Progressive Party and the anti-Tammany Democracy of the city will receive scant recognition in the way of offices.

The Bull Moose leaders yesterday were displeased by the announcement that John A. Kingsbury, who has been Superintendent of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, was to be Commissioner of the Department of Charities. One Progressive leader, who is a member of the Board of Directors of the association, commented bitterly because Mr. Kingsbury in his letter of resignation said to the Directors:

"It breaks my heart to give up my present work which I love so much, but the call of Mayor Mitchel is too strong."

"It is rather inconsistent for a man to speak of a breaking heart when he has been breaking his neck to get the office to which he alludes," this leader said. "If the Mayor-elect desires to recognize the Progressive Party in his appointments why does he not name a New York City Progressive like Prof. Lindsay of Columbia University. It is not necessary for him to go to Yonkers, where Mr. Kingsbury lives. Of course, Mr. Hotchkiss, who did so much for Mr. Mitchel in the Committee of 457, lives in Westchester and is not a voter in New York City, so I suppose that the appointment is not so inconsistent as it appears."

One of the most prominent leaders of the independent Democracy in New York County, said last night:

"It is hardly creditable for Mr. Mitchel to ignore the men of his own party who waged an unselfish and patriotic battle against the machine in his behalf and who with proper encouragement are prepared to destroy Tammany Hall for all time to come."

### BARNES TO ASSEMBLYMEN.

### Republicans Should Make No Deals at Albany, He Says.

William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee, was unperturbed last night at the announcement that the Democrats and Progressives in the next Assembly had fused upon the selection of Michael Schaap, a New York Progressive, for Speaker. Mr. Barnes, at the Republican State headquarters in West Thirty-ninth Street last night, said:

"There is nothing astonishing in such an alliance. The attempted combination in the Fall of 1913, between the Democratic and Progressive Parties on the same candidate for Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals, only fell through at the last moment. Combinations of Democrats and Progressives all over the State, to defeat the Republican candidates for member of Assembly were made in 1913. Therefore there is no reason why, now that the Republican Party has won the responsibility by the election of a Republican majority in the Assembly, that the elements opposed to the Republican Party should not combine to impede its progress.

"The Republicans have elected a clean-cut majority to the lower branch of the Legislature. It is the unquestioned duty of that majority to convene, and thereupon determine its course of action. It is not the function, nor is it within the power, of any man in the Republican Party to control the action of that caucus, but that that body should meet and take the responsibility which the people have placed upon it, as a party responsibility, regardless of the minority, is clear. For it to take any other position would be an indication of party cowardice, betraying the responsibilities which the people have placed upon it.

"These things are certain: That the Democratic administration at Albany will do all in its power to prevent a Republican organization of the Assembly; that the people did not elect a Republican Assembly to have it organized through the agency of Speaker Smith and the Tammany members; that the alliance of the Democrats and the Progressives cannot organize the House without Republican votes; therefore, if the Republican members are wise, they will heed the admonition of George Washington, and avoid 'entangling alliances,' that the Republican Party through the next Assembly may demonstrate its capacity for orderly government, and exercise its veto power upon the Democratic Governor and the Democratic Senate."

### Urge Moss for Police Commissioner.

Four hundred merchants and business men of the east side yesterday attended a meeting held under the auspices of the East Side Protective Association at 1 Avenue B, for the purpose of urging upon Mayor-elect Mitchel the appointment of Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss as Police Commissioner. A letter urging the appointment of Mr. Moss was drafted at the meeting, and will be submitted to Mr. Mitchel tonight at his home by a committee representing the association.

### WORK ON McCANN LETTERS.

### Chauffeur Who Fell Into Trap Held in $5,000 and Put in Jail.

Alvin Claude Simmons, the young chauffeur who was arrested on Saturday in Brooklyn, was arraigned yesterday in the Fifth Avenue Court on a charge of having attempted to extort $2,000 from the family of Jessie Evelyn McCann, the girl who has been missing from her home in Flatbush since Dec. 4. The examination will be held tomorrow and in default of the $5,000 bail fixed by Magistrate Reynolds, Simmons was locked up in the Raymond Street Jail.

The trap into which Simmons fell on Saturday morning was set on the receipt of a second letter from an anonymous writer, in which the McCanns were told that if they would give $2,000 the release of the missing girl forthwith would be made possible. The writer pictured her as held by a gang for ransom, and, it was learned yesterday, added to the second letter a reproach to the father as a man who thought more of $2,000 than the safety of his daughter. The writer said that the girl herself had refused to believe the family had paid no attention to the first letter.

The police have been going over such fragments of Simmons's handwriting as they could find, particularly his records on the books and slips of the Flatbush Avenue Taxicab Company.

Robert G. McCann, Jr., the brother of Jessie, said last night that the two letters demanding the $2,000 were only two out of five hundred letters the family had received. On these two the father had chosen to act. Young McCann said he believed Simmons was an innocent go-between picked by chance by the extortionist himself, and, furthermore, that no such gang was holding his sister in captivity. He added, however, that he had no real reason for disbelieving the story of such captivity.

Simmons was arrested when his taxicab drew up at Thirty-second Street and Fourth Avenue, fixed by the second letter as the place here the money should be turned over. The police are doing their best to break down his story that he came to the place merely as a messenger from a strange man who had introduced himself as Ford, and had directed him to get a certain package from some one he would find waiting him at that corner.

Ford, Simmons said, had met him in front of the Montauk Bank, at Fifth Avenue and Union Street, whither he had gone in response to the call from Ford sent in to the Taxicab Company. Now, the drive from the Montauk Bank to the place where Simmons was arrested is a good two miles, and the taximeter registered only forty cents. Busby asked the young prisoner to explain that, which he did without hesitation.

He said he had turned the flag down when he first set off on Ford's errand, but that as he drove along he remembered that the man had looked rather frayed and threadbare, and that his shoes, particularly, had a battered look which suggested that the fare might not be forthcoming. Simmons said that with visions of having to pay the charge himself to make good with his company, he had turned the flag up again lest it register too high a figure.

### MRS. LILLIE BLAKE DYING.

### Physician Holds Out No Hope for Suffrage Pioneer.

Mrs. Lillie Devereux Blake, a pioneer in the cause of woman suffrage in America, was dying last night at Lynwood Lodge, a sanitarium in Englewood, N. J., and the physician in charge of her case said she would not live twenty-four hours. For more than three years Mrs. Blake, who was born eighty years ago, had been confined to the sanitarium, greatly enfeebled physically and mentally, and then two weeks ago she fell and broke her hip.

A woman of distinguished ancestry, Mrs. Blake was long known the country over as a champion of women's rights. She appeared in her day before committees of both branches of Congress and before committees of the Legislatures of many States. For eleven years she was the President of the New York State Woman Suffrage Association and for fourteen years she was the President of the New York City Woman Suffrage Association. She organized the National Legislative League, was President at one time of the New York City Legislative League and was for several years the President of the New York City Mothers' Club.

She was a prolific writer of novels, short stories and papers and her feminist tendency of thought was shown so long ago as 1874 when her last novel, "Fettered for Life," appeared. She was a Washington correspondent of The Evening Post during the Civil War.

Mrs. Blake was born in Raleigh, N. C., a descendant of the Rev. Samuel Johnson, first President of King's College and rector of Trinity; of William S. Johnson, first United States Senator from Connecticut, and of Jonathan Edwards. Her first husband was Frank G. Q. Umsted, who died in 1859, four years after their marriage. In 1866 she was married to Grinfill Blake, a New York merchant.

Mrs. Blake's daughters are Mrs. John Beverley Robinson of St. Louis and Katherine Devereaux Blake, Principal of Public School 5 of this city.

### Dies in Street from a Hemorrhage.

The body of a man who was identified as William J. Kerr of 1,012 Olmstead Avenue, the Bronx, was found at 8:30 o'clock yesterday morning at the bottom of an embankment on the north side of Tremont Avenue in the Bronx, near the tracks of the New Haven Railroad. He had suffered from tuberculosis, and died from a hemorrhage.

Special Automobile Section, THE NEW YORK TIMES, next Sunday. Owners and prospective owners should order copies in advance. Latest news from the automobile world. Models for 1914. History of the Car. Attractive trips. Up-to-date improvements. Most practical and interesting Automobile section.—Adv.

# TAMMANY PREPARES LIST OF ITS LOSSES

### Four District Leaders Among the Office Holders Who Will Be Dropped by Mitchel.

### SHERIFF'S STAFF TO GO

### Tiger Hit Harder in This Department Than in Any Other—Gaynor Had Cut Wigwam's Patronage.

Tammany leaders have been busy in the last few days figuring out just how hard they were hit, from a patronage standpoint, by the election of the Fusion ticket last November. In the Gaynor administration the jobs were few and far between. After checking up the places which Tammany feels sure will be taken from the faithful by Mr. Mitchel they are mourning these losses:

Four district leaders in easy berths: Frank J. Goodwin of the Seventh District, Deputy Commissioner of Charities; William H. Sinnott of the Twenty-second District, Deputy Commissioner of Bridges; William J. Wright of the Thirty-first District, Deputy Commissioner of Correction, and Daniel E. Finn of the First District, Secretary to the Fire Department. In the Borough President's office, Tammany figures that it has suffered no loss, while in the Department of Bridges, Mr. Sinnott's job, with a salary of $4,500 a year, was the only one Tammany counted on as Bridge Commissioner O'Keefe gave the organization nothing.

The loss of the City Chamberlain's office is not counted by Tammany as the present incumbent, Robert H. Moore, was not a member of Tammany Hall. The Deputy Commissioner of Licenses at $5,500 a year is a loss to the organization, as the incumbent, Samuel E. Prince, has always been active in Tammany affairs. There was nothing in the Tenement House Department for the organization, while in the Tax Department it occurs the loss of three minor places held by assistants, and paying $1,000 each. Tammany had no patronage in either the Street Cleaning Department, which is protected by the civil service, with the exception of Deputy James F. Lynch at $5,000 a year, and none in the Coroner's office.

In the Department of Correction, Commissioner Patrick A. Whitney, salary $7,500, and John B. Fitzgerald, salary $5,000 a year, are slated to go, as well as Deputy Commissioner Wright, salary $4,000, and Francis J. O'Conner, private secretary, salary $2,500. In the Park Department Tammany had no interest, with the exception of the Commissioner of the Bronx, Thomas J. Higgins. Comptroller Prendergast never been actively affiliated with Tammany, though, and it is reported that Mr. Mitchel intends to retain him. The organization loses nothing in the Department of Health, or in the office of the Commissioner of Accounts. Commissioner Drummond of the Charities Department, has not been an active Murphy man, although he supported Edward E. McCall for Mayor and Tammany's biggest loss there will be the Superintendent of Public Institutions, Dr. Goodwin, salary $5,000, and Third Deputy Stephen A. Nugent, Tammany leader of the Thirty-fourth District, the Bronx, salary also $5,000. It is said that Mr. Nugent may be appointed Under Sheriff for the Bronx.

Tammany feels that it loses nothing in either the Police or the Water Departments, but in the Fire Department Commissioner Johnson, with a salary of $7,500; Deputy Commissioner George W. Olvany, $5,000, and Daniel E. Finn, $4,800, all expect to be ousted. In the Dock Department Secretary Matthew J. Harrington, with a salary of $4,000, will be dropped. In the Bureau of Licenses, Chief James J. Wallace, with a salary of $3,500, and John L. Walsh, Chief of the Bureau of Weights and Measures, both Tammany men, Walsh with a salary of $5,000, will go. In the Law Department Tammany will suffer a loss for there are fifty-one assistants with salaries ranging from $3,000 to $5,000 and it is understood that Mr. Mitchel intends to thoroughly reorganize the department. Every active Tammany man is expected to be turned adrift.

"Tammany is wondering what will happen to Joseph Haag, a stenographer in the Board of Estimate, with a salary of $7,500 a year. Mr. Haag has been in the service of the city for forty-three years, and is well liked by all the new members of the Board of Estimate. He expects to be reappointed, but Joseph Hammit, Secretary of the Citizens' Union, is an active candidate for the place. Mr. Haag's friends are working hard to have him retained.

"Tammany will be a bit hardest in the Sheriff's office. The office is worth about $65,000 a year in salary and fees, and Tammany always levied a heavy tribute on the occupant. Other places in the department now occupied by Tammany men are those of Under Sheriff at $6,000, held by John F. Gilchrist; fifteen deputies at $2,500, sixteen assistant deputies at $1,500, a law clerk and a bond clerk at $2,500 each; a counsel at $6,000, and an assistant counsel at $3,000. Emanuel Blumenstiel is the present counsel, and George H. Engel the assistant. Both are expected to be removed. There is also the Warden of Ludlow Street Jail, Eugene A. Johnson, who enjoys a salary of $3,000, and there are several candidates for the place.

There is some hope for Tammany in the Public Service Commission, and the leaders are urging Chairman Edward E. McCall to get rid of the Republicans who have held places there since William R. Willcox was Chairman, and appoint Tammany men. Altogether there is about $160,000 worth of patronage in the exempt class at the disposal of Chairman McCall, and Tammany is smacking its lips at the possibilities. Although Chairman McCall has so far showed no disposition to appease the hungry tiger, the Republican leaders are uneasy at the outlook.

### CHURCH PRAYS FOR SUICIDE.

### Ridgewood Mourns for Henry Knell, Who Killed His Wife and Babies.

For Henry Knell, sometime treasurer of Holy Cross Episcopal Church in Ridgewood, who on Friday night killed his wife, his babies and himself, the entire parish offered prayers at yesterday's services. When the rector at the morning service called for the prayers, there were few dry eyes in the church, and one young girl who had studied music under Mrs. Knell was so overcome that she had to withdraw.

The funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at Holy Cross and the burial will be at the Lutheran Cemetery in Little Village. Although tongues were wagging to various purposes in Ridgewood yesterday, it was generally assumed that the murders and the suicide had been caused by the collapse of Knell's courage when his heart trouble came.

### 3,000 Laborers Laid Off Until Spring

Three thousand unskilled laborers were laid off last week by the American Sugar Refining Company at its large plant in Williamsburg. They were told there would be no employment for them until Spring. The company says that a dullness in trade and a large surplus stock of sugar has made the cutting down necessary. The machinery in the plant is being overhauled during the partial idleness.

TAXI RATES REDUCED! IN AN M-S (MASON-SEAMAN)

You can ride from the Vanderbilt to the Pennsylvania Station for 40 cents.

Telephone 7400 Columbus

### PLANS FOR A 'DRY' WAR HERE

### W. H. Anderson Tells The Times What Anti-Saloon League Will Do.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BALTIMORE, Dec. 28.—William H. Anderson, who has resigned as Superintendent of the Maryland Anti-Saloon League to accept the position Jan. 1 of Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New York, makes this statement for THE NEW YORK TIMES on his proposed plan of work in New York:

"The National Anti-Saloon League is not committed to national prohibition as the immediate national issue. In a State like New York there is no hope at present of securing State-wide prohibition or a ratification of the national constructional amendment when Congress submits it. Therefore the only thing that can be done in New York now is to work for local prohibition, commonly called local option, so that those units which want to get rid of saloons may do so while sentiment is being developed in the rest of the territory.

"This programme, however, will be pushed to the limit, and more aggressively than ever before. The old Raines law is a clog upon the wheels of the 'water wagon,' and, though considered an advance measure when passed, it is now an imperfect vehicle for the expression of the anti-saloon sentiment existing in many parts of the State. The first move of the Anti-Saloon League this Winter will be to devise some means of freeing the people from the limitations imposed by the present excise law. The league programme contemplates extending the right to vote on the liquor question, now enjoyed only by towns, to counties, to cities and subdivisions of cities. I am not prepared to give further details, but the proposed legislation, while sane, will be distinctly progressive, and the fight for it will be no perfunctory affair. The new legislative man, J. F. Burke, just elected attorney of the league, is the best in the country.

"Experience has shown that giving the people direct control of the liquor question weakens corrupt political organizations, which now thrive on the possibilities of graft involved in their present life and death power over the saloons through their control of the Legislature. When Tammany finds its power to protect the saloons threatened, it will fight, and we will get a clear, simple moral issue which involves the question of self-government, and on which not even Tammany can win in the long run.

"Along with this fighting programme the league intends to conduct a campaign of education, involving such questions as health and industrial efficiency as related to the use of alcohol. This will involve soon the circulation of literature, especially on the scientific aspect of the question, in many languages, and the ultimate employment of workers of different nationalities.

"New York is far from hopeless on this question. Many collateral forces are helping, and the Empire State and even New York City are about due for some of the agitation on this subject, which has been stirring most of the rest of the country."

### ENDED LIFE TO AID SCIENCE

### So Wrote Suicide in Willing His Body and Brain to Colleges.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—After calmly writing a letter in which he willed his body and brain to the surgeons and medical fraternities of the country in order that they might be enlightened and thereby the sufferings of others with criminal tendencies might be alleviated, John Kowinski, 25 years old, leaped from the twentieth to the ninth floor of the Masonic Temple to-day. His body struck against the steel safety screen over the rotunda at the ninth floor and he was killed.

Here is a part of Kowinski's will:

"I, the undersigned, do hereby place my body into the hands of the surgeons of the American College of Surgeons, Rush Medical College, and Jenner Medical College for them to dissect anatomically in all parts so as to determine the causes of the malformations that may be found in this body.

"The undersigned is including the brain, which is to be examined before being dissected in order that it may be discovered how such types as he and I were produced, whether by heredity or environment or both. I do this in trying to aid in alleviating others from their sufferings. It is to their interest that he sacrifice his life prematurely. If he could, if he wanted to, have lived longer had he desired to choose the profession of a burglar, thief, or highwayman, for he had that profession before learning it in prison, where he served four terms. His was a strange career. Being born a stranger into the world, he could not adapt himself to the environment that was given him by society. He has looked at it from a metaphysical point of view, seeking to find out what was behind nature."

### BIBLE STUDENTS TO MEET.

### American Society Will Convene at Jewish Theological Seminary.

The annual meeting of the Bible Society of America, which consists of biblical students from all parts of the country, will open to-day at the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, and will stay in session until to-morrow afternoon.

This evening, from 5 until 7 o'clock, there will be an exhibition of rare Bibles and biblical manuscripts at the seminary, including first Hebrew prints of the Bible and many commentaries. There will be shown in all 150 rare books and 85 manuscripts. Some of the manuscripts are of the tenth century.

This morning and afternoon and tomorrow there will be lectures by prominent members of the society.

# WOMAN POSTMASTER OUSTED FOR A MAN

Continued from Page 1.

that woman has not the right to vote she is being discriminated against."

Another who was outspoken was Mrs. Inez Milholland Boissevain.

"The case of Mrs. Tillman, the Geneva postmistress, is neither remarkable nor unexpected," she said. "It is a thing that one must expect to have happen under present conditions. It is the obvious thing. Where women have no vote men will take the places of women in office. Offices are often given as a reward for political service, and it is for that reason that women, who have managed to hold an office, are brushed aside at an opportune moment to make room for the men, who are a real political asset for the leaders. What is wanted is the vote for women, and until women have an equal suffrage with men such things as Mrs. Tillman's case will repeatedly happen."

"For years the Post Office Department has been considered as not among the spoils of politics, but in all political machines votes count," said Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt. "In many cases it has been demonstrated that women were better fitted than men to hold the position of Postmaster, but if what Mrs. Tillman says is true—and I don't doubt for a moment that it is—then such considerations do not count. The woman has no vote, otherwise such things would not happen. I am not at all surprised by what you have told me.

"I believe that such cases aid our cause, although perhaps the effect is local to a large extent. There is a strong movement for woman suffrage in Alabama. Mr. Hobson is for the women, and he came out so strongly for equal suffrage that his opponents are planning to force him to make his campaign for re-election to the House on the suffrage issue. The South is coming over to the cause, slowly, perhaps, but nevertheless surely, and when it does you won't find women being thrown out of their positions to aid the politicians."

The case of Mrs. Tillman recalls that of Mrs. Helen Longstreet, widow of the Confederate General, who failed to gain a reappointment as Postmaster at Gainsville, Ga. When the talk of dropping her started, patrons of her Post Office flocked to her support and petitioned President Wilson to retain her. Mrs. Longstreet wrote an open letter to the President, but she lost her fight for reappointment, and Mrs. H. W. J. Hamm was nominated for that office after President Wilson had consulted with Georgia Senators.

Mrs. Longstreet was an ardent supporter of Col. Roosevelt in the last Presidential campaign, and the Republicans tried to have Mr. Taft remove her. He refused to take any action.

# REBELS WON'T HALT TILL HUERTA LEAVES

### His Banishment a First Step Toward Peace, Says Villa, Outlining His Party's Terms.

### CONFISCATIONS TO STAND

### All Acts of Huerta Regime to be Annulled and the Land Laws Reformed.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, Dec. 28.—"Nothing less than the fall of Huerta and his banishment from the country will be considered as a preliminary toward peace in Mexico," said Gen. Francisco Villa to-day. "Any overtures for a compromise would be treated with contempt by the revolutionists."

Gen. Villa was led to discuss the subject because of fresh reports from Mexico City that Huerta might resign in favor of a member of his Cabinet. The leader outlined the rebels' terms of peace as follows:

Elimination of Gen. Huerta and his supporters.

Complete surrender to the Constitutionalist cause of politicians now opposing it.

Restoration of the Constitution.

Selection of a Provisional President acceptable to the Constitutionalists, and suitable provision for a popular election.

Guarantee of a change in the land laws, so that deeds to land would be more generally distributed.

Ratification of the confiscation by the rebels of the Terrazas, Creel, and other estates.

Nullification of all acts of the Huerta régime.

Opinions of Gen. Villa's advisors were that Huerta would not resign and that the rebels must adhere to their original plan of fighting their way to Mexico City.

"We regard Huerta," said Gen. Villa, "as a traitor who has dragged his country through blood for his personal ambitions. We have gone through so much distress for the sake of freedom that we would not now stop short of it.

"Within a few months we have won almost all of the north from the usurper. Our forces have increased from a few hundred until they now number more than 20,000. This number will grow, for in every city we take hundreds are ready to join. By the time we reach the City of Mexico we shall have enough men in arms to overwhelm the Federals."

### AMERICANS MUST TAKE CARE.

### Those at Tampico Told Not to Take Offensive, as Marines Wouldn't Help.

VERA CRUZ, Dec. 28.—Warnings have been sent to the Americans at Tampico and outlying oil districts that if they become engaged in battle with rebels or Federals, unless attacked, they need expect no help from the American marines and bluejackets. Intimations have also been conveyed to the managers of the companies employing these men that any precipitate action by their employees would render it difficult to adjust subsequent war claims.

There are several hundred Americans at the oil camps around Tampico. They, as well as their employers, have been subjected to hardships, losses, and indignities. They are well armed, and have declared their intention of resisting any attack, no matter from what source. It is not believed, however, that they will be attacked, since both Federals and rebels seem to avoid coming into contact with all employes on the oil properties, although threats have been made of reprisals in the way of damage to property.

### CATRON WARNED VILLA.

### Senator Told Rebel Chief His Acts Made Intervention Probable.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Senator Catron of New Mexico is quoted in an interview, given out here, as narrating a conversation with Gen. Pancho Villa, the rebel leader.

According to the account, Senator Catron told Gen. Villa that the United States Government did not approve of the killing of prisoners of war, and that such acts prevented the United States permitting the exportation of arms and munitions of war into Mexico for the Constitutionalists and otherwise injured the cause of those opposing the Huerta Government.

"Our Government does not want to intervene," the Senator told the General, "but such acts make intervention probable.

"We are protecting foreigners and their property," replied Gen. Villa. "Intervention would mean a great loss of life and the destruction of millions of dollars' worth of property," he added, meaningly.

The last remark caused Senator Catron to say:

"General, you may be sure that if we are forced to intervene, we will be prepared to take the situation in hand. We do not want any part of your territory, but we are far from satisfied with existing conditions, and our Government may be compelled to take action."

"Is the army in any condition for intervention in Mexico?" Senator Catron was asked.

"No," replied Senator Catron, "we have no army, at present, in comparison with our needs. It ought to be doubled. I am in favor of doubling the army with skeleton regiments which can be increased in time of need. We could then have an army of 200,000 men, which would be sufficient to take care of the Mexican situation which confronts us at the present time."

The Senator from New Mexico is further quoted as saying that "there has been greater loss of life and a greater amount of property than in Cuba previous to the war of 1898," and that "if present conditions continue, or Mexico is at peace under conditions, which will surely prevail unless the United States intervenes, the property of Americans in Mexico is not worth $10,000,000."

Representatives of the Mexican Constitutionalists made public this statement to-night:

"Roberto V. Pesqueira, confidential agent of the Constitutionalist Government of Mexico, is in receipt of telegraphic advices from Gen. Carranza at Hermosillo, to the effect that inasmuch as Huerta may soon enter into a certain agreement involving the National Railways of Mexico, and inasmuch as none of Huerta's acts, or those of his agents, will be recognized as binding upon the Government of the United Mexican States, any such arrangements will be regarded as an absolute nullity."

### T. A. St. Johnston Sued for Divorce.

*Special to The New York Times.*

RENO, Nev., Dec. 28.—Lucille H. Gelien St. Johnston has filed a divorce action here against Thomas A. St. Johnston of New York City, whom she charges with non-support. They were married in New York in 1910. Mrs. Johnston makes no demand for alimony.

Business Opportunity

Will consider granting exclusive selling rights for New York and vicinity of nationally advertised high grade patented specialty in big demand to party in position to operate on large scale. Very unusual opportunity. Address Box L 328 Times Downtown.

Oil as Fuel

The constantly increasing use of oil as fuel by the railroads, manufacturing companies, steamship lines and navies of the world, means increased business for the oil companies.

Another reason why the Standard Oil group of stocks is worthy of the investor's attention.

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# BEATEN BY THIEVES, CLINGS TO HER MONEY

### Aged Mrs. Williams's Cries for Help Drive from Her Home Men Who Tortured Her.

### THE POLICE INDIFFERENT

### Detectives Dismiss the Case as "of No Importance" After a Perfunctory Investigation.

East Houston Street has long supposed that old Mrs. Julia Williams, who for thirty-six years has lived on the top floor of the tenement at No. 362, had great stores of money hidden in her rooms, and so last evening, when three young thieves wanted funds, they climbed the long flights to rob her. They found her alone in her front room, for her servant, Becky Vigor, was taking a bath.

Having finished her dinner, Mrs. Williams was sitting on the couch with her little French poodle in her lap, her cane close at hand, and her heavily bandaged right foot resting on a chair. Two weeks before she had dropped a pot of scalding coffee on her foot, burning it severely, so that she thought she found her not only alone, but crippled.

They laughed as they came in, it looked so easy. All three drew their revolvers just to show the frame of mind they were in, and then the spokesman told her they knew she had lots of money stowed away and bade her turn it over to them forthwith.

"I'll do nothing of the sort," said Mrs. Williams indignantly, and before they could take a step nearer she began to yell for help and to beat on the floor with her cane.

The nearest man struck her across the forehead with the butt of his revolver and the blood trickled down her face. She kept on yelling, calling alternately for Becky and the police.

"Shut up," the thief cried impatiently. "It's no good to call a policeman. We'd slap a policeman's face, too."

They crowded around her, apparently afraid to shoot, but ready enough to hit her over the head, which they did several times, and one of the three saw that her foot was hurt and kicked it off the chair on which it rested. The kick was torture, but Mrs. Williams did not waste her voice in weeping. She just cried for help again and again, and this, added to the steady pounding of her cane and the shrill barks of Beauty, the poodle, made such an uproar that the thieves were frightened.

There was a moment of irresolution, a quick glance about the dimly lighted apartment for anything looking like a hiding place, and then they ran for the door, reviling one another for not having burned her on the way at the first blow. They had gained the stairs and disappeared before the servant emerged from the bathroom. She found her mistress bleeding from three cuts on the head and weeping from the pain of the kick upon her scalded foot. But she told Becky triumphantly that she had not told where any of her money was, and she had that to console her while Dr. Harris from around the corner in Pitt Street bandaged up her wounds.

When an inquiry as to the progress of the police on the case was made last evening at the Union Market Station, Lieut. Becker spoke of it as a matter of little importance. He said something about a thorough search being started at a par and about some one having hit the old woman over the head with a broomhandle. That, apparently, was the substance of the report made by the detectives who had been sent out to "investigate."

As a matter of fact, the thieves would have found no great store of money in the flat had they searched it at their leisure, for the money on which Mrs. Williams lives comes every month from her son-in-law, George Cecil of Spring Valley. Out of her long years of service as a nurse, she had saved little. But one thing she did save was a baby—a little girl whose mother died at her birth. It was one of Mrs. Williams's cases and she adopted the baby and named her Sarah. That was more than thirty years ago and Sarah grew up to be the apple of her eye. Finally she married a lodger in Mrs. Williams's home—George Cecil, then a boss butcher with twenty-six men working for him," as Mrs. Williams still likes to tell and now they send her all she wants.

### TWO DEAD IN ONE ROOM.

### Caller Finds Woman Friend Slain and Man Self-Shot Beside Her.

James Demattio of 155 Attorney Street ran up to patrolman Goss of the Fifth Street station, on post in Avenue A, at 1 o'clock this morning and told him that in an apartment at No. 153 he had just found a man and a woman dead.

As he and the patrolman hurried to that address he explained that the woman was known to him as Mrs. Katharine Jasinska and that only a few moments before he had gone to her apartment from downtown.

The patrolman found Mrs. Jasinska dead—shot through the heart, apparently by a man believed to be I. Pogarosky of 98 Eckford Street, Brooklyn, who was found lying dead beside her with a bullet through his right temple and a revolver still clenched in his hand.

The interne who came with the ambulance from Bellevue Hospital said that the man and the woman had been dead for more than an hour.

A FRESH START.

Start 1914 with a new and better situation. This may be the good fortune of any one who advertises his qualifications in THE NEW YORK TIMES. Next to last page.—Adv.

SIMPLEX

Bodies of Exclusive Design

The bodies to be shown on Simplex chassis at the Automobile Salon are the work of the best foreign and domestic coach builders, but the designs are furnished by an expert body draftsman, who is exclusively in Simplex employ.

The bodies are designed on scientific principles, consistent with stability and strength, but with no sacrifice of the luxurious comfort and appointment for which they have been heretofore noted. The "stream line" principles avoiding all awkward corners and panels and providing smooth, uninterrupted lines, will be prominently featured. Simplex Salesrooms are located at 240 West 59th Street, New York (near Columbus Circle).

*We will exhibit only at the Automobile Salon, Hotel Astor, Jan. 2d-10th, inclusive.*

(4)

# MARYLAND MOB AGAIN HELD AT BAY

### Angry Men Once More Surround Jail, but Hesitate to Attack Sheriff's Augmented Force.

### SECOND NEGRO CONFESSES

### Paraway and Mabel Killed Farmer —Baltimore Police Drafted for Defense After the Third Attack.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHESTERTOWN, Md., Dec. 28.—Gov. Goldsborough's prompt action to-day in dispatching Baltimore policemen to this town and promising to send State troops if needed had a quieting effect, and, while threats of another attempt to lynch the negroes charged with the murder of James Coleman, a farmer, are heard, it is believed that the authorities have the situation well in hand.

In reply to the Governor's offer of State troops, State Attorney Vickers wired:

"We can cope with present situation. If there should be no trial Monday, or if the judgment should not meet with approval of the mob, we might have trouble."

A. J. Humphrey, ex-Chief of the Baltimore Detective Corps, to-day succeeded in obtaining a confession from James Paraway, one of the negroes. The prisoner broke down under the fear that he would be lynched and admitted that he struck Coleman the fatal blow. He implicated Norman Mabel, another of the negroes, who had made a previous confession and who had said that the death blow was dellvered by Faraway.

A force of Baltimore policemen, headed by Detective Thomas Hogan, tonight are guarding the jail. They are heavily armed and under instructions to shoot the leaders of any mob appearing.

When it became known late this afternoon that Paraway had confessed, excitement, which had somewhat subsided after the unsuccessful attack upon the jail last night, flared up. The news spread rapidly in spite of the efforts of the officials to keep the confession secret, and the number of silent watchers, some of whom had not left the vicinity of the jail during the day, soon was augmented.

Thoroughly frightened by his experience of last night, when the mob thronged about his cell, Paraway, who all along had maintained his innocence, broke down to-day under the questioning of Humphrey. According to his confession, the deed was planned by Mabel and himself when they saw Coleman count his money in a store. They followed him, and Paraway hit the farmer with an iron bar. Then, after taking his money, they separated.

**Mob Made Three Attacks.**

It was not until 3 o'clock this morning that the last of the mob which last night battled with the Sheriff and his deputies in an effort to lynch Mabel had dispersed, after a final ineffectual attempt to rush the jail. The determined stand of the officers, who thrice turned back the attack of the mob, finally broke the spirit of the would-be lynchers.

The crowd began to gather about the jail early yesterday morning, and grew steadily. Threats against Mabel and four other negroes, held as his accomplices, were freely made. At one time fully 1,000 men were menacing the prisoners. The first determined effort to force the jail was made at 10:30 o'clock last night, but the mob was temporarily quieted by Judge C. A. Pearce. At midnight the crowd renewed the attack and broke down two doors of the jail, but the attackers were driven back by the Sheriff and deputies with drawn revolvers. Several times the officers fired over the heads of their assailants to intimidate them. After the midnight repulse the mob opened a heavy fire with pistols and shotguns on the upper windows of the jail, where the negroes were held, but no one was injured in this fusillade.

**Fired Two Warning Shots.**

The mob began to dwindle after the second attack, and at 2 o'clock this morning only about 300 men remained. They determined on another attempt to reach the negroes. Accordingly, about twenty men dashed over the broken doors and rushed up the stairs. They were met by Sheriff Brown and Acting Deputy McKee

STERLING

THE GORHAM COMPANY

*Silversmiths*

1914.

New Year's Day is a milestone where we pause and take inventory of ourselves.

We all become Cheeryble brothers, overflowing with friendship and good will.

These days the Gorham stores are busy hives of sentiment, where this New Year's spirit takes tangible form. In thousands of beautiful objects persons young and old are embodying sentiments of love, friendship, remembrance.

Maybe you do not believe in Christmas presents. Maybe you forgot some friend or relative at Christmas time. Maybe you have just felt the impulse to indulge the spirit of the New Year. To whichever of these classes you belong, Gorham's knows you well from an intimate acquaintance with the human heart of more than ninety years, and is prepared to take care of you.

The Gorham people have not been keeping store for nearly a century without knowing its clientele. They know just what to expect at New Year's and are prepared.

Therefore, they are ready, yes, and waiting, for the New Year's shopper. There is not a New Year's resolution so fine, or an impulse of love or friendship so strong, that a beautiful object cannot be found at Gorham's to match it.

Wonderfully beautiful objects they are, too—articles in gold, in silver, silver plated, bronze, in leather, suited to every age, to every mood, to every degree of Love or Friendship. No matter what kind of New Year's gift you desire, you will find it at Gorham's.

Just how wide a range of selection you may have, you may gather from this fact: The Gorham stores contain not less than 1,700 different articles in gold, silver, bronze and leather. These run the whole gamut of prices, from the moderate-priced article to the highest priced. You can be sure to find what you want at a price that will suit you.

The Gorham stores have added a large number of new customers to its list this year. They would like to have you as a New Year's addition to the list, or if you are an old customer, would like to have you come in and see how fully the New Year's spirit has taken possession of the two stores. Never before were so many packages handled by the stores at Christmas time.

It is never too late to buy a New Year's present.

GORHAM

Fifth Avenue
Maiden Lane

# BALDWIN EXPOSES DR. COOK'S METHODS

## Polar Captain Gives Out "Appeal" Cook Asked Him to Send to Senator Poindexter.

## WANTED HIM TO SIGN IT

### This Would Have Made Him Say "I Can Prove Absolutely" Things He Couldn't Prove at All.

When Dr. Frederick A. Cook was busy out in the Northwestern States during November and the early part of this month stirring up a postal card crusade to convince Senators and Representatives that there was a wide public demand for a Congressional investigation of his polar claims he made much use of a circular written in the appealing style of a get-rich-quick mining prospectus.

The method of procedure was to hand this circular to each person who came to hear Dr. Cook in vaudeville. The circular itself described Dr. Cook's as the "American Dreyfus case," and attached to it was a postal card addressed to Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington, on which the reader might voice his indignation that the polar pretender's claims had not been fully indorsed.

From the statements made in these circulars it would seem that everybody had indorsed Dr. Cook, and verified his claims, except a very small cabal of "enemies," who engaged the services of all who questioned or disputed the claim that Dr. Cook was the greatest explorer of this or any other century.

The magazine published at Chicago by the Chautauqua Lecture Circuit under the name of The Platform helped Dr. Cook's crusade for sympathy by publishing long reviews of his claims and lists of "polar experts" who indorsed and supported him. The Cook press agent carried copies of The Platform with him, and distributed them to Chautauqua audiences.

**Baldwin Gives Out Cook's Appeal.**

It was from a copy of The Platform that Dr. Cook took the list of his supporters, which he interpolated into a manuscript written by Capt. Evelyn Briggs Baldwin, with the view of having Capt. Baldwin submit the list to Senator Poindexter, with his own indorsement of it.

Capt. Baldwin yesterday made public this list of "polar experts," with the explanation that he had no personal knowledge of any data ever presented by any of them in support of his faith in Dr. Cook.

With this list Capt. Baldwin also made public the complete text of Dr. Cook's own personal appeal to Senator Poindexter, which it was the doctor's purpose, as explained in THE TIMES yesterday, to have Capt. Baldwin submit to Senator Poindexter over his own signature, instead of that of its real author. The appeal was interpolated by Dr. Cook as a four-page insert in a 200-page manuscript, which Capt. Baldwin had loaned to him to read. This is the Cook appeal as it would have reached Congress had not Capt. Baldwin rebelled and exposed the scheme to make use of his name.

**What Cook Wanted Baldwin to Say.**

There is a widespread impression that the rival claims of north polar discovery have been finally and definitely settled. A very little investigation proves that this is not true. The Congressional investigation of Engineer Peary's work did not find that he had discovered the pole. Though they did credit him with reaching the pole, everything carrying the word "discovery" was stricken from the bill because of Dr. Cook's prior claims.

The Danes conceded that Dr. Cook had reached the pole, but by their examination of the figures of sextant observations they were unwilling to assume the responsibility of accepting such data as proof. This position of the University of Copenhagen was the correct one, if the investigation is to be limited to the nautical calculations for position, and no other examination has ever been made of either the claims of Cook or Peary.

Every Arctic explorer must admit that the seemingly unimportant figures which enter the problem of mathematical reductions for position could be easily plotted out in a comfortable room without ever leaving New York and, therefore, such material is proof of nothing. The official reports of the polar claims have been a kind of academic multiplication table test of material of this kind. It will be said that figures do not lie—but liars can do a lot of figuring—and in the past explorers have not been rated thus. Now, what precedents have we to prove or disprove an explorer's claim?

The only true test of an explorer's doings is the slow process of digestion and assimilation of the entire array of scientific material which he presents. To make such a test requires a very long time, and to do it successfully the examiner must await the publication of all the data. This has now been done, for in the official narratives of both Cook and Peary we have all the scientific records upon which history will judge them. The only material that can be added to this is the verifying and corroboration observations of subsequent explorers, and in the case of Dr. Cook a good deal of such material is now at hand.

**"I Can Prove Absolutely."**

The first hasty examination of the polar claims was made in a few days. I have worked on the problem for four years, with the experience of five arctic expeditions to help me, and still have much to learn on minor points; but I can prove absolutely by indisputable facts that Dr. Cook reached the north pole 350 days before any one else claimed to have been there.

For the purpose of this examination we have only to deal with the last 460 miles of Dr. Cook's journey—for every one concedes that on the 20th of March, 1908, he was on the polar pack, approximately sixty miles north of Avartevoeg, with an abundance of food, with a light equipment, suitable for quick action, with companions who were tried experts in the art of polar sledding.

If there should appear a doubt of the perfection of Dr. Cook's equipment or his ability to execute the problem in hand, such doubt is all dispelled by the known success of Dr. Cook's later return. Even Dr. Cook's worst enemies concede that he later went westerly and south to Jones Sound, thence back to Annoatok and southward along the Greenland coast to Upernavik—a total double verified distance of at least 3,000 miles. The longest previous journey over pack ice was less than 1,000 miles.

Cook's enemies admit, therefore, that he covered 3,000 miles over the worst pack ice route ever reported. Even if we deny him the last 460 miles, and there is only one arctic explorer who denies that, he has proved himself able to make three times the longest journey ever recorded over pack ice. Dr. Cook's enemies, therefore, prove him to be the greatest arctic traveler, and by their criticism they prove his ability and the perfection of his equipment. All argument, therefore, regarding Dr. Cook's fitness or the efficiency of his equipment is met by his proved journey of 3,000 miles.

Now, would a man with twenty years of arctic experience, one who has given the best years of his life as a volunteer without pay, sit down and shiver in idleness with the alluring glory of the north pole on one side and attraction of an enraptured wilderness of game regions to the other side? It is known that he traveled continuously over a sea of ice for at least seven moons; that he made no permanent camp anywhere until he got to Jones Sound. The only conclusion, therefore, is that he started in line with his heart's desire over that last 460 miles. This same point is met by an Austrian expert, and since Dr. Cook's detractors do not offer an incentive for cheating himself and the public, nor do they explain the two months of open time during which they would have him in idleness eating snowballs, we must accept the unbiased foreign critic.

In a very strong defense of Dr. Cook, published in one of the foremost geographic reviews of the world, Fritz Machatschek, in the Deutche Rundschau fur Geographic, Vol. I., xxvi., 1913-14, says:

"If Dr. Cook has really wished to fool the world, if his wholly competent report, (his book,) which is before me, with the picturing of the most fearful over-wintering of 1908, was only a chain of lies, (as his detractors declare,) and he in reality went only a few days' march to the north from Axel Heiberg Land, then one must ask why did he not turn backward in the same year to the Eskimo settlements in the northern part of Greenland? Why did he not want to make the world believe that he could make the round trip to the pole in one Summer, just as Peary did it? Why did he voluntarily Winter far from any relief stations?"

By unprejudiced judges, Cook's attainment of the north pole cannot be denied; and the words of Balch will help to spread the verdict.

It remains, therefore, to check up this disputed line of travel step by step to the pole; and it must also be remembered that practically all arctic explorers concede to Dr. Cook this last 460 miles. For purposes of scientific precision let us divide the region over which that last 460 miles was laid into natural physical landmarks.

At or near the eighty-third parallel Dr. Cook reports a continuation of the "Big Lead." Between the eighty-fourth and eighty-fifth parallel he reports land. Between the eighty-seventh and eighty-eighth he reports what seems to be a glacial covered island. At the pole he reports a sea covered with drifting ice. He is the first to report this specific data over the top of the globe, and he has given an abundance of material all along this line of travel by which every step of his progress can be proved entirely aside from his nautical observations which alone are better than those of Peary.

One cannot read Dr. Cook's book and disbelieve in him. The more often you put his statements to test the more thoroughly you are convinced of his sincerity. But the purpose here is to go outside and attempt to verify and corroborate Dr. Cook by some positive method of checking up which he could not anticipate. However, judgment cannot be passed upon the rival polar claims without a thorough perusal of the official narratives of both explorers, for by those both must stand or fall, as have all other explorers in history.

**Cook's List of "Experts."**

The list of "experts" sent broadcast by Dr. Cook through Chautauqua audiences begins its roster of Cook supporters with the name of Gen. A. W. Greely, although Gen. Greely long ago repudiated Cook. On the page from The Platform magazine which Dr. Cook prepared as an insert in Capt. Baldwin's narrative, he erased Gen. Greely's name and allowed the name of the late Rear Admiral Schley to head the list. It was stated of the "experts" that they not only indorsed the Cook claims, but that they considered "Officer Peary's similar report, coming later, as a supplementary proof of the first victory." Here is the list of "experts":

Gen. A. W. Greely, U. S. A., commander of the Lady Franklin Bay Expedition, who spent four years in the region under discussion.

Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, U. S. N., commander of the Greely Relief Expedition.

Capt. Otto Sverdrup, discoverer of the land over which Dr. Cook's route was forced.

Capt. J. E. Bernier, commanding the Canadian Arctic Expeditions.

Prof. G. Frederick Wright, author of "The Ice Age of North America."

Capt. E. B. Baldwin, commanding the Baldwin-Ziegler Expedition.

Prof. W. H. Brewer, for sixteen years President of the Arctic Club of America.

Prof. Julius Payer of the Weyprecht-Payer Expedition.

Prof. L. L. Dyche, member of various Peary and Cook expeditions.

Maurice Connell of the Greely Expedition and the United States Weather Bureau.

Capt. O. C. Hamlet, U. S. A., Arctic Revenue Service.

Capt. E. A. Haven, Baldwin-Ziegler Expedition.

Prof. Otto Baschin, custodian of the Geographical Institute of the Berlin University.

Dr. A. Wedemeyer of the German Imperial Marine Department.

Andrew J. Stone, explorer of North Coast of America.

Dillon Wallace, Labrador explorer.

Edwin Swift Balch, author of "The North Pole and Bradley Land."

Capts. Johan Menander, B. S. Osbon, and Thomas F. Hall.

Henry Biederbeck, Frederick B. Wright, F. P. Taylor, Ralph H. Cairns, Theodore Lerner, M. Van Ryssellberghe, J. Knowles Hare, Charles E. Rillitet, Homer Rogers, R. C. Bates, E. C. Rost, E. S. Brooks, Archibald Dickinson, Robert Stein, J. S. Warmbath, George B. Butland, Ralph Shainwald, Henry Johnson, S. J. Entriken, Clark Brown, W. F. Armbruster, John R. Bradley, Harry Whitney, and Rudolph Franke.

Drs. T. F. Dedrick, Middleton Smith, J. G. Knowlton, H. J. Egbert, W. H. Axtell, A. H. Cordier, Henry Schwartz, and W. W. Verner.

Father William F. Rigge, Astronomer of the Creighton University.

Judge Jules Leclercq and Prof. Georges Lecointe, Secretary of the Industrial Bureau of Polar Research.

**Bridgman Did Not See Baldwin.**

Herbert Bridgman, to whom Dr. Cook asserted that Capt. Baldwin had "sold out" because of his decision to make public the attempt of Dr. Cook to use his book manuscript as a petition to Congress, said at his home in Brooklyn last night that he had not seen Capt. Baldwin in years, although they were bunk mates in an arctic expedition many years ago.

"I was much interested in THE TIMES story of Sunday morning," said Mr. Bridgman, "for I was aware of the extensive postal card crusade being worked up in the Northwest, and of the fact that a considerable number of credulous persons were accepting the appeal of Dr. Cook's circulars and pamphlets, and were attempting to obtain the active interest of Senator Poindexter. I think that that movement will now collapse. What Capt. Baldwin said in denying to Dr. Cook that he had ever approached me was correct, and I had no knowledge of what it was that had destroyed his confidence in Dr. Cook until I read THE TIMES on Sunday."

# NEW X-RAY GENERATOR.

### Inventor Demonstrates It at a Dinner Given in His Honor.

William Davidge Coolidge, after three years of experimentation in the laboratories of the General Electric Company, has evolved an entirely new method of producing X-rays by an apparatus which many believe is destined to revolutionize the X-ray as a diagnostic and therapeutic agent.

As demonstrated on Saturday night at a dinner given in his honor at the Hotel St. Denis, the new tube gives X-ray of remarkable penetrating power and controllable to an undreamed of degree.

Such powerful rays are generated that a full treatment dose may be given in fifteen seconds as against fifteen minutes of the most powerful apparatus at present in general use. Complete destruction of living tissue may be made by three minutes' exposure, according to those who have examined the new method, and those who saw it on Saturday night hailed it as an invention opening a field for the successful treatment of cancer by the use of an X-ray of such power as to destroy a tumor with a short exposure.

It is said that the control of the production of the rays by this method is so remarkable that at will the softest tissues of the body may be shown or the densest portions pictured at a distance of 100 feet from the tube.

# CALUMET INQUIRY URGED ON CONGRESS

## Chicago Labor Chiefs Make the Plea, Charging That Anarchy Reigns in the Copper Region.

## MARTINE ALSO TAKES IT UP

### Strikers Bury the Bodies of Christmas Eve Panic Victims—Moyer's Wound Is Not Dangerous.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—An appeal to Congress to investigate conditions in the Michigan copper region was made today by the Chicago Federation of Labor in resolutions which directly charged owners of the mines and their agents with being responsible for the Christmas Eve panic in Calumet which cost the lives of seventy-two persons.

The resolutions charge that Houghton County is under a government by gunmen acting under orders of the mine owners, and that Charles H. Moyer, President of the Western Federation of Miners, was assaulted, shot, and driven out of Hancock by thugs and gunmen.

The announcement that the Federation would concentrate its strength on the copper strike was made by Yanco Terzich, a member of the Executive Board. Every member of the board, he said, intended to go to the copper region next week.

"We are going to win the strike or break up the organization," he said. "As soon as Moyer is able he will be back there as the leader."

Charles H. Tanner, auditor of the Western Federation, who was driven out of Hancock with Moyer, stirred the fire against the Citizens' Alliance.

"We have ample evidence," he said. "Half a dozen will testify that the man who shouted 'Fire!' in Italian Hall wore a Citizens' Alliance button."

Ernest T. Flood, National Organizer of the American Federation of Labor, was the only speaker directly counseling violence.

"Meet them with their own weapons," he urged. "If it is known that State and county government will not give the protection guaranteed under the Constitution, every man who goes to the strike region should have his own protection with him."

Lieut. Gov. O'Hara of Illinois and Claude Taylor, President of Michigan Federation of Labor, also made speches.

**The Appeal to Congress.**

It was at the conclusion of the speeches that the resolutions were adopted. The resolutions related to the conditions of labor of the miners, declared that representatives of both State and national Governments after investigation had found that the miners had a real grievance, and added that:

Since the 23d of July, two of the striking miners, while peaceably in their own homes, were foully and cowardly murdered in cold blood by the imported murderers, gunmen and thugs brought there by the copper mine owners to drive the striking miners back to the mines like slaves, and,

Whereas, these imported desperadoes have also shot a part of a little girl's head off, brutally beaten up the striking miners, their women and children, abused and insulted them as part of their everyday work, and

Whereas, as a direct result of the determination of Shaw, Agassiz, and other owners of the copper mines to prevent the organization of their slaves for self-protection, and to persecute and drive union leaders and organizers from the copper country, so many human lives were lost on Christmas Eve, many of them being children of the striking miners, and,

Whereas, citizens of Houghton County, together with imported thugs and gunmen, brutally assaulted and shot Charles H. Moyer, President, and Charles H. Tanner, Auditor of the Western Federation of Miners, and at the point of guns drove both Moyer and Tanner from Houghton County and the State of Michigan,

Resolved, that the assembled citizens of the United States appeal as a last resort to the Congress of the United States to investigate conditions in the copper country of Michigan to the end that the people of this country may know the truth, and that all citizens may be protected in their rights guaranteed by the Constitution.

**Bullet in Moyer's Shoulder.**

There is very little probability that the wound in Charles H. Moyer's back will prove serious. Probably within ten days he will be back in the copper country of Michigan, directing the strike as President of the Western Federation of Miners.

Moyer was in a cheerful mood to-day, but the doctors would allow no visitors to see him.

# MARTINE ASKS INQUIRY.

### Senator Urges McReynolds to Investigate the Calumet Situation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—A special investigation by the Department of Justice of conditions in the Michigan copper region was called for in a letter which Senator Martine of New Jersey wrote to Attorney General McReynolds today. Senator Martine has been inquiring into the charges of lawlessness in that region and has conferred with Senator Kern and other members of the Senate and House. The Department of Labor already has sent Solicitor Densmore to Calumet, and Representative McDonald of Michigan, who is pressing for a Congressional investigation, is on the scene

Senator Martine's letter to the Attorney General follows:

In view of the unfortunate labor troubles now, and for many months, existing in the copper mining districts of Michigan, and, whereas, from reliable advices, I am informed that on Dec. 26, President Charles H. Moyer of the Western Federation of Miners was forcibly abducted and carried out of the State of Michigan; and it is currently stated that the abduction was advised, instigated, prompted, and paid for by the mine owners or their representatives; and, in view of the fact that the Congress of the United States is not now in session, and will not be until Jan. 12, 1914, therefore,

As a citizen of the United States, I most respectfully pray that you appoint a special officer or officers to go promptly to the scene of that lawlessness and examine exhaustively into all conditions there now existing against the peace and order of our country. JAMES E. MARTINE.

Solicitor Densmore advised Secretary Wilson by wire to-night that he had stopped off at Lansing, Mich., to-day to consult with Gov. Ferris, but that the Governor had gone to Big Rapids. The Solicitor added that he would make an effort to see Mr. Ferris there before proceeding to Calumet to-morrow. Secretary Wilson said he would await a further report from Solicitor Densmore before taking any further action.

# MINERS BURY THEIR DEAD.

### They Carry the Bodies of 39 Children Through Calumet Streets.

CALUMET, Mich., Dec. 28.—The bodies of fifty-nine of the victims of the Christmas Eve panic were buried today by members of the Western Federation of Miners. Forty-four of the bodies were those of children. Thousands of miners formed the escort of the funeral parties, and passed between other thousands who lined the streets to watch the long procession marching toward the cemetery. Thirty-nine small white coffins borne on the shoulders of squads of miners formed a striking feature of the funeral procession.

For hours the bells of all the churches in the city were tolling. Burial services were held in half a dozen churches, and all Calumet seemed to be in mourning. Delegations of strikers began coming into Calumet early in the day. A special train of nine cars brought hundreds of Federationists from the iron mines of Negaunee and Ishpeming, and every town and mining location in the copper country sent members and friends of the union to swell the ranks of the marchers.

By noon the union host was assembled. Months of experience in demonstrating their numbers by parading had taught the men to form ranks quickly and with little delay they lined up four abreast.

The supply of hearses was inadequate, and there were only fourteen of these vehicles in the line. Then came three undertakers' wagons and an automobile truck, which carried three coffins. These vehicles contained the adult victims and the older children. Beside one marched eight women who acted as pall-bearers for a member of the Women's Auxiliary of the Western Federation. It was this organization which was distributing gifts of candy, shoes, caps and mittens to the children of strikers when the panic occurred. Behind the hearses came the thirty-nine white coffins. They were carried by squads of strikers, four men bearing each coffin. As the coffin bearers grew weary or they stumbled on the slippery roadway, companions relieved them of their burdens.

All except half a dozen of the burials were in common graves which had been dug yesterday by members of the union. The ground belongs to the Federation, and it is proposed to erect a monument there.

The cemetery is in two sections. One is consecrated to the dead of the Roman Catholic faith, the other to those belonging to Protestant denominations. In the former three trenches had been dug, and in these twenty-five bodies were laid.

On the Protestant side of the burial place two large graves received twenty-eight bodies. The other six were laid in family plots.

# OUR HUSTLE A DELUSION.

### Canon Hannay Discourses on Our Pleasant Art of Wasting Time.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, Dec. 29.—Canon Hannay, "George A. Birmingham," author of the comedy "General John Regan," who has just returned from New York, has an article in this morning's Daily Mail under the title "The Pleasing Art of Wasting Time as Practised in New York."

He says he had not had any previous experience which prepared him for the disappointment he suffered in America. He went to New York expecting to see hustling "compared with which all I had seen before would seem dignified and calm." But he found New York a city of spacious leisure. As instances of the contempt of Americans for time, Canon Hannay relates his experience at a restaurant, where there were lengthy intervals between the dishes, and the Americans' leisurely method of transacting business. He says that the American realizes, as the Englishman never does, that the clock and even the sun were made for man and not man for them.

"According to the lock, Americans are late continuously and regularly, late for everything, but the American realizes, as the Englishman does not, that man is the superior of the clock. What, after all, is the clock but a machine; what is the sun itself but lifeless matter? Man as a living soul ought to be, and, in America is, the superior of any machine. The American, and this is proof of the greatness of the nation, has asserted himself against the clock, has mastered the vile thing, and now goes through the world a free man, unhustled by the great imposter, Time."

# BIG DINNER FOR MITCHEL.

### 1,500 Expected to Hear Mayor-elect To-morrow Night.

The announcement of Mayor-elect Mitchel that he preferred to be "an after-breakfast Mayor to an after-dinner Mayor," and that he would attend but one public dinner between now and next Summer, has caused a large oversubscription to the citizens' testimonial dinner, which will take place at the Hotal Astor to-morrow night. This will be the last appearance of Mr. Mitchel at a formal dinner for at least six months. The committee announced last night that the number of diners would be limited to 1,500.

Job Hedges will be toastmaster. In addition to Mr. Mitchel the speakers will be Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port; Martin W. Littleton, and Bainbridge Colby. Among those at the guest table will be Henry Clews, Bertram de N. Cruger, John Temple Graves, Robert Adamson, Vincent Astor, Samuel S. Koenig, William Loeb, Jr., Clarence J. Shearn, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Oswald C. Villard, Henry A. Wise, Martin A. Saxe, and the members of the Board of Estimate, including Mayor Kline. Other guests who will occupy seats upon the dias are Francis Lynde Stetson, Oscar S. Straus, Timothy Healy, Norman Hapgood, George W. Perkins, Frank L. Polk, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, and Cleveland H. Dodge.

# DR. JACOBI CURED OF CANCER BY RADIUM

## Told at Recent Medical Congress of Successful Treatment Seven Years Ago.

## CASE WAS SUPERFICIAL ONE

### Success in Those Attacks Established, Says Dr. Kelly — Bremner's Condition Unchanged.

Cure of cancer by radium was the chief subject of discussion at a meeting of the Eastern Medical Society, held in Buffalo on Dec. 12. Among those who took part in the meeting were Dr. Howard A. Kelly of Baltimore, in whose private hospital Congressman Robert G. Bremner is undergoing radium treatment for cancer; Dr. Francis Carter Wood, Director of Cancer Research, Columbia University, and Dr. Abraham Jacobi, ex-President of the American Medical Association.

At this meeting, which is reported in the current issue of The New York Medical Journal, Dr. Jacobi announced that he himself presented an instance of a cure effected by radium. Seven years ago an epithelioma appeared upon his nose, and for two years it gave him a great deal of worry. He was subjected to radium treatment, and a prompt cure resulted. This was accomplished by three applications—one of three minutes, one of four minutes, and one of seven minutes—at short intervals.

Dr. Kelly's statement on the use of radium on cancer was thus summarized in The Medical Journal:

In superficial cancer, he said, it was the treatment par excellence. In cancer of the eye, mouth, and ear, if the case were seen early, a cure was effected without any of the deformity from scarring usually left after cutting operations. Here it would do all that surgery could accomplish, and more. There was no mystery about the action of radium as regards metastases, &c. Metastases had to be attacked separately, when this was possible, by this agent, unless they were near the original seat of the disease. In cancer of the larynx some extraordinary results had been achieved. Radium was often of great service in attacking suspected areas.

As to inoperable cancer, he had had a number of cases which had been pronounced of this character in which the patients had been cured (permanently, as far as could be judged at the present time) by means of massive doses of radium. In one such case, of very extensive uterine carcinoma, there had been no recurrence after the lapse of two years.

On the whole, it was an unquestionable fact that the use of radium had enormously increased the field of surgery. If it did nothing else in cases of cancer, it stopped the bleeding and discharge, relieved pain, and improved the general condition of the patient.

In tumors of the bladder, however, the application of radium occasioned great pain, and the results had not been very satisfactory. The same was true as regards cancer of the rectum, but if the patient was willing to endure the pain, a cure could be effected, in some of the cases at least.

All the radium he had in his possession was three grams, and this amount was totally inadequate to the demands now made upon him. He would like very much to have ten grams at his disposal.

Dr. Wood was reported as saying that the position he took was one somewhat between the enthusiasm of Dr. Kelly and the moderation of some of the more conservative authorities. All that he wished to do was to make a plea for the utmost care and caution in announcing results. In all cases thorough microscopical studies should be made to establish the diagnosis, and a reasonable time permitted to elapse before reporting a cure. Cancer was not an easy thing to cure, and it was only right that one should wait at least six years before announcing a cure.

Personally, he said he knew that some of the cases alleged to have been cured by radium were not cured.

Prof. James Ewing of the Cornell Medical College, one of the best-known workers in the field of medical research in this country, and an authority on cancer, during an address delivered at the formal opening of the Research Hospital of the State Institute for the Study of Malignant Disease in Buffalo last month, referred to the use of radium in the treatment of cancer. His paper appears in the current issue of The New York Medical Journal. In it he said:

Radium and its allies have made a steadily enlarging field for themselves in the treatment of localized and inoperable tumors. It has long been known that sufficient exposure to radioactivity kills cancer cells while sparing normal tissues, and it has remained a question of the technic of application how far this action could be employed for the control of cancer.

So long as the use of radium was limited to superficial growths, just as well removed by the knife, it was regarded as an interesting and expensive toy, and when not a few aggravations of the disease were charged up against the careless or inadequate application, it assumed the character of a dangerous toy.

No such atmosphere surrounds the reputation of radium to-day. Every year has brought improvements in the methods of application, in the quantities available for use, in accuracy of dose, and in the observation of effects.

It has been demonstrated that radium is the best method of treatment of certain superficial and some deeper tumors which may also be removed by the knife, and that in a few conditions deforming operations not certainly successful may well be avoided by its use.

The "X" ray treatment of cancer has made substantial progress during the last year. Here again it has been a question of the technic of application, since the destructive action of "X" rays upon cancer cells has long been recognized. By the repeated and prolonged application of filtered rays, it has been possible to render many inoperable tumors accessible to the knife, and in some instances to eradicate extensive, although comparatively superficial, growths, which were formerly regarded as far beyond the reach of this or any other agent.

Thus the field of radium and "X" ray as curative agents in cancer is rapidly widening, and the results already obtained assure for the cancer hospital a definite field of successful therapeutics of inoperable and borderline cases. Likewise the capacity of these agents as palliatives is correspondingly increased, so that by systematic employment of physical therapy the melancholy aspect of the chronic cancer ward may be greatly mitigated.

# BREMNER IS UNCHANGED.

### Dr. Kelly Predicts Coming of Radium Depots to Treat All.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BALTIMORE, Dec. 28.—No marked change has yet taken place in the condition of Congressman Robert Bremner of New Jersey, who is undergoing the radium treatment for cancer at Dr. Howard A. Kelly's sanitarium on the most extensive scale ever attempted.

A correct prediction as to the effect of the treatment can hardly be made in less than three, or possibly four, weeks, it is said. Owing to the malignant growth being near the heart, Mr. Bremner's condition is at all times critical and, as Dr. Kelly has remarked in commenting upon the remarkable case, the Congressman's courage alone has kept him up.

Not only is the amount of radium being used in Mr. Bremner's case the largest in quantity and monetary value that has ever been used in a single operation, but it is also said that the growth is the most extensive that has ever been subjected to the radium test. It was because of this latter fact that the radium was applied directly to the tumor by means of eleven tubes inserted in incisions. The usual method is to place the radium tubes at some distance from the part affected by cancer.

Dr. Kelly, who returned to Baltimore last night, said to-day the chief lesson to be drawn from this specific case was that the nation should take immediate steps to conserve its radium supply. If this were done, there would be enough radium to handle all similar cases.

"It is a strong proof of the need of Government control," Dr. Kelly said, "to insure a supply of radium in public depots. If Congress will sequestrate the radium-bearing lands and prevent the exploitation of it by private persons as well as its exportation, this will be the one all-important step toward solving the problem."

"Radium will cure superficial cancer without operation, and is the greatest possible boon in cases of cancer around the mouth, tongue, eye, nose, and ear. It acts immediately in the form of disease known as sarcoma, melting it down like snow before fire."

Dr. Kelly said that there was not now in existence enough radium to treat one-one-hundred thousandth of the cases needing it. But he made this prediction:

"While radium is at present scarce and extremely costly, in a few years we shall have radium depots all over the country, available for all.

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# 80 YEARS OLD AND LOST.

### Neatly Dressed Octogenarian Found Shivering in a Hallway.

A patrolman passing along Broadway early yesterday afternoon came upon a man of 80 years standing shivering in the doorway of 902. He was escorted to the shelter of the Mercer Street Station and he told Lieut. Sullivan he was Henry Timman of 130 East Thirteenth Street. But no one in the big apartment house at that address knew any Henry Timman or knew the old man and though the police drove him about the neighborhood for three hours they could find no one who knew him.

The initials "P. M." were in the hatband of the derby he wore. This seemed to bother him, and after a great effort to remember he said the first letter stood for "Powell." He could not remember what the "M." stood for. Finally the police gave it up, and rather than put him in a cell they sent him off to Bellevue Hospital

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*The Annalist Barometrics on Page 815*

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## MISS VIELE GRIFFIN WEDS.

**Poet's Daughter the Bride in Paris of Comte Jehan du Mas de Paysac.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—Miss Marie Antionette Viele Griffin, daughter of Francis Viele Griffin, the American poet, was married to Comte Jehan du Mas de Paysac Saturday in the Church of Notre Dame de Grace, Passy.

Lieut. Col. Achille Hepp and Prince Charles Adolphe Cantacuzène were the bride's witnesses, those for the bridegroom being Antoine Loiseau de Grandmaison, his brother-in-law, and Vicomte Jacques du Mas de Paysac, his brother.


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# *BY WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES*

## SAYS UNITED STATES IS RUNNING CHINA

**Has Assumed Political and Financial Guidance, According to British Correspondent.**

**POWERS OUTMANOEUVRED**

**Missionaries Greatest Force in Americanizing the Country—President Wilson's Clever Move.**

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Monday, Dec. 29.—The Daily Chronicle's Shanghai correspondent, writing on the spread of American influence in China, says:

"There can be no doubt about the growing spirit among the youthful Chinese which holds America as the hero of democracy and which induces them to look upon America as their guide in matters of national conduct. The attitude of the Chinese in Peking always has been, if anything, favorable to Britishers, and is so now, but there is a louder cry going up with a strong American accent in all matters political.

"The Ministers of State are pro-American and the new Chinese officials are mostly men of American education. Even President Yuan Shih-kai is known to be peculiarly friendly toward America and the other great President of the world. He is understood especially to favor American capital coming to China.

"The American missionary also plays his part well, and probably works political economy into his evangelistic propaganda more than any missionary of any other nationality. Then there is a vast Young Men's Christian Association organization in China, which is worked almost exclusively by Americans, who are indefatigable in their work in all parts of the country and have done more during the last five years to Americanize China than any other force operating there. As a matter of fact, America has assumed the political and financial guidance of China. This attitude is speedily growing, by tactics that outmanoeuvre Japan, Russia, and England, and is strengthened immensely by President Wilson's early recognition of the Chinese Republic and his attitude in connection with loan matters.

"During the revolution the English diplomatists were so circumspect, and have been since, as to incur the annoyance of the Chinese, whereas the United States cleverly contrived to be on good terms equally with the North and the South. There can be doubt, either, that Americans can appreciate the sheer immensity of China more than the average Englishman, and every American knows that, all good intentions fully granted, there finally will come a mackerel as a reward for the sprat now being thrown."

## PRAYERS FOR IRISH PEACE.

**Solemn Service, Tinged with Warnings, Held in English Churches.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—A "solemn service of intercession for the preservation of the peace of Ireland," authorized by the Bishops of London and Southwark, was held to-day in many churches of London. In the prayers references were made to "the political leaders of the country," and this exhortation was included: "Let us pray that we may be spared the calamity of civil war."

At Westminster Abbey the special collect asked God "to save and deliver us from the dangers of discord that now seriously threaten us, more particularly in Ireland."

The Dean of Westminster in his sermon said that nothing coud justify a measure which would result in leaving undying hatred among peoples who belonged to the Empire. Irish history was full of terrible memories, and the Protestants of Ulster were at any rate genuine in their belief that under a Dublin Parliament they would not be allowed to enjoy equal justice, and rather than be taken from the protection of the Government in London they were, they said, prepared to resist with force.

The Bishop of Lichfield said that the danger now was not war between England and some foreign power, but civil war within our own islands. It is not a matter of mere bluff, but a real peril to the nation. We should not be deceived into thinking, he said, that if there was civil war in Ireand we shoud not feel it.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, preaching in the cathedral, issued a warning to extremists and pointed out the dangers of anger in controversy.

"Special prayers were being asked in behalf of Ireland," he continued. "What would those prayers be like if the respective solutions, proposed by this party or that, were regarded with the merest scorn and anger by their opposing centres, as the embodiment of brianless or crafty treason on the one hand or of callous and prosaic obscurantism on the other?"

## LARKIN'S TRIP IN DOUBT.

**Statement That He Would Be Coldly Received Here Interests Dublin.**

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Monday, Dec. 29.—James Larkin, in a speech in Dublin last night, referring to his alleged intention to visit America, said he would not go without the consent of the Transport Workers' Union.

The Daily Telegraph's Dublin correspondent says a New York dispatch intimating that Larkin is not likely to receive either a warm welcome or much money in America has been read in Dublin with much interest.

"It is especially gratifying to the Nationalists, who have bitter memories of the recent by-elections and who are thirsting to get their own back," he continues. "Should Larkin persist in his intention to visit America, it is fairly easy to calculate the amount of support he will receive from those who have poured their dollars into the Nationalist war chest in years past. They, like the Nationalists here, will not condone his offense of willfully endangering the passage of the Home Rule bill, and his visit, if it ever comes off, should provide interesting incidents on both sides of the Atlantic."

## MISS MACVANE EXONERATED

**Italian Police Seek Man Who Tried to Blackmail Her.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Dec. 28.—Miss Dorothy Macvane, the American operatic singer, is being entirely vindicated, through the efforts of Ambassador Page, who has succeeded in proving that the assertion that she has been engaged in espionage on behalf of France was a pure fabrication.

The surveillance to which she was subjected has been stopped and the judicial authorities have ordered the arrest of Innocente Cicala, who sought to blackmail her with a demand for money, under threat of publishing defamatory articles concerning her.

Cicala, who was the correspondent of the Socialist organ Avanti and is himself a rabid Socialist, stood as a candidate at the last general elections against Prince Frassodentice, whose wife is an American. He apparently expected the order for his arrest, as he has disappeared, and the police so far have been unable to find him. The Socialists held a meeting to-day and expelled him from the party.

## PERIL IN STERILIZED MILK?

**Predisposes Children to Tuberculosis, Dr. Mond Contends.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—Dr. Robert Mond, son of the late Dr. Ludwig Mond, after a series of investigations extending over many years, has arrived at the conclusion that tuberculosis is not conveyed to human beings by milk, and, further, that sterilized or condensed milk is a danger to children, and definitely predisposes them to tubercular infection. Interviewed on the subject yesterday, he said:

"Numerous investigations undertaken and pathological examinations showed that infection by tubercular bacilli rarely, if ever, occurred from the bowel, as would be the case were milk an agent for transmission. Children fed upon the milk of cows which subsequently were found to be suffering from tuberculosis had not contracted the disease.

"On the other hand, at an infant's hospital a large number of those children who it was known had been fed exclusively from birth upon sterilized or condensed milk, which, of course, could be guaranteed tubercle free, developed tuberculosis of the bovine type.

"The term 'bovine' must not be taken to imply that that particular form of infection has been passed on from cattle to human beings. It would be quite as reasonable to suppose that human beings had infected cattle originally as that cattle had infected human beings."

Dr. Mond drank milk from tubercular cows himself, and "thrived on it," he said, but, he added, "I shouldn't have dared to use that milk sterilized."

**Not to Exhume Rampolla's Body.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Dec. 28.—It is officially announced that Cardinal Rampolla's body will not be exhumed. The Messagero, which was largely responsible for creating the sensation about the rumored missing will, explains this morning that it never intended to suggest the exhumation, despite its announcement yesterday that a judicial order had been given for a post-mortem examination.

## 94 ARE ACCUSED OF HIGH TREASON

**Hungarian Government Scared by Religious Propaganda of Ruthenians.**

**BIG TRIAL STARTS TO-DAY**

**Church Books of Prisoners Who Changed Faith to Escape Priests Contained Prayers for the Czar.**

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, Dec. 28.—The monster trial begins at Oarmaros Sziget, Hungary, to-morrow of ninety-four Ruthenians charged with high treason and espionage in the interests of Russia. They will be defended by sixty-two counsel, and 274 witnesses will be called.

The Ruthenians, of whom there are about 500,000 in Hungary, for the most part extremely poor and ignorant peasants, have complained for years of being exploited by the priests. As the Hungarian Government ignored their complaints, some of them embraced the Russian Orthodox faith, so as to get rid of these priests, and advised their countrymen to follow their example, which a great number did.

This occurred last Winter, when relations with Russia were strained and Russian spies and emissaries swarmed in the monarchy. As the prayer books used by the Ruthenians, which were sent from Russia, contained prayers for the Czar and victory of the Russian arms, the Hungarian Government became alarmed. Mistaking the Ruthenian movement for a dangerous political propaganda in favor of annexation by Russia, it had all the agitators preaching conversion to Orthodoxy arrested as Russian agents.

Among the leaders of the propaganda who are said to have supplied the agents with money are Count Bobrinsky and the Russian Bishops Eudoxius and Antonius. Several Russian monasteries also are mentioned. The principal figure among the accused is Alexander Gabalyuk, or Father Alexy, of Mount Athos. The trial is expected to last six weeks.

## ROYALTY SEES "MONA LISA."

**King and Queen Inspect Picture at French Embassy in Rome.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—The "Mona Lisa," Leonardo da Vinci's great masterpiece, which was stolen from the Louvre and recently was recovered in Italy, will arrive in Paris from Rome on Wednesday. It will be exposed at the Ecole des Beaux-Arts till Saturday, when it will be transferred to its old place in the Louvre.

ROME, Dec. 28.—The "Mona Lisa" was taken to the Palazzo Farnese to-day by Dr. Ricci, Director General of Fine Arts, and delivered to the French Ambassador. King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena visited the Embassy, where they spent a long time in a careful inspection of the famous picture. Later many foreign artists, including several Americans, were allowed to view the painting.

The "Mona Lisa" was then prepared for transportation to Milan, where it will be exhibited either in the Brera Palace or Sforza Castle. The painting was placed in a first-class reserved compartment of the train for Milan under the charge of Signor Modigliani, director of the Brera Gallery; Henri Marcelle, director of the Louvre, and M. Leprieur, curator of the Louvre.

## WARNED NOT TO COME HERE

**Hungarian Government Tells Emigrants There Is No Work.**

VIENNA, Dec. 28.—The Hungarian Minister of the Interior has sent a circular to all municipalities in Hungary warning intending emigrants to delay their departure to the United States until economic conditions in that country improve.

The circular states that American manufacturers, particularly those identified with the steel and iron interests, have reduced their output, and as a consequence there are many men at the present time out of employment.

## TO CREATE HAUPTMANN ROLE

**Hedwig Reicher Chosen as Penelope in "The Boy of Odyssey."**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 28.—Fräulein Hedwig Reicher, a beautiful and gifted young German tragedienne, who has acted in the United States within the past two years, has been specially selected by Gerhart Hauptmann to create the rôle of Penelope in his historical allegorical drama, "The Boy of Odyssey."

The piece will be presented for the first time early in 1914.

## RELICS OF REMBRANDT.

**Great Painter's Palette-Knife and Mahlstick in London.**

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—A firm of London art dealers have just bought in Holland Rembrandt's ivory palette knife and tortoiseshell mahlstick. It is said that there is no question as to their authenticity. A vellum scroll accompanies the relics, and on it are inscribed the autograph signatures of a long line of owners since Rembrandt's death in 1669, beginning with the illustrious name of Rembrandt's compeer, Jacob Van Ruisdael. Thus he starts the scroll:

"I will keep them all my life out of respect for the glorious master," adding the pious wish that in the years to come every successive possessor should "hereunto sign his name."

The sale at which Ruisdael bought them was not the tragic dispersal of 1658, when the noble collection of the bankrupt Rembrandt fetched the beggarly sum of 5,000 florins, but the melancholy sale of his effects to pay the cost of his thirteen-florin burial in the Webster Kerk. From 1890 until last week the palette-knife, mahlstick, and scroll had been in possession of a Dutch family.

## CZAREVITCH HAS SETBACK.

**Effusion of Blood Causes Renewed Anxiety for Russian Heir.**

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—The Daily Mail's St. Petersburg correspondent states that the Czarevitch's health, according to trustworthy reports, is again giving cause for anxiety. For the last two or three days he has not been well, probably because of an effusion of blood, brought on by overexertion.

The news is the more deplorable as the health of the Czar's heir at Livadia had been excellent and inspired hopes for his complete recovery.

## SERVIANS INVADE ALBANIA.

**Seize Villages the Powers Decided Should Belong to New Principality.**

VIENNA, Dec. 28.—A report received here from Scutari says that Servian troops have occupied four Albanian villages—Klovozit, Novoselo, Strezora, and Topojan—which the powers had decided should belong to Albania.

**Servian War Minister Resigns.**

BELGRADE, Servia, Dec. 28.—Another Cabinet crisis is imminent. The War Minister resigned to-day on account of refusal of the Cabinet to pass the war budget.

## GREETING FROM NEW LINER.

**Banqueters on the Frederik VIII. Send Cable to the President.**

COPENHAGEN Dec. 28.—The new Scandinavian-American Line steamship Frederik VIII., which was launched last May, will start on her maiden trip for New York Feb. 5. At an official banquet aboard the steamship to-night the guests included the American Minister, Dr. Maurice P. Egan, and the envoys of the Scandinavian countries.

Vice Admiral Richelieu, President of the line, gave a toast to the American nation and President Woodrow Wilson. A congratulatory telegram was dispatched to the President.


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# BASEBALL TROUBLES MULTIPLY--ATHLETICS--BOXING--FOOTBALL--POULTRY SHOW--SHOOTING

## FEDERAL LEAGUE AFTER NEW YORK

### President Gilmore Starts East to Confer with Men Who Want Franchise.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—The reverberations of the bomb exploded in the ranks of organized ball by the Federal League Saturday night hardly died away to-day before the independent organization fired another shell. President Gilmore of the Federal League left for New York to confer with financiers in that city relative to a shift in the league lineup that will put the Eastern metropolis in the circuit.

Following the announcement of the signing of Tinker and Brown, the departure of Gilmore only added to the discomfort of organized ball officials.

Gilmore's trip was announced by Charles H. Weeghman, one of the local backers. Weeghman confirmed the statements made by Gilmore regarding the acquisition of Tinker and Brown. When asked how Gilmore had managed to dodge reporters so successfully, Weeghman told of his secret getaway to Gotham.

"Mr. Gilmore to-day left for New York to talk with men anxious to secure a franchise, and already has an option on a site for a park."

The addition of New York will mean the dropping of one Eastern town unless the league will include ten teams, which is unlikely. Pittsburgh, Baltimore, Toronto, and Buffalo now form the seaboard section. The appearance of Toronto was not announced until last week, and was entirely unexpected, as, in line with their policy of secrecy, the Federals denied that Cleveland was to be let out. The visit of Gilmore in the East, coupled with the explanation of Weeghman, that undoubtedly means that the Independents will put a club in New York if conditions are favorable.

The news that President Gilmore of the Federal League was on his way to New York seems to bear out rumors which prevailed yesterday that the Federal League is about to make an entry into New York. Several men of prominence in local sporting circles were connected with the rumor. That the new league would quickly grasp any such opening goes without denial as it is certain that New York is one of the objective points in the plans of the organization. If the rumor carries any truth New Yorkers will soon see another such contest as occurred ten years ago when the present league made its successful fight to put a club in Manhattan despite spirited opposition on the part of the National League.

The question of securing an available field proved the greatest setback to the American League, and would undoubtedly be the same with the Federal League. There is a chance, however, that the Federals may walk into a golden opportunity in the shape of American League Park, given up by the Yankees at the close of the 1912 season. This field, which has been idle for a whole year, has mentioned in the rumors. The replacing of seats would be about the only expense to fit American League Park for baseball if the league is able to secure a lease. The diamond and outfield are the same as when the Yankees left to play at the Polo Grounds until Frank Farrell's new park at Kingsbridge is ready for occupancy next season.

The New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb at Fort Washington Avenue and 163d Street is the owner of the park. Frank Farrell's lease expired one year ago, and unless there are entanglements under another lease, the Federal League would undoubtedly jump at the chance to play there, since the plant has already been popularized as a baseball park. If only a short lease can be secured it would enable the league to get a footing here while in search of another field. At the same time it would put the new league in a much stronger position to establish itself as a permanent organization.

Jess and Ed McMahon, who have been conducting semi-professional baseball at Olympic Field for several years, were prominently mentioned yesterday in connection with the proposed club here. It is known that they talked with President Gilmore during the latter part of the past season, while in Chicago with the Lincoln Giants, and rumor had it that they had wired Mr. Gilmore yesterday to come to New York. When asked last night if there was anything in the report, Jess McMahon said:

"This is all news to us, although we knew that the Federals had been looking with longing eyes toward New York. Our friendship with John McGraw and Frank Farrell would not permit us to have a hand in the local outlaw club."

## BROOKLYN WILL WAIT.

### No Legal Action to Restrain Tinker at Present Time.

A conference was called yesterday by Vice President Edward H. McKeever of the Brooklyn National League Club and Bernard York, the club's counsel, regarding the action of Joe Tinker in signing a Federal League contract, when it was tentatively agreed that any legal action to restrain Tinker from playing with any team other than Brooklyn would be deferred until just before the opening of the season of the so-called outlaw organization.

For one thing, the Brooklyn Club desires to await announcement by the National Baseball Commission as to the latter's attitude toward the defection of Tinker and others. Moreover, according to McKeever, there is no reason for immediate resort to the courts. The Brooklyn Club officials will continue to hold that Tinker is legally a member of the club, and it is expected that sooner or later the shortstop will make known his baseball intentions in a formal manner to the Brooklyn management. Tinker has not yet replied to the letter embodying the playing terms offered him.

One phase of the case of interest to the Brooklyn Club officials concerns Tinker's future status in organized baseball if the courts uphold the Brooklyn team's contention that Tinker must play under Ebbets. It is considered that this is a problem for the National Commission to solve.

Some major league baseball officials in this city are known to hold views at variance with August Herrmann regarding the financial backing of the Federal League, believing that Tinker, Mordecai Brown and other players, wise in baseball experience, would not have signed with the Federal circuit unless they had been convinced it had sufficient stability to carry out its agreements with them.

## WILL DEFEND PLAYERS.

### Federal Will Protect All Contract Jumpers in Court.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 28.—"The Federal League will stand behind every one of its players, and in any case where legal action is brought against the men, the league will furnish the defense," declared J. Edward Krause, a Dirctor of the Federal League, to-night, when told that the officials of the Brooklyn Club were planning to enjoin Joe Tinker from playing with the Chicago team of the new organization.

"We think that the reserve clause in the contracts of the ball players is invalid, and believe we can secure such a decision if the matter is taken into court," Mr. Krause asserted.

Mr. Krause laughed at the statement of Chairman August Herrmann of the National Commission that the league did not have financial backing, saying that plenty of money to carry through the Federal's programme was available.

### Will Consider Players' Demands.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 28.—"Mr. Fultz's interpretation of Article 8, Section 1, of the National Agreement is correct, and it would have been useless for him to present any matter concerning contracts to the Directors of any of the leagues," said Chairman August Herrmann of the National Commission here to-night. "What the outcome of the deliberations of the commission will be after hearing the committee from the Baseball Players' Federation I cannot say but the committee will be heard, and the demands will be given early consideration," continued Mr. Herrmann.

## FULTZ EXPLAINS APPEAL.

### President of Players' Fraternity Says National Agreement May Stand.

President David L. Fultz of the Baseball Players' Fraternity yesterday outlined the stand and petition of the fraternity which is to be considered by the National Commission at Cincinnati one week from to-day. The petition is signed by about 500 members, and was presented to the National Commission and the National Board on Nov. 8. A conference will take place in Cincinnati on Jan. 6, at which the fraternity will be represented by its officers, John P. Henry, Jacob E. Daubert, Ray W. Collins, John B. Miller, Edward M. Reulbach, and President Fultz. In connection with this petition it has been stated that the fraternity has adopted the wrong procedure—that it should have presented the petition to each league individually, and that it would have to start all over again. President Fultz says:

"These criticisms, however, were made by those who did not take the trouble to inform themselves regarding baseball legislation. Article VIII., Section 1, of the national agreement reads in part as follows:

"'All contracts between clubs and players in the major leagues shall be in form prescribed by the commission. All contracts between clubs and players in the National Association shall be in form prescribed by the association.'

"As the relation between the players and owners is purely contractual, it is readily seen that the commission and board are the only proper bodies for us to appeal to, and that had we attempted to get relief from any other source we would have been decidedly out of order, and would very probably have been sidetracked.

"The criticism is also made that our requests, if granted, would involve a revision of the national agreement. Even though this were the case, it would be well worth the trouble. Any legislative enactment which unnecessarily abridges the rights of one group of persons for the benefit of another group, without any advantage accruing to the body politic, should be done away with at no matter what cost.

"Nothing of this kind, however, need be involved. As far as we are concerned, the national agreement may stand just as it is. An agreement with us granting our requests and providing that it takes precedence over anything to the contrary, wherever found, in baseball legislation, will be all that is necessary to carry the changes into effect. The owners may make such changes in their various enactments as are deemed necessary, at their pleasure.

"Other reports say that organized ball will simply delay decision on our requests indefinitely, and eventually, perhaps, shelve them altogether. Any such action seems to us very unlikely. Nothing would be accomplished by derequests indefinitely, and eventually, have to be faced. The players most assuredly would not relish being ignored, and their attitude would be made even more determined and perhaps somewhat embittered. Aside from this consideration, we believe that organized ball is inclined to be fair and to meet the players half way. Our requests are equitable, and were framed after a great deal of careful consideration.

"We have not viewed the situation entirely from the players' standpoint, but have tried to look at it from all angles. Apparent hardships upon the players which we deemed necessary for the maintenance of the game, such as the release clause and the reserve rule, we have left untouched, except the latter rule in the case of veteran players.

"It is a matter of great gratification to us to witness the attitude of many of the leading baseball men toward our petition. If reports can be relied upon, it has been pronounced acceptable by Mr. Herrmann and Mr. Johnson, two members of the commission, and, while Gov. Tener, the third member, has not yet expressed an opinion, we have no fears regarding the stand he will take. As we have no reason to doubt the sincerity of any of these gentlemen in this matter, we feel very confident that the adjustment will be satisfactory to all concerned and that numerous causes of friction heretofore existing between the owners and players will be done away with for good and all."

## BAN JOHNSON WORRIED.

### Declares Tinker and Brown Foolish —No Action Against Stovall.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—The news that Joe Tinker and Mordecai Brown had signed contracts to manage teams in the Federal League was received by President Ban Johnson of the American League here to-day, and he declared that he considered both men were making a foolish move in jumping organized baseball to hook up with the so-called outlaws.

Although President Johnson has given no strong evidence that the Federal League is causing him concern, it is known that he is viewing the situation with no great pleasure. The attitude which both major leagues held in regard to the Federals last season is undoubtedly a thing of the past, and instead of letting the Federals have all the rope they want it is rumored now to go out and fight what now looms up as a peril to the interests of the major league club owners. The defection of such a player as Tinker, at a time when he was the most prominent figure in baseball, has proved a stunning blow, and grave fears are entertained that other stars may follow. Prospects of a real baseball war have increased greatly during the last two days, and it may be that the Federals will be able to pursue the tactics the American League employed several years ago, when Johnson fought the National League as the Federals now plan to battle both the National and American Leagues.

As for invoking the aid of the civil courts in the Tinker case, President Johnson would not be quoted, evidently on the supposition that this was a case for the National League. He declared that no effort would be made to bring George Stovall back to the American League. The ex-St. Louis manager had incurred the displeasure of Johnson some time ago and this led to his being replaced by Branch Rickey.

## CLUBS TO ENJOIN CONTRACT JUMPERS

### Herrmann Says That Players Who Join Federal League Will Be Kept Idle.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 28.—Drastic steps will be taken against all major league baseball players who desert the straight and narrow paths of their present high class company to become members of teams now making up what is known as the Federal League of baseball clubs. This is the information gleaned from a statement made by Chairman August Herrmann of the National Baseball Commission, when told that Joe Tinker, who formerly managed the Cincinnati National League team, had signed to manage the Chicago Federal Leaguers, and Mordecai Brown, Cincinnati pitcher, will pilot the team representing St. Louis in the same league.

When asked as to the methods which will be employed by the clubs in organized baseball to protect themselves in case it turns out to be true that the Federals are invading the ranks of the majors, Mr. Herrmann replied:

"Each club will enjoin any of the players who jump contracts or reservations. This will take their cases into the courts and force the players to remain idle until decisions are handed down. There will be no blacklist, but any players who ignore organized baseball to the extent of jumping either contracts or reservations will always remain outside the fence. They will never be employed again on the fields of organized baseball. If they choose the Federal or any other league it will be with their eyes open, and they will have only themselves to blame if they are forced to accept minor league salaries for the rest of their careers."

Discussing the reported opinion of ex-President Taft to the effect that the reserve clause will hold in law, Mr. Herrmann stated that he had not received definite word of any such opinion having been handed down by Mr. Taft. It is believed, however, that Mr. Taft has given the subject careful thought and much study and has come to the conclusion that the reserve clause is perfectly legal and can be enforced.

## SOCCER ON MANY FIELDS.

By defeating Bridgeport City in the replay for the American Football Association's cup by the score of 5 goals to 1 at Marquette Oval in Brooklyn yesterday, in the presence of a crowd of 2,500 persons, the team of the Brooklyn Football Club qualified for a place in the third round, and they will play the Tacony F. C of Philadelphia. At the end of the first half the Brooklyns led by 2 to 0, which was the score at the finish of the game. The Bridgeport Connecticut were outplayed at every point and it was proved to their satisfaction that the replay was quite superfluous to demonstrate the superiority of their opponents.

Playing superb football in every department the Longfellow soccer football eleven kept up its winning streak in the second section of the New York State Amateur League series when it defeated the Clan Chishoim club at Suburban Oval, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon, by the score of two points to one.

With a defense that was unbeatable and a forward line that knew all the tricks of the game the German F. C. Metropolitan League team easily conquered the Hudson United eleven in their championship game at Huber's Oval yesterday afternoon, the score being 2 goals to 1.

At Van Cortlandt Park yesterday afternoon the Overseas Wanderers and the West Side Rangers played ninety minutes to a drawn game of 2 goals each.

First place in the second section of the New York State Amateur Soccer League was maintained by the German F. C. by the narrow margin of one point when they defeated the Swedish-American eleven at Columbia Oval yesterday afternoon by the score of 3 goals to 0.

In a Metropolitan League game the I. R. T. Strollers humbled the Hamilton F. C. at Hedley Field yesterday by the score of 2 goals to 0.

Some sensational playing by Carver, who scored three of his team's four goals, enabled the Fulton A. C. to win the New York State Amateur League contest with the Hudson United eleven at Woodside, L. I., yesterday afternoon by 4 goals to 1.

At Harrison, N. J., the West Hudsons, champions of the National League, yesterday defeated the Clan McDonalds of Brooklyn by the score of 4 goals to 2.

The Scottish-American F. C. won from the St. George F. yesterday in a championship contest of the National League at McNulty Field by the close score of 1 goal to 0.

At Newark the Caledonians of Newark defeated the Wilberforce squad yesterday by the close score of 2 goals to 0.

By the score of 5 goals to 1 the Clan McDuffs defeated the Overseas at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday in a championship game of the New York State Amateur Soccer League.

The Yonkers F. C defeated the Greenpoint F. C. in a New York State League game at Knight's Oval, Greenpoint, yesterday by the score of 4 goals to 0.

Playing before a large crowd at Dunning's Oval, Yonkers, yesterday, the Brooklyn Celtics and Hollywood Inn soccer elevens battled in a first division championship contest, at the New York State Amateur Soccer League. The team from Brooklyn captured the contest by the score of 3 goals to 1 after a hard-fought game that was full of sensational plays.

### Pat Ragan Considering Offer.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 28.—"Pat" Ragan, pitcher of the Brooklyn National League Club, is seriously considering overtures made to him by Federal League officials. Ragan was formerly of the Omaha Club of the Western League, and lives in this city.

"They made me a handsome offer," said Ragan to-day, speaking of overtures of the Federals. "They offered me a two years' contract at a much better salary than the Brooklyn Club has paid me. While I much prefer to remain in organized baseball, sentiment is small consideration, and like every other ball player, I am prepared to take advantage of any proposition that carries a satisfactory financial agreement. I have not come to any terms thus far with the Brooklyn management, and shall wait for future developments before I do so."

## MANY CLUB RUNNERS OUT.

### St. Anselm's Events Attract Good Fields at Two Distances.

Local runners indulged in a double event yesterday under the auspices of the St. Anselm A. C., the distances covered being three and one-quarter miles for the shorter race and nine miles in the longer, both routes as to length being approximately figured. Harry Smith led the men in the latter event, covering the distance in 48 minutes 56 seconds, and incidentally beating Frank Ruggiero, a clubmate from Bronx Church House, nearly a minute.

The winner is said to have beaten a "record" for the course held by W. Galvin of the Irish-American A. C. For the three-and-one-quarter-mile event Nick Gianocopoulis of Yonkers showed the way to Al Roth of the Mohawks, leading the latter over the line by about fifty yards in 16 minutes 4 seconds.

## ATHLETICS IN NEW ARMORY.

### Xavier Association to Hold Annual Sports at Twenty-second Regiment.

The Xavier Athletic Association announces its annual games and exhibition at the new armory of the Twenty-second Regiment, Broadway and 168th Street, Saturday evening, Jan. 10, and the principal event will be the half-mile run, in which many of the stars of the Metropolitan district have promised to take part. As these games will be the first held in the new armory, the outcome is awaited with interest by the many followers of track and field games in this vicinity.

Diamond prizes will be given in the shape of rings to first, second, and third in each event, with the exception of the relay race, in which each of the members of the winning team will be awarded a ring, while each member of the second team will get a diamond stick pin. It is stated that a special permit will be given by the Registration Committee in connection with the prizes which will be given for the special half-mile event.

### Nye First in Bronxdale Run.

H. Nye of the Mohawk A. C. won the regular weekly road run of the Bronxdale A. C. yesterday, which was held over the streets of Van Nest. The distance covered by the men was stated to be five miles, with the winner's time 27 minutes 7 seconds. J. Mitchell, an unattached runner, filled second place, 150 yards behind the winner, who was never seriously opposed by the rest of the field. The summary of the first ten men and the order of finish: H. Nye, Mohawk A. C., 27:07; J. Mitchell unattached, 27:31; M. Beaudine, Bronx Church House, 27:48; S. Selig, Bronxdale A. C., 28:48; F. Romano, Bronxdale A. C., 29:10; D. Goldman, Bronxdale A. C., 29:65; L. Wallace, Bronxdale A. C., 31:16; Breidenbach, Bronxdale A. C., 31:48; F. McBride, Raymond Lyceum, 32:00; C. Meyer, unattached, 33:10.

### Zybyszko May Wrestle at Garden.

Stanislaus Zybyszko, the Polish wrestler, has cabled the management of the international wrestling tournament to be held at Madison Square Garden that he is endeavoring to cancel European engagements in order to be one of the contestants at the Garden event. The Polish wrestler has been touring Europe, and recently participated in the so-called international tourney in Paris, where he was defeated by a giant Frenchman named Raoul de Roeun. Frank Gotch, the present champion wrestler, has announced his intention of meeting the winner of the Garden tournament, and this is largely responsible for the desire of the Polish champion, who has been on the trail of Gotch, to get into the event.

### Rosander Leads in Road Race.

A. Rosander of the Finnish-American A. C. led home a pack of twenty-two hill and dale runners yesterday in the weekly road race of the Glencoe A. C., held over the club's course in the Bronx. Harry Jamison of the home club, after running a hard race, beat out M. Taub, a clubmate, for second place. The winner covered the course in 19:57.

Rosander went out at the start and set the pace for the pack for two miles, running in easy fashion, and apparently strong. Passing the two-mile mark, Taub loomed up, and with a strong sprint passed Rosander and appeared a sure winner. The effort of Taub in gaining the premier position had its effect, for he soon fell away and was forced to relinquish the place to Rosander during the next half mile. Jamison, who lagged along on a steady gait, passed Taub in the last quarter of the journey and was a good second.

### New Rochelle Y. C. Shoot.

The ten men who faced the New Rochelle Yacht Club traps yesterday made some excellent scores in the eight matches decided. The prizes were evenly divided, B. R. Stoddard, A. L. Burns, and G. P. Krauss each winning two contests. In the shoot for the monthly cup Stoddard won the leg with a full score of 25. He tied J. P. Donovan, who was not present, so the tie will be shot off next week. Stoddard's other win was a 25-bird sweepstakes, with 23 breaks. A. L. Burns won the 10 and 15 bird scratch contests with full scores, and G. P. Krauss, after tying Burns in a distance shoot at 25 clay birds, won in the shoot-off, and they divided the prize. Krauss also won a 25-bird trophy match. J. H. Mahlstedt won a trophy match with a full score of 25, and in the shoot-off of the ties between G. P. Granberry and A. E. Eldridge for the monthly cup from Saturday's match Granberry won with 47 breaks out of the 50.

## ENGLISH BOXERS AT LOCAL CLUBS

### Clever Britishers to Appear at Fairmont A. C.—Important Matches in Other Cities.

The boxing programme arranged for the coming week by the matchmakers of local clubs offers many attractive bouts, although none of the real top-notchers of the game are scheduled to appear here. The Garden A. C. will be closed, but the Fairmont will be busy this week, so there will be no shortage in the number of shows. Three afternoon shows have been arranged for New Year's Day, and all the clubs will be closed that night.

Bouts in other cities will attract more attention among local boxing followers than the bouts arranged for this city. To-night at New Haven Jess Willard and George Rodel are scheduled to box twenty rounds, the longest bout arranged in the East in several years, and a number of New Yorkers will make the trip to the Elm City. At Los Angeles Thursday afternoon Leach Cross will engage in a twenty-round bout with Bud Anderson, and the same afternoon at San Francisco Gunboat Smith will mix with Arthur Pelkey over the twenty-round route. At the same time Johnny Dundee will engage in a ten-round bout with Freddie Welsh, the English lightweight champion, at New Orleans. Several New York boxers of lesser reputation will appear in bouts at Philadelphia and in Northern New York.

At the Fairmont A. C. Thursday afternoon two ten-round bouts will feature the card. The main event will bring together Sapper O'Neill, the English lightweight, and Johnny Harvey of New York, and in the semi-final Kid Herman will exchange punches with Young Fox, the English bantamweight. The greatest interest centres in the work of the two English boxers, who made such strong impressions with local boxing followers in their first bouts here. O'Neill showed great cleverness against Fred Halsband, and Fox repeated against Joe Mooney at Madison Square Garden. Harvey and Herman rank among the best boys of their respective classes in the East.

A bout that should have considerable bearing on the welterweight situation is carded for to-night at the National Sporting Club, where together Johnny Alberts of Elizabeth, who recently stopped Phil Cross in six rounds, and Tommy Maloney of the west side. The latter was one of the cleverest lightweights in New York, and outgrowing the class and will devote himself to the higher class in the future. Alberts's steady run of victories makes him stand out as a possible leader of the division.

The Irving A. C., which has come to the front as the leading boxing club of Brooklyn, has arranged two ten-round bouts for its holiday matinee Thursday. In the feature event Bob Moha of Milwaukee and Freddie Hicks of Detroit will do the honors, while the semi-final will show Charley Kohler of Cleveland and Johnny Dohan of Brooklyn. The same club has arranged a good show for Saturday night, the ten-round bouts bringing together Patsy Callahan vs. Charley Barry, and Eddie Cook of Greenpoint vs. Young Lustig of New York.

The Gowanus A. C. of Brooklyn will feature its holiday show with heavyweights, the headliners being Tim Logan of Philadelphia and "Porky" Flynn of Boston, who came out on a campaign among the white hopes. This will be Flynn's last bout until he boxes Battling Levinsky at the National Sporting Club early next month.

The Atlantic Garden A. C. of the lower east side will put on its regular weekly show to-morrow night, three ten-round bouts featuring the card. In the main event "Special Delivery" Hirsch of Chicago will oppose Benny Leonard, the east side lightweight, who has been making rapid strides to the front. In the ten-round semi-final Frankie Madden will mix with Fighting Joe Hyland, and the opening bout will show Young Tack of Brooklyn vs. Young Franks.

Three ten-round bouts will be put on to-night at the Olympic A. C. of Harlem. Joe Stacey and Eddie Melroy will be the principals in the main event, and the contestants in the other bouts will be Danny Murphy vs. Ed McConville and Billy Andrews vs. Dave Ritchie.

The Military A. C. of Brooklyn will be busy to-night, two ten-round bouts making up the big part of the card. Frankie Hufnagle, the former amateur champion, will oppose Jimmy Murray in the main event, and Young Glover will box Young Hoffman in the semi-final.

The New Polo A. A. of Harlem will put on its regular card Friday night, and the usual Saturday night shows will be held at the Fairmont, Atlantic Garden, and Sharkey Clubs of New York, the Gowanus, Vanderbilt, Irving, and National Clubs of Brooklyn, the Queensboro A. C. of Long Island City, and the West Brighton A. C. of Staten Island.

## CROWD AT POULTRY SHOW.

### Sunday Opening of Exhibition Proves a Big Success.

The Poultry Show at Madison Square Garden was in full swing yesterday, and the novelty of opening the exhibition to the public proved a success. The attendance, which has daily exceeded the record of previous years, demonstrated the increase in the interest of the general public in poultry. The lectures, which are a daily feature of the show this year, were well attended. Addresses on "Poultry House Construction" and on "Profitable Egg Producing" were delivered by Prof. W. R. Lewis of Rutgers College and the New Jersey State Agricultural Experiment Station at New Brunswick. Prof. C. William Beebe of the Bronx Zoological Park delivered two interesting illustrated lectures on "Rare Birds." Lectures of interest to professional, amateur, and prospective poultry farmers will be continued daily.

The opening of the cat show to-morrow is attracting the attention of all the admirers of the felines. The classes include those for Siamese, Manx, Abyssinian, and Russian cats, as well as the commoner varities better known in America. More than one animal whose value is fixed in five figures will be on exhibition. One hundred and seven classes for domestic cats will be judged. Among the celebrated individual cats that are entered are Mrs. Gillespie's Pearl King, Mrs. Chester Chapin's Bungalow Turk, winner of the best cat prize at the Hotel Astor show, and Miss Champion's Argent Floriosa, winner of the best silver prize at the same show.

Meetings of the American Black Wyandotte Club and the Greater New York Homing Pigeon Club will be held at the Garden to-day at 2 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, respectively.

The judging of pigeons, of which there are nearly 2,000 entries, will be completed to-day, as well as that of the rabbits, cavies, mice, pet stock, and rare and ornamental birds. The poultry judges are making every effort to complete the judging of the 5,000 entries of chickens, ducks, geese, and turkeys before the close of the show Wednesday night.

## WRENN LOSES AT TENNIS.

### Douglass and Cutting in Final Round for Tuxedo Cup.

*Special to The New York Times.*

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Play reached the final round in the court tennis tournament here to-day leaving J. Gordon Douglass of New York, and Fulton Cutting of Tuxedo, to compete for the first honors to decide the first winner of the new challenge cup title. Fulton Cutting defeated C. S. Lee three straight sets and Pierre Lorillard, Jr., won from Robert D. Wrenn, after which he was downed by J. G. Douglass after a hard-fought struggle.

There was a large gallery of tennis enthusiasts present. The latter match was the best of the series. Douglass took the first set at 6—5. The second went to Lorillard easily at 6—2. With honors even it was an uphill fight, the score was even all the way until four games all, and Douglass forged ahead and won out at 6—5, and repeated the same thing in the next set. The clever plays were applauded by the fashionable audience. The final match will be played on New Year's Day. The summary:

Second Round.—P. Lorillard, Jr., defeated R. D. Wrenn, 6—2, 6—4, 6—2.

Semi-Final Round.—Fulton Cutting defeated C. S. Lee, 6—2, 6—2, 6—0; J. G. Douglass defeated P. Lorillard, Jr., 6—5, 2—8, 6—5, 6—5.

### Triangular College Chess Tourney.

Cornell, Pennsylvania, and Brown, composing the Triangular College Chess League, will begin this morning the fifteenth annual tournament for the league championship and the Rice trophy at the rooms of the Brooklyn Chess Club. The contest will last four days, lasted only two, as heretofore, there will be four to represent each college. Pennsylvania holds the championship and has two legs on the trophy, for which four matches have been played. Cornell won one and the fourth was a tie between Cornell and Pennsylvania. It takes three wins to capture the trophy outright. Last year, with R. Sze, the Chinese student, and M. J. Teitelbaum, Pennsylvania scored 7½ out of a possible eight points. The three teams follow:

Cornell—R. S. Perkins, C. E., '15; A. C. Ehrlich, C. E., '14; W. Gratman, C. E., '15; A. W. Clurman, Ag., '14.

Pennsylvania—R. Sze, Ch. E., '14; M. J. Teitelbaum, Law., '14; H. Holgate, Wh., '16; R. Levin, Law, '14.

Brown—R. E. Mitchell, '14; E. C. Durfee, '14; C. L. Woolley, '14; J. L. Sperry, '14.

### St. Leo Defeats True Blues.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 28.—The True Blue soccer team of Paterson, N. J., was defeated by the St. Leo team here to-day, 2 to 1. This gave the local team two out of three victories in the series with the Eastern eleven.

### Toronto Takes Soccer Series.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 28.—The Toronto Professionals to-day defeated the Theresas, a local soccer team, by 2 to 0. It was the Canadian team's second victory in the three-game series just closed in St. Louis.

## PLANS FOR AUTO SHOW.

### Many Visitors Expected for Annual Event at Grand Central Palace.

Preparations are being made by automobile organizations in many parts of the country to storm the fourteenth annual Automobile Show in the Grand Central Palace, the week of Jan. 3 to 10, in full force. Many clubs are arranging for special trains to New York, while one or more clubs will make automobile tours to this city. Members of the Worcester Automobile Club will leave Worcester on Friday, Jan. 2, and more than a dozen cars are expected to be in the run. The same day the Chicago Motor Club Special will leave there, arriving in New York the following evening at 6 o'clock, in time to be present the opening night. Detroit will see the largest exodus to the East. The Wolverine Automobile Club will run a special train accommodating 250 people, arriving in New York on Saturday. The Automobile Club of Buffalo, which is the largest affiliated club of the American Automobile Association, also will send a large delegation. Clubs nearer New York City will be well represented, including the Automobile Club of Syracuse, the Quaker City Motor Club, and the Automobile Club of Maryland.

## WHITTAKER SWIMS FAST.

### West Side Y. M. C. A. Wid-Winter Competition Furnishes Good Sport.

A. W. Whittaker, with a total of 10 points, won the point prize yesterday in the midwinter aquatic competitions at the West Side Y. M. C. A., which furnished an interesting programme. Five events comprised the programme, with Whittaker finishing first in the sixty-four-yard swim for boys over 15 years of age, and capturing the tilting contest.

The feature event was the 115-yard swim for the older boys, in which H. Hamilton was the winner, covering the distance in 2:20 1-5. Hamilton showed a strong stroke throughout, and, taking the lead early in the race, was never challenged, making his own time toward the end. In the junior event for boys under 15 years of age, F. Tansill proved the best, winning the 32-yard swim. E. Horst won the 24-foot fetch, in which he covered the distance under water in 0:26 2-5.

Twenty contestants participated in the tilting events, which required trial heats before the best of those able to hold their poise were brought together. In the finals Whittaker came through with the best performances, defeating both E. Horst and E. Horstman. The summaries:

32-Yard Swim, Boys Under 15 Years of Age.—Won by F. Tansill; G. R. Mason, second; E. Berg, third. Time—0:21.

64-Yard Swim, Boys Over 15 Years of Age.—Won by W. Whittaker; H. Hamilton, second; E. Horstman, third. Time—0:45 4-5.

150-Yard Swim, Boys Over 15 Years of Age.—Won by H. Hamilton; W. Abbott, second. Time—2:20 1-5.

24-Foot Fetch.—Won by E. Horst; F. Tansill, second; E. Berg, third. Time—0:26 2-5.

Tilting Contest.—A. W. Whittaker defeated E. Horstman.

Point Score.—A. W. Whittaker, 10; F. Tansill, 5.

## YALE ON RIGHT TRACK.

### Courtney Says New Rowing Coaches Should Help Blue Crews.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 28.—That Yale should regain some of her former prestige in aquatics if she goes back to the Bob Cook stroke is the opinion of Charles E. Courtney, Cornell's rowing coach, who says that in the old days the Bob Cook stroke rowed by Yale was a good one, and that Yale won many victories with it. He thinks that in Armstrong, Giannini and Nickalls Yale has a trio of capable instructors who should do big things for the Blue crews.

Courtney, however, ridiculed the claims made at New Haven that he, Courtney, got some of his ideas for the Cornell stroke from Cook, or that any of the Cook rowing principles are incorporated in the Cornell stroke.

"You may say for me," he said, "that the Cornell stroke was thought out and worked out here with Cornell, that it evolved from the experiences of Cornell crews and that it got nothing from the stroke of any other university."

### Henderson Wins Knollwood Shoot.

R. W. Henderson, with a handicap of ten, after "killing" 85 birds for a total of 95, annexed the honors yesterday in the 100-bird event at the weekly shoot of the Knollwood Country Club. W. W. Pell, the scratch man, was the runner-up, with a score of 85. W. Crampton, another scratch man, who finished well down the list in the 100-bird event, with a score of 73, accounted for the Take-Home Trophy, with 39 clean shots out of a possible 50. The scores follow:

100-Bird Shoot, Handicap.—Won by R. W. Henderson, (10,) 85; W. W. Pell, (scratch,) 85; C. F. Fox, (10,) 82; F. P. Wilcox, (12,) 81; W. H. Sykes, (12,) 76; F. M. Wilson, (12,) 74; W. Crampton, (scratch,) 73; W. H. Merrill, (15,) 67; A. McAvoy, (scratch,) 53.

Take-Home Trophy.—Won by W. Crampton, 39.

## SPOTTS AGAIN HIGH GUN.

### Larchmont Y. C. Expert "Kills" 141 Out of Possible 150 Birds.

Full scores were the rule at the traps of the Larchmont Yacht Club yesterday, where the number of nimrods that mustered at the firing line was the best this season. The conditions for this final weekly shoot of the year 1913 were a cloudy sky and scarcely any wind, but cold enough to nip the fingers of the contestants.

Ralph L. Spotts by breaking 141 blue rocks out of the possible 150 was high gun for the sixth consecutive time this season. The runner-up was D. F. McMahon with 136.

Five men tied with full scores of 25 in the shoot for the Monthly Cup. They were J. T. McCahill T. Lenane, Jr., H. H. Duden, W. E. Ferguson, and J. S. Halstead. In the shoot-off McCahill won the leg, but Lenane took the prize, he having won two previous legs during the month. R. L. Spotts and A. W. Church had each won a leg.

Sixteen contested in the match for the Visitors' Cup and eight of them tied with full scores of 25. There were T. Lenane, Jr., T. J. McCahill, H. H. Duden, R. L. Spotts, W. B. Short, G. J. Corbett, W. E. Ferguson, and J. S. Halstead. In the shoot-off Lenane won. He also proved the winner of the 125-bird handicap match. In this he with McCahill, Duden, and Ferguson returned full scores of 125, Lenane winning in the shoot-off. J. S. Halstead was the runner-up with 121 breaks to his credit.

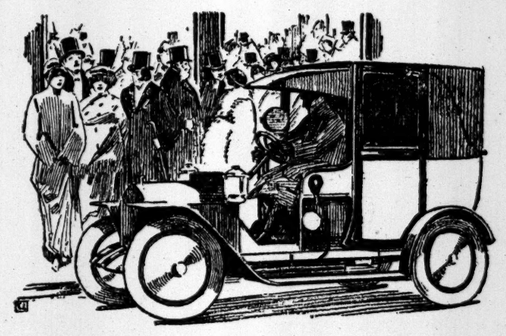
There was keen competition in the shoot for the first Take Home Trophy at 25 birds. A. W. Fitzgerald, D. F. McMahon, J. S. Halstead, and G. W. Lembeck all tied with full scores, and in the shoot-off Fitzgerald won. McCahill, Lenane, and Short tied with full scores of 25 each in the shoot for the second Take Home Trophy, and in the shoot-off W. B. Short was the winner. The 15 and 10 bird scratch contests were won by Ralph L. Spotts and D. F. McMahon, respectively, both with full scores.

### Clean Score for Van Alen.

Ten trapshooters took part in the weekly contests at the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club at Fort Washington, yesterday, and full scores were returned in all but one of the six matches decided. The feature of the day was the shooting of J. Van Alen, a visitor, who made 100 straight breaks, shooting without a handicap. H. L. Hoyt was the winner of two matches. He won the leg for the du Pont Cup, with a full score of 25 and a handicap of 4, and he won the leg for the Monthly Cup, with a full score of 25. J. W. Alker was successful in winning the leg for the Yearly Cup, with a full score of 25 and a handicap of 4. He was also the winner of the 10-"bird" scratch contest. F. R. Long won the 15-"bird" scratch shoot.

### New Canadian Cup Defender.

The Royal Canadian Yacht Club is raising an $8,000 subscription fund for the building of a new Yacht Racing Union cup defender. The trophy was won by the Patricia on Lake Michigan last Summer, and the Chicago Yacht Club has challenged for the cup, the races to be held during the Summer of 1914. The new cup defender will be designed by George Owens of Boston, who is also designer of one of the new candidates for America's cup honors. The new P class third-rater will be built by James Andrews of Oakville, Ontario.

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|---|---|
| Table Wine | $0.75 |
| Zinfandel | 1.00 |
| Riesling | 1.25 |
| Johannisberger | 1.25 |
| Auslese | 2.00

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## FOREIGN TRADE UNDER THE NEW TARIFF.

It is undeniable that we are exporting and importing under the tariff which became effective on Oct. 4, but it is more doubtful that any sure inferences can be drawn yet regarding the effect of the tariff from the figures now being published. A month ago much was made of an unprecedented excess of exports of $138,694,766, as showing certain things not now necessary to specify, because nullified now by the excess of exports of November of only $97,051,154, or nearly $30,000,000 less than last year. The least cautious statistician, or the least prudent politician drawing inferences for partisan uses, ought to be warned by such surges of trade as are shown by the comparison. Apart from the figures themselves they are further discredited as indications of the working of the tariff by their not taking notice in their present form of warehouse stocks. "Entries for warehouse" and "imports for consumption" are different quantities, and they are not sufficiently denoted or distinguished in the earliest figures of foreign trade.

Without reference to such fine distinctions it is possible to say that our foreign trade is large and wholesome, whatever it may show, or not show, regarding the tariff. The excess of exports for eleven months is $642,100,403. That is a robust reality, over a period too long, and a volume too great, to be affected by the fluctuations inexplicable, on present knowledge, at the turn from the old tariff to the new. It is not reasonable to say that imports increased abnormally in September because rates would be lower in October. November alone is a better balanced month, showing like the eleven months a better relation between exports and imports. Over the year thus far exports have increased, and chiefly in the non-agricultural classes, which increased $60,000,000. Even under the old tariff, which was effective for nine of the eleven months, this was a feature of our changing foreign trade, and it is reasonable to expect that the new tariff will stimulate it when fully operative.

For the eleven months the imports decreased $55,148,947, mostly in October and November. Inasmuch as we are selling more and buying less the world is running in our debt for goods, and we are lending it money besides. It is always so when a check to our domestic activities calls out our reserve strength. It is in our depressions that we are portentous to our foreign customers, and that we lay the foundations for a prosperity surer and stronger than any which preceded. An excess of exports of $642,100,403 points to something broader than can be inferred from two months' business under the new tariff. It reflects free exports of agricultural products even in a year of moderate crops, and the ability to spare manufactures from domestic consumption. It reflects, on the other hand, ability to moderate our purchases abroad, even under the temptation of lower customs. The two considerations show that we are masters of our commerce, and in condition of solvency which may be the envy of the world. The fact that our exports of gold exceeded the imports by $22,594,542 is proof of strength, not weakness. Those who despair of business improvement ought to spend some time with the foreign trade figures.

## A PHILIPPINES "PROTECTORATE."

It is announced from Manila that the Hon. MANUEL QUEZON, Delegate in Congress, is returning with the intention of advocating a "protectorate" for the islands in place of a general guarantee of neutrality by the United States in treaty with the Powers, which is a feature of the bill for independence now pending in Congress. He is reported to have said that "a protectorate is regarded "as a more efficient guarantee of the "integrity of the Philippines."

There is something to be said for that, but it does not cover the situation by a good deal. What we understand Mr. QUEZON to advocate is "absolute self-government of, by, and for the Filipinos," with the United States necessarily standing as responsible for their relations to foreign countries. It is obvious that the United States could not in reason assume any such responsibility without ample power to secure peace, order, and due respect for the rights of foreign residents, and it is equally obvious that it could not have such power if the Filipinos secured absolute independence before they could themselves guarantee these conditions. Independence is only a question of time, but the time must be fixed by the United States in the light of facts, not of theory.

## TO DANCE THE YEAR OUT.

On the whole, the more sedate portion of the community may find comfort in the fact that dancing is to be encouraged in the various hotels and restaurants on New Year's Eve. To dance the old year out and the new year in is not such a deplorable way to make the semblance of a festival as to do nothing but eat and drink and jest heavily, with no forms of conduct to observe. The growth of the dancing fever, which has been a social phenomenon of 1913 that future historians of society must not overlook, may prove a saving grace in the saturnalia of 1913-14, with a consequent lessening of the formless tomfoolery which has made some of the recent New Year's Eves hereabout painful to remember. Dancing in itself is a joyous art, and where the rhythm of the dance prevails there cannot be so much inharmonious noise and confusion as we have become sadly familiar with.

Apart from the general dancing, there is more hope for a moderated manifestation of hilarity this year, as the scandal of previous years is so generally condemned, while the outside revelry is likely to be considerably chastened by the formal celebration in Madison Square Park. If this ceremony of song amid illuminations is as successful as its promoters hope, we shall look for the institution of similar celebrations in various parts of the town another year. Weather like that of Christmas night, of course, would put a damper on all outdoor celebrating, but the noisy crowds in the streets would not make the night hideous, either, in that case. Our holiday weather is infrequently so bad as that, however, and nobody is hoping that the old year will go out in a deluge. On the contrary, we are looking for crisp and pleasant weather and every opportunity for the multitude to give expression to such high spirits as it may possess with all reasonable jollity.

## THAT TINPLATE IMPORT.

Much is being made of the report that 40,000 tons of Welsh tinplate have been ordered for delivery under the new tariff, one remark being that it takes away the jobs of the makers of an equivalent amount of American tinplate. There are about this at least two troubles, and probably more. The Welsh tinplate is not a gift. It is paid for by goods which have given jobs to American makers of those goods. Neither is the Welsh tinplate imported for storage. It is imported to be used in manufactures which will give jobs to still other Americans.

If it is used for roofs it will give jobs to the builders. If it is used for cans it will give employment to the makers of cans, and of whatever is put into the cans. The only loss on the transaction is the loss of profit in making the tinplate, and there are profits which cost the country dear, even if earned by the makers of the protected goods. So far as the imports under the reduced duties are materials for manufacture, and stimulate our industrial processes, it will be hard to make them spell disaster. Besides, there has been no flood of imports under the new tariff, even if there have been increases in some items.

## BUSINESS EDUCATION IN WISCONSIN.

The National Retail Dry Goods Association, in its latest bulletin, gives some interesting and valuable information as to the industrial education work of the State of Wisconsin. The paper is prepared by Mr. H. E. MILES, President of the board having the work in charge and also a Vice President of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

The particular line first pursued is the teaching of retail salesmanship, especially as it is practiced in the now almost universal department stores. The main method is that of continuation schools, in which all pupils of the high schools are required for the two years between the ages of fourteen and sixteen to attend instruction in retailing, those in employment being in attendance for at least one half day, for which they are released by their employers. The work is made directly practical and the instructors are those who have had actual experience in business. The work is as yet confined to several cities, but it is developing steadily, both in extent and in efficacy, and it is the intention to make it general. The co-operation of employers has been sought and is given with increasing readiness and advantage.

The bearing of this system on the broad question of the "minimum wage" is apparent. Any requirement that employers shall pay a minimum wage is practically a prohibition of labor for less than that wage. As employers cannot possibly be compelled to pay any wage, small or great, except in return for work they think is worth the wage, this sort of legislation is negative and destructive. It tends to create a class who cannot find employment at any rate that they can earn. It is a plain inference that this class must either be supported by charity, public or private, or must be educated to earn. Industrial training is thus the sole alternative, if we are going to apply the minimum principle. It is, however, equally valuable if that principle be not adopted, for by advancing the productiveness of the employé, it practically establishes a minimum of earning higher than the untrained can secure. It is a matter of general and permanent importance, not merely to the young immediately benefited but to society at large.

That a system of this sort should be embraced in the public schools is, it seems to us, too clear for argument. We are far from advocating exclusive industrial education, but we venture to insist that the opportunity for such education should be offered, and that it should be made compulsory for pupils who cannot be shown to be independent of it. To this class it is as needful as the three R's. And this class embraces not merely the majority of pupils in the public schools of the cities, but the great body of them. The principle of the greatest good of the greatest number distinctly demands that a system such as is being tried out in Wisconsin should be provided.

## AN UNPLEASANT INCIDENT.

The wisest international policy is liable to continual misinterpretation, but it is well in a critical situation that officers of one Government should avoid all actions which are likely to lead to heated controversy. We had confidently expected, in view of the untrustworthy character of many of the reports from Mexico, that the tale of the reception by Admiral COWLES on board the Pittsburgh at San Blas of certain Mexican Constitutionalists would be authoritatively contradicted, but it has been confirmed in later dispatches, and, although the excitement the incident has caused among the supporters of HUERTA in the City of Mexico may seem exaggerated for political effect, sober-minded Americans will feel sorry that an American naval officer has been so indiscreet. No announcement has been made that the United States is supporting any one of the rebellious factions in Mexico. The reception of MANUEL BONILLA and his lieutenant, LEE CHRISTMAS, aboard an American war vessel off the coast of Honduras some years ago, when BONILLA was endeavoring to overthrow the legally constituted Government of that State, caused much unfavorable comment. The fact that the success of BONILLA'S "revolution" thereafter was generally credited to American interference is not forgotten.

We have no idea that the affair at San Blas has any political significance whatever, but the Administration must know that our Mexican policy is not invariably attributed to lofty and benevolent motives in other countries. It is to be hoped that the San Blas incident will be the last of its kind. As for the hostile comments it has inspired in Mexican newspapers, they need not bother us, while the tales of the landing of arms from American ships for the use of the rebels will gain no credit here. The naval officers on American ships in Mexican waters should be cautioned, however, that acts of courtesy are liable to be misunderstood. In pursuing the policy which the famous peace advocate, ALFRED FRIED, calls "diplomatic postponement," and praises for its humane intent, we cannot be too careful to avoid the appearance of taking sides.

## IF WOMEN CHOSE.

Very true words were those of Mr. CYRIL MAUDE to the Barnard College students, in which he urged upon them recognition of the personal influence of women in keeping the stage clean and its standards high. It is a great pity that the deeply rooted and important truth at the bottom of his remarks should be so little appreciated by those women who seem able to see only one way of making the world better. The immense force of the power of public opinion, the subtlest, most invincible power in the world greater than navies, armies, laws, or governments, is at bottom an individual creation, in which women can have just as much or as little share as they like. In many matters of consequence they could have, if they wished, a much greater share than men. "It is the women, not the men," Mr. MAUDE told the Barnard girls, "who rule the theatre. It is "the women who keep the theatres "open, who choose what styles of "play shall be a success."

The suffragist propaganda bases one of its chief lines of argument upon the belief of the women that with the ballot they could do away with the white slave traffic and curb the social evil. If they had cared to exercise the influence which rests in them as individuals they could long ago have done just as much toward achieving those results as they will ever be able to do with the ballot. In the Housewives' League they are beginning to realize, in the economic issues of life, the potential power of the individual, whether working alone or through an organization. No law is needed to send half the women in New York into hobble skirts in one year and into some other kind the next, nor to make most men in cities suffocate every Summer in coats and high collars.

Man has never invented or imagined anything nearly so potent for the regulating of society and the control of the individual as this intangible thing called public sentiment. In its creation women can have, upon nearly all questions, just as much or as little share as they choose. Many matters they could, if they liked, take practically into their own hands, just as Mr. MAUDE declares they could do with the stage, and create and make evident a public opinion so strong that no laws would be needed to enforce it. If they would appreciate and undertake more of the work that lies ready for their hands they would have little time left to carry on a campaign for the ballot. And perhaps they would get it the sooner.

## DEAN WORCESTER'S LECTURES.

Mr. DEAN C. WORCESTER, who was Secretary of State in the Philippines for twelve years, and before his appointment to that position served on both the first and second Philippine Commissions, will deliver two lectures at Carnegie Hall, to-morrow night, Dec. 30, and next Tuesday night, Jan. 6, in the pursuance of his plan to enlarge the common knowledge in this country of our important dependency in the Far East. The subjects of these lectures, respectively, will be "Wild Tribes in the Philippines" and "The Picturesque Philippines," and in the first he will indicate what has been accomplished under the American occupation toward the civilization of the people of the islands and their social and moral improvement. No other American citizen is better qualified than Mr. WORCESTER to speak on this subject. He has been thrown in close contact with the natives of the islands, he has made himself known and liked among them, he has studied their manners and customs and knows their needs.

The subject is one of great and growing interest to all Americans. The future of the Philippines concerns us all, and the knowledge the citizen may obtain from books and newspaper articles could not be better supplemented than by these lectures, illustrated with lantern pictures from photographs taken by the lecturer in his extended official tours and founded on the closest observation of the people of varied races and ethical ideals whose relations with us are now so generally discussed. Nowadays Manila is in the itinerary of pleasure travel, while the agricultural and commercial possibilities of the Philippines are matters of increasing importance. We have spoken lately of the revival of the lecture as a means of information and culture. We demand of the modern lecturer that he shall not only have the vocal training and vocabulary of the orator, but also an accurate and exceptional knowledge of his subject. To these qualifications Mr. WORCESTER adds the zeal of the teacher. He has a lesson to impart.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

**A Medico Frees His Mind.**

Doctors have a well-earned reputation for keeping the secrets of their patients, but at least one of them, at least once, has been blazingly indiscreet in the way of unveiling a carefully guarded mystery of his profession. For, writing in The New York Medical Journal, he makes a truly startling betrayal of what a doctor's thoughts sometimes are while he looks at a suffering patient with that air of deeply sympathetic wisdom upon which confidence—and fees—so largely depend. Just listen:

> There sits before the physician in many instances an embodiment of twenty to forty years of an education of dubious value, accomplishments, flattery, luxury, undisciplined emotion, and, usually, an overwhelming egotism and conviction that on earth there is no other woman who has her particular problems and sorrows. There is a wild desire to be understood, to be adequately appreciated, a hint that even the husband has not grasped the depths of her uncommon nature; a terrible loneliness is felt in the midst of a deceitful and unsympathizing world.

That may be wise, but it certainly isn't sympathetic, nor is a further statement—made after saying that the higher in the social scale these patients may be, the harder is it to help them: "Properly to meet such a problem would demand of the medical adviser the strength of Hercules, the wisdom of Aesculapius, and an aloofness from female charm that was never manifested by any of the heathen gods."

Do what the doctor may, it seems, such a case is lamentably apt to remain just as it was in the beginning, and in desperation he can only get rid of it by advising consultation with some famous specialist a thousand miles away. The alternative is a prescription of "work for the poor," with the probable consequence of making a new lot of pseudo-paupers, on the one hand, and of offending some self-respecting members of the laboring class, on the other.

As if this were not enough, the article makes the further betrayal that it is not uncommon for the husband of one of these spoiled daughters of fortune to pay a secret visit to his wife's physician and "promise princely rewards for the restoration of a once endurable temper." Here, indeed, are new reasons for women to say that they are not understood by men!

**Parcel Post Meets the Big Test.**

There is much justification for the boast of the Postmaster General that his pet, the parcel post, met remarkably well, considering its youth, the test of Christmas, with its sudden and enormous increase of work. Complaints of failure to receive presents on time as a fault of the new service seem to be almost wholly absent, and certainly there have not been visible this year at the railway stations in and near New York the mountains of packages with which the express companies have hitherto struggled with a calmness due in part to despair and in part to the absence of effective competition from the mails.

A part of the change may be a result of the innumerable exhortations which we have all received to do our Christmas shopping early and to get our gifts on their way betimes, but not all of the improvement can be thus explained. The parcel post has really proved itself a much-needed convenience, if not a necessity yet fully realized as such, and Mr. BURLESON'S promise soon to extend its present limitations will be received with general satisfaction.

One of the first things he should do is to add books to the number of "parcels" that can be carried by this branch of the post, and he might well mitigate the slightly monomaniacal antagonism of his department to the putting of written words, no matter how few, within the coverings of mail not technically "first class." To do so would have no appreciable effect on postal revenues, and even if it should, what does he care, since by fair presumption he believes in the computations of the obliging bookkeepers who have figured out a surplus for his part of the Government?

As he knows only too well, it is but a small part of the public that is worrying much over the question whether or not he is paying the railways enough for carrying the parcel post matter. Most of us still retain our touching faith in the ability of the railways to take care of themselves and their interests, and some of us have such evil natures that even if convinced of their occasional inability to do it, nowadays, our grief would not be uncontrollable.

**A Complaint Hardly Justified.**

One of our Coroners ascribes "many" of the recent automobile killings to the order of Mayor GAYNOR that the police should not arrest the chauffeurs concerned when their irresponsibility for what had happened was plain. The possibility that this would cause accidents is considerably less clear than the possibility that it might enable a guilty driver, when he chanced to be the only available witness, to escape deserved punishment.

Even this second possibility, however, is not easily measurable. In such cases the chauffeur would tell the policeman who questioned him on the street within a few minutes after the accident occurred at least as much and at least as truthfully as he would the Sergeant at the station or the Magistrate in court. That probability rests on the fact that before both of those higher authorities the chauffeur would appear with a calmed mind and after time to make up a good story.

We do not understand that Mayor GAYNOR'S order applied to cases other than those in which the policeman had reasonable grounds for holding the chauffeur guiltless, on positive, not negative, information. To serve a summons, then, would seem to be enough.

Still, it is a fact that the number of automobile accidents really unavoidable by a properly and sufficiently careful chauffeur is very small. In any circumstances, to run down a pedestrian is in itself almost enough to convict the man who does it of responsibility, to some degree, for the death or injury inflicted, for it is as much his duty to remember that pedestrians will be careless or confused as it is of pedestrians to remember that not all chauffeurs are competent or considerate. In this, as in many cases, responsibility is not lessened by division.

**Discrediting Expert Testimony.**

Irritable discontent with the testimony of "experts" as a means of enlightening a jury was probably never better warranted than in the case of the man SCHMIDT, whose trial for a deed about which there is practically no uncertainty is dragging along as if it were full of mysteries. The trouble, however, is with the system of procedure, not with the allenists who are contradicting each other with such assurance and calmness.

Between their statements the antagonism is rather apparent than real, for each group, on direct examination, does little more than answer questions carefully prepared by counsel with a view to supporting a position taken before the trial began. The effect of this passes over into the cross-examinations, and there is almost no bringing out of unbiased personal opinions based on the case as a whole.

The remedy for this situation has been often pointed out—the experts should serve the court, not the prosecution or the defense—but our now wildly exaggerated fear lest the innocent should suffer stands in the way of a needed reform. The trial, too, starts with the legal, but fallacious, assumption that insanity and irresponsibility are interchangeable terms. As insanity is largely a matter of time and place, its exact definition is impossible, and honest expert opinions concerning it are as many as the experts. That fact has little true relevancy to the problem of what should be done with or to SCHMIDT.

## COL. LAMPTON NO "PIRATE."

### Confesses He Is Baldheaded, but Denies Rest of Charge.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Your topical and traumatic comments upon me and my poem, "Yudou Shopperli," based upon a scandalous, scurrilous, and slimy suggestion by a Lakewood (N. J.) reader that it was "a piece of the most baldheaded literary piracy," give me a feeling of sadness and longing which is almost akin to pain, alleviated only by the opportunity of explanation you furnish in your closing sentence, to wit, "If he did write 'Abou ben Adhem,' the case is not so bad." You also help yourself out of that, for I wish to declare now for the first time in the history of that great poem "Abou ben Adhem" that I did write it.

Your Lakewood reader, with the restricted literary information characterizing too many inhabitants of New Jersey, I am grieved to say, has, no doubt, always believed Leigh Hunt wrote it, but he didn't. I wrote it myself and let my fellow-poet put his signature to it and collect the price because he needed the money at the time—more than I did. Heaven knows I needed it, but I am never too poor not to make a sacrifice for my art. All these years I have kept this secret, and would not divulge it now had this Lakewood reader of yours not cruelly compelled me to confess my duplicity.

When I wrote "Yudou Shopperli" for THE TIMES I had thought to place above it in parentheses, as is the custom, "With Apologies to Leigh Hunt," but I did not feel that I could willingly stultify myself thus, realizing that the all-knowing editor would do as he pleased about it, anyhow. I thank you, Mr. Editor, for this dear Christmas acknowledgment of modest merit and unclaimed right, and I am sure if the late lamented Mr. Hunt were here he would tell your Lakewood reader in thunder tones to go and bury his ignoble head deep in the sands of New Jersey, where blackjacks and the waving pines nod to the sweet potato vines, and silver sands pile up with pride on all the ugly things they hide.

In conclusion permit me to say that nothing, since one of your correspondents accepted with profound seriousness my proposition to Colonel an expedition into Mexico to reunite that separated land, has so stirred my innermost being as this Lakewood (N. J.) reader that of "baldheaded literary piracy." But, say, how the dickens did he know I was "baldheaded?"

W. J. LAMPTON.

P. S.—Your headline, "The Colonel Gets Us Into Trouble," caused me quite a shock, because I thought Roosevelt or Bryan had been doing something to THE TIMES. Of course, we three are the Colonel Trinity, but my modesty is such that I always think of one of them first when "The Colonel" is referred to.

W. J. L.

New York, Dec. 26, 1913.

## BLINDING ALCOHOL.

### Criminal Dealers in Rectified Methyl Are at Work.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

There seems to be widespread interest just now in the amount of blindness caused by the absorption of wood alcohol which barbers are using as an adulterant in bay rum, witch hazel, and other cosmetics. The Committee for the Prevention of Blindness is making a very determined effort to prevent blindness and death caused by swallowing or inhaling the fumes of methyl or "wood" alcohol, and is accordingly much concerned over what it finds to be a general use of this poison in a rectified form, in the preparation not only of lotions for external application but also in some tinctures and essences intended for internal use.

The presence of wood alcohol in bay rum is contrary to the rule in the United States Pharmacopoeia, and if this infraction may be committed with impunity the evil will spread to include a still larger group of internal remedies than is now being adulterated with this poison. Until recent years wood alcohol was a dark, bad-smelling, bad-tasting fluid which no one was tempted to drink. Now, however, the process of removing this color, taste, and odor represents a flourishing industry, and the refined product can scarcely be distinguished from grain or ethyl alcohol. It is this similarity between the poisonous and non-poisonous alcohol which gives rise to much of the present danger to the lives and sight of the unsuspecting public. The report upon the exhaustive study of wood alcohol made by Dr. Charles Baskerville for the New York State Factory Investigating Commission leaves no room for doubt as to the toxicity of this spirit, no matter how highly it may be rectified, and both blindness and death may be caused by its ingestion or inhalation.

We find that rectified wood alcohol is used as a substitute for grain alcohol in the preparation of many cheap drinks, such as anisette, white brandy, cordials, &c., in the preparation of Jamaica ginger, paregoric, spirits of lavender, &c., with terrible results. One case, for instance, is that of a woman who was permanently blinded by wood alcohol contained in paregoric, which she bought at a reputable drug store in New York City, and another is that of a young man made sightless for life by the same poison, which had been used to adulterate the whisky which a sympathetic friend administered for a cold.

The New York State Pharmacy law and the New York City Sanitary Code require that wood alcohol in any form shall be labeled "poison." In spite of this, one has little difficulty in buying this fluid, sometimes as wood alcohol and sometimes as Columbian spirits, from drug, paint, and grocery stores in New York City, with neither a label nor warning to indicate the poisonous nature of the product. The foreigners who unsuspectingly buy this rectified poison for the home preparation of their cordials, believing it to be "good" alcohol, are particularly pathetic victims of this traffic.

Unfortunately, this is not the whole story. As much blindness and death have been caused by breathing the fumes of wood alcohol as by swallowing the liquid. These fumes come from wood alcohol used in various trades and industries, for example, in varnishing furniture and leal pencils and the inside of vats for storing beer, wine, &c., in dyes for coloring feathers and artificial flowers, in hat factories, in the manufacture of photo-engravings, artificial leather and celluloid.

Much is being done by the Department of Health in instituting proceedings against barbers and druggists who sell wood alcohol without a poison label, and by Chief Justice Russell and Justice Collins of the Court of Special Sessions, in imposing sentence to the limit of their powers upon offenders brought before them. It is very much to be hoped that New York State may follow New Jersey in enacting a law which will provide for adequate punishment of those who knowingly deal in this poison. Albert Milanesi of Hoboken has just been sent to serve ten years in the Atlanta Prison for compounding and selling cordials in which he used wood alcohol. This seems not too heavy a punishment for a man who was selling death and blindness to unsuspecting people.

CAROLYN CONANT VAN BLARCOM,
Executive Secretary Committee for the Prevention of Blindness.
New York, Dec. 27, 1913.

### Junior Republic's Christmas.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

I have just come in from one of the prettiest, most whole-hearted Christmas services I ever had the pleasure of attending. It was held in a little chapel which stands by the side of a road that runs through one of the prettiest sections of New York State. The service was conducted entirely by home talent, the music, which formed a large part of the service, being furnished by the Boys' and the Girls' Glee Club, which had been trained, one by the Superintendent and the other by one of the girls' house mothers.

This little chapel is the religious centre of the George Junior Republic, and the boys and girls who took part in and attended the services of which I speak are citizens. If you could have sat with me and looked into their happy faces you would have wondered if that article in the New York paper was not a bad dream.

A WORKER IN THE REPUBLIC.
Freeville, N. Y., Dec. 26, 1913.

### Doctrine for the New Year.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Live up to the best that there is in you. Do it sensibly, cheerfully, and quietly. Then you will have a Christmas in your heart all the time.

Don't try to live up to your neighbor's ideals. Have your own standards. Make them as high as you can think and as fine as you can feel. It is of no use for you to strive after something that does not appeal to the real man that is inside of you.

Have a good time chasing these highest and best hopes. What do the knocks and falls amount to when they bring you just so much nearer your goal? Come into camp every night with a smile on your face, whatever the luck has been. It is just as easy to be cheerful chasing your ideals as it is to be happy hunting any other elusive game.

GEORGE W. COLEMAN.
Boston, Mass., Dec. 25, 1913.

### THE REQUEST.

Pray close the door upon the past,
Old Father Time, and lock it fast!
I would go on without a thought
Of years with only sorrow fraught;
Alone I'll tread my future way—
Pray let no bitter memory stray
Beyond the portal! Thus I'll go
Unhampered by no old-time foe!
* * * * * * *
Stay, Father Time, your willing hand,
Nor grant my foolish, rash command!
As forth through life my lone steps trend
What shall I do without the friend
Of bygone days? Where my delight
If memory of moments bright
Are kept forever from my mind,
And all past joys are left behind?
Nay, do not close the gate, Old Man,
But fling it wider, if you can.
Let friends and foes my steps pursue;
The bad, the false, the good, the true.
Let thoughts of saddest hours remain
And old-time pleasure thrill again.
Take not from me the sad old year,
But merely add the New Year's cheer.

LURANA SHELDON.

## NEED $12,737 TO GET $10,000

### Morgan Executors Warn Genealogical Society of Time Limit.

The New York Genealogical and Biographical Society must raise $12,737 before midnight of New Year's Eve if the society is to receive a $10,000 gift made by the late J. Pierpont Morgan, on condition that the society should raise $55,000 to form a building fund of $65,000. The present headquarters of the society, at 226 West Fifty-eighth Street, have grown far too small for the activities of the organization, the library being congested, and the capacity of the lecture hall far too small for the requirements. A year ago the Trustees determined to raise a building fund of $65,000, and Mr. Morgan on Jan. 4 last promised to give the last $10,000 of the required amount.

Since that time $42,263 has been subscribed, which with Mr. Morgan's promised gift makes the total in hand or in sight $52,263. Among those who have subscribed to the fund are Mrs. Frederick Ferris Thompson, $5,000; Mrs. James Julius Goodwin, $2,000; Mrs. Henry Draper, $1,500; Miss Emily F. Southmayd, $1,500, and the following who have promised $1,000 each: Andrew Carnegie, Clarence Winthrop Bowen, William Ross Proctor, Mrs. Russell Sage, and William Isaac Walker. Those who have subscribed $500 are Samuel Reading Bertron, George Sullivan Bowdoin, William Frederick Osgood Field, Mrs. Robert Hoe, Samuel Verplanck Hoffman, Charles Griswold Thompson, Frederick W. Vanderbilt, and Richard Henry Williams. Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes and Felix M. Warburg have subscribed $300 each. The other subscriptions range from $250 to $2.

The Board of Trustees made public yesterday an appeal which has been mailed to the members of the society calling their attention to the fact that only three days remain in which must be raised nearly $13,000 if the society is to receive Mr. Morgan's $10,000 gift. The appeal in part is as follows:

> A letter dated Nov. 20, 1913, has been received from the executors of the estate of Mr. Morgan, stating that "in view of the fact that they are working toward a settlement of the estate, they have set a limit of time, namely, Dec. 31, 1913, as the date prior to which the sum of $55,000 (exclusive of Mr. Morgan's subscription) must be subscribed to insure payment by the estate of Mr. Morgan's contribution."
>
> The Trustees, therefore, earnestly urge an immediate response so that the required $12,737 to secure Mr. Morgan's $10,000 gift may be speedily raised.
>
> The New York Genealogical and Biographical Society was organized in 1869. It owns its own building and has no debts. It records pedigrees of families. It has a library of 9,000 volumes. It publishes a 100-page quarterly magazine, now in the forty-fifth year of its continuous existence. It has monthly meetings, at which many of the most distinguished men of the country have spoken, and its usefulness was never so apparent as it is to-day.
>
> With a view of increasing such usefulness and of establishing a permanent home the above appeal is made. If you are moved to respond during the few days that remain before the close of the year will you kindly make out check to the order of the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society, or, if you prefer, send the inclosed card and pay in 1914 at your convenience?

The appeal is signed by the following members of the Board of Trustees: Clarence Winthrop Bowen, President; William B. Osgood Field, First Vice President; William Isaac Walker, Second Vice President; Abraham Hatfield, Jr., Chairman Executive Committee; Henry Russell Drowne, Secretary; Hopper Striker Mott, Treasurer; George Austin Morrison, Jr., John Reynolds Totten, Howland Pell, Samuel Reading Bertron, Henry Pierson Gibson, Ellsworth Everett Dwight, Thomas Townsend Sherman, Gen. James Grant Wilson and Tobias Alexander Wright.

## NEED $2,600 TO GET GIFT.

### Preventorium Has Promise of $1,000 from Jacob H. Schiff.

The Tuberculosis Preventorium for Children must collect $2,600 before Jan. 1 for its new open air school buildings in order to obtain the $1,000 subscribed by Jacob H. Schiff. The sum of $6,400 has been collected. The President of the institution is Dr. Herman M. Biggs.

Since its organization the institution has given the benefit of its open air treatment to more than 1,100 children from the tenement districts in New York.

## SHOWS GROWTH OF TAXES.

### Municipal Research Bureau Analyzes Expenditures of the City.

The Bureau of Municipal Research will begin to-day to distribute a sixty-page pamphlet entitled "Why Taxes Have Increased in Greater "New York," dealing with the growth and distribution of the tax burden in the city, and giving an analysis of municipal expenditures and their increases. The report covers the period from 1903 to 1913. Among other things the report says:

> The total tax levy has increased 50 per cent. from 1903 to 1908, but only 30 per cent. from 1908 to 1913.
>
> The tax upon real property has increased 61 per cent. from 1903 to 1908, but only 33 per cent. from 1908 to 1913.
>
> Revenues of the general fund for the reduction of taxation have increased from $21,300,000 in 1903 to $41,600,000 in 1913, an increase of 96 per cent.
>
> The total budget has increased 48 per cent. from 1903 to 1908, but only 34 per cent. from 1908 to 1913. Of the increase in the total budget since 1903 State taxes are responsible for 7.74 per cent, and the county budgets for 2.69 per cent. Of the increase in the total budget since 1908 State taxes are responsible for 16.17 per cent. and county budgets for 2.32 per cent.
>
> The budget for city purposes increased 49 per cent. from 1903 to 1908, and 29 per cent. from 1908 to 1913.
>
> Interest charges have increased 190 per cent. in ten years. Departmental operating expenses have increased 76 per cent. during the same time. Of the increase in the whole budget since 1903, 20 per cent. is due to the increase in interest charges and 51 per cent. to the increase in departmental operating expenses.
>
> Departmental operating expenses increased 38 per cent. from 1903 to 1908 and 28 per cent. from 1908 to 1913.
>
> During the last five years, expenditures of departments, offices, &c., under the Mayor, increased 31 per cent., in contrast to the 20 per cent. increase of the Controller's office, the 1.6 per cent. decrease in the office of the Borough President of Manhattan, and the 23.5 per cent. decrease in the office of the Borough President of the Bronx.

The report shows that the Department of Education is responsible for one-third of the total increase in departmental operating expenses; that another third is chargeable to the Departments of Police, Fire, Water, Street Cleaning, and Health, and that the remaining third is distributed among about forty departments and offices.

## DISTRUSTS LOAN SHARK LAW

### Glynn Won't Vitalize It, but Seek Some New Remedy.

ALBANY, Dec. 28.—The small loans law passed by the 1913 Legislature is inadequate, Gov. Glynn believes, so he intends to seek a new remedy for relieving the victims of loan sharks. Just what the nature of his action will be he has not said, but he will not appoint the two officers provided for to administer the present law, thus practically making it a dead letter. The offices are those of Supervisor and assistant, each to serve for three years at annual salaries of $5,000 and $3,000, respectively.

"The men earning small wages and patronizing these loan sharks," the Governor said to-night, "have too long been victimized and swindled. I have been told of cases where poor men have been for years settling up their accounts with loan sharks, and in the aggregate they pay at least five times more than the amounts borrowed. Some of the most prominent men and women of the State have appealed to me to stop this practice, and I am going to do it. The present law, however, falls short of accomplishing this result."

According to the Governor, the law, which eliminated the imprisonment penalty for usurious rates of interest, has encouraged money lenders to continue in business.

### Forum at Settlement House.

A Civic Forum, particularly for residents of the lower east side, has been organized by the Men's Club of the Henry Street Settlement. The purpose of the Forum is to make the neighborhood a force in public affairs. Social, economic, industrial, and political problems will be discussed by recognized authorities. Open discussion and questions will follow the addresses. Meetings will be held every Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the main hall of the settlement, 301 Henry Street.

# WILSON WORSHIPS IN LITTLE CHURCH

### Eludes Waiting Crowds at Pass Christian and Attends Services at Gulfport.

### KING SENDS GREETING

### Message of Congratulation from George V.—Little Girl's Bouquet Only Outside Gift on His Birthday.

GULFPORT, Miss., Dec. 28.—President Wilson sat in a quaint little Presbyterian church to-day among a congregation of less than a hundred and heard a sermon on the personal accountability of the individual to his Maker.

The President and Mrs. Wilson, accompanied by Dr. Cary T. Grayson, came unexpectedly, avoiding a crowd that had collected at the Little Church at Pass Christian, eight miles away. The Rev. Dr. Herbert Albert Jones was as surprised as any of his congregation at the arrival of the distinguished visitors. He varied his prepared service only slightly. Yet, by coincidence, he developed a theme that long has been one of the preachments of the President himself.

"I selected a text," said the minister, "not knowing that it would be my distinguished honor to preach before the President of the United States. I wanted to give all of you something helpful that would remain with you in the days to come. It was the twelfth verse in the fourteenth chapter of Paul's Letters to the Romans: 'So then everyone of us shall give account of himself to God.' This principle of accountability affects all of us, for God cares for the humblest man as he does for the greatest.

"This is the last Sunday of the year. What has the year done for us? To some who are in this presence it has been the most glorious year in American history. A new era has dawned in the world's diplomacy, one that will see emblazoned around the coronets of Princes and the crowns of Emperors the teaching of a new interpretation of man's duty to man."

The Rev. Dr. Jones did not know that to-day was the President's birthday—his fifty-seventh—though his sermon was devoted to reflections on the passing twelve months.

"Methuselah lived to be 969 years old," said the preacher, "but was drowned in the flood. He lived all these years, yet, as we say in common parlance, he didn't know enough to come in out of the wet."

The President smiled. Extemporaneously and with many an apt illustration of homely thought, the minister unfolded his ideas. He was an interesting figure as he talked—white hair, gold spectacles that hid sunken eyes, a wrinkled face, and lips that trembled with the nervousness of age, but he enunciated his thoughts with intense feeling.

When the sermon was finished a choir of seven lifted their voices in song. Then followed a short prayer, concluding

# MUCH TO AMUSE IN 'THE PHILANDERER'

### But the Piece at the Little Theatre Does Not Represent Shaw at His Very Best.

### THE ACTING IS ONLY FAIR

### General Effect Promises to be Improved After Few Performances Put Players at Their Ease.

"THE PHILANDERER"—A play in four acts, by George Bernard Shaw. The Little Theatre.

Leonard Charteris.....Charles Maude
Grace Tranfield.....Miss Ernita Lascelles
Julia Craven.....Miss Mary Lawton
Joseph Cuthbertson.....W. R. Staveley
Colonel Craven.....Reginald Dance
Dr. Paramore.....Reginald Besant
Sylvia Craven.....Miss Muriel Reddall
Club Page.....E. J. Ballantyne

There is always one peculiarly disconcerting feature about the repetitione generale of a play by such a man as Bernard Shaw. It is sure to be attended by what friend Mantle terms "the professional high-brow," who laughs gratingly at every line either to show his sense of humor or for fear that if he doesn't he may be caught with a serious expression on his face when the right line really comes. Members of the fraternity were not absent from the Little Theatre on Saturday evening and their laughter was continuous if not necessarily infectious.

The fact of the matter is that there were a great many barren spots in this play of Shaw's where the laughter was a pose; also, there were a great many more which really justify the delightful inward chuckle rather than the vacuous cachinnation. Which is simply to say that "The Philanderer" as it stands, and as it was not too well acted on this occasion, is a long way from being as good an entertainment as some of Mr. Shaw's other plays.

As usual, Mr. Shaw explodes a number of hollow pretenses. And though the effect is often the result of caricature and exaggeration it is not less amusing on that account. Moreover, the process is allowable in farce.

In one of the charming prefaces to his published plays Mr. Shaw suggests that the object of "The Philanderer" is to prove the absurd character of matrimonial laws which render such a person as a philanderer possible. But it is hardly likely that any one seeing the play would be greatly impressed by any such moral intent. What will be understood, of course, is that Mr. Shaw, who was one of the first men in England to really appreciate Ibsen, is equally ready to show up the idiocy of the Ibsen cult as expressed in societies which pretended to disbelieve in the womanliness of women and the manliness of men. Nor does the satire of this portion of the play lose particular point since it comes to us rather late. For affectation is not confined necessarily to any age or season.

Again in "The Philanderer," as in many other plays of Shaw, we have the spectacle of woman as the reckless, determined huntress of her quarry, man. Julia Craven is quite shameless in her pursuit of Leonard Charteris. He on his part, being a born philanderer, is bowled over by Julia's arts, and is temporarily attracted to Grace Tranfield. In the long run Julia's attacks are evaded by means of a stratagem which makes her accept Dr. Paramore. That is the whole story; but, of course, the story is almost an infinitesimal portion of the whole composition. The opening scene having been occupied with the philandering of Charteris and Grace, interrupted by the arrival of the furious Julia, and further diversified by the entrance of the respective fathers of the two women, Craven and Cuthbertson, we are taken in the next two acts to the library of the Ibsen Club in Cork Street, in which Dr. Paramore is introduced as the inventor of a new disease of the liver, and Sylvia Craven, Julia's little sister—who prefers to be known as "Old Craven" rather than as young Sylvia—is seen in knickerbockers. In the Ibsen Club the conditions of membership are very stringent. Both men and women can belong, but the men must not be manly and the women must not be womanly. Silence is imperatively ordained in the library, but no one thinks for a moment of conforming to the regulation. A man does not give his arm to a woman, but if he happens to be nearest the door first, goes out first, and leaves her to follow as best she may.

Possibly the most amusing passages are those involving an amusing criticism of scientific enthusiasm. Dr. Paramore has condemned Craven to an early death, and declines to operate for cancer from Paramore's disease of the liver. Then, when in The British Medical Journal it is discovered that an Italian has entirely upset the theory of Paramore, instead of congratulating Col. Craven on his immunity, he is, on the contrary, furious with him for not illustrating his favorite theory. Meanwhile, the struggles of Julia for the worthless Leonard, Leonard's spasmodic flirtations with Grace Tranfield, and Sylvia Craven's undisguised joy at the whole of the imbroglio, go on with undiminished ardor.

The play comes to an end at length in Dr. Paramore's rooms in Savile Row, where Julia is at last induced to accept the doctor's proposals of marriage, and Leonard Charteris is free to carry on his old philandering games with Grace, or anybody else he chooses.

The lines are frequently brilliant, as one expects them to be, and the reversal of the commonplace creates interest in spite of the fact that much that happens is viewed complacently and with little reason for expressed mirth.

Whether the result could be any different is doubtful even with a company of brilliant comedians to present it. And the present company is certainly not brilliant. Something more of snap will be acquired after a few performances, but it is obvious enough that some second-rate people are now trusted with rather important rôles.

Miss Ernita Lascelles is only a moderately competent "Grace Tranfield," and while Miss Mary Lawton expressed the artificial emotionalism of "Julia Craven" fairly well, much of it was rather mechanical in effect. Reginald Dance's "Col. Craven" gives promise of being one of the very best figures once the actor has become surer of his lines, but the "Cuthberston" is rather a weak member. Miss Reddall's "Sylvia," though it is fetching—a pretty woman in knickerbockers, almost always is—seemed too obviously artificial, and though Charles Maude did Charteris neatly, fluently and with variety, he lacked the suggestion of charm and spirit which alone would seem to make his successful philandering possible.

## JOMELLI, HINSHAW HEARD.

### A Joint Recital by Soprano and Baritone in Carnegie Hall.

Mme. Jeanne Jomelli and William Hinshaw, both singers well known in New York, joined their forces in a recital yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall, where a large audience heard them. Their programme was somewhat curiously assorted. Both have sung in opera, and they were heard in a number of operatic airs, singly and together, and then in songs. But neither seemed to be in as good voice as they have been on other occasions. Mme. Jomelli's voice had much of its power and vibrancy, but some of its upper tones were not as clear or as freely produced as they have been, and there were moments when its beautiful quality failed her. The same was true of Mr. Hinshaw, for there were times when his fine voice did not completely respond to his demands upon it. There was much, however, in the singing of both that gave pleasure.

Together they sang the duet, "La ci darem la Mano," from "Don Giovanni"; "Donto de la Lumière," from Thomas's "Hamlet," and "Mira di acerbe Lagrime," from "Il Trovatore." Mr. Hinshaw would have done better to leave "Largo al Factotum," from "The Barber of Seville," to Italian singers who are more at home in it, and can compass its volubility with more ease. He sang with dramatic effect a song by Van Eyken, "Schmied Schmerz," and "Drei Vanderer," by Herrmann; and in such songs he was at his best. His excellent diction was one of the notable features of his singing. In the air "Depins le Jour," from Charpentier's "Louise," Mme. Jomelli gave much of the searching effect that belongs to it. She also sang songs by Debussy with evident sympathy. Both also gave a group in English.

Richard Hagemann was to accompany the singers at the piano, but Mr. Hinshaw announced that he had been detained by rehearsal at the opera, and at short notice Harold Smith had been secured to fill that office, which he did with credit.

## METROPOLITAN CONCERT.

### Five Singers Please in Verdi Programme—Amato Heard in German.

At the Metropolitan Opera House concert last night a Verdi programme was given. The soloists were Anna Case, Sophie Braslau, Pasquale Amato, Italo Cristalli, and Paul Althouse. Richard Hageman conducted. There was a very large audience. Mr. Amato's numbers were the aria "Oh de' verd' anni miei," from "Rigoletto," and "Eri tu," from "Un Ballo in Maschera." He surprised some of his hearers by singing as an encore for the first number Schumann's "Widmung," with enunciation of the text that would have done credit to a native German.

Miss Case's numbers were "Ah, fors e lui," from "La Traviata," and "Caro nome" from Rigoletto." In the former number she won tumultuous applause for a long-sustained high E-flat in the final cadence. Mr. Cristalli sang two arias from "Rigoletto," and Miss Braslau "Stride la vampa," from "Il Trovatore." Paul Althouse's solo number was "Celeste Aida," and the concert concluded with the singing of the quartet from "Rigoletto" by Misses Case and Braslau and Messrs. Cristalli and Amato.

## ISIDORE E. GIMBEL WEDS.

### Merchants' Cousin Marries Miss Isenberg at Springfield.

*Special to The New York Times.*

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 28.—Isidore E. Gimbel, formerly of New York, a cousin of Jacob Gimbel of Philadelphia,, Senior partner of Gimbel Brothers of New York and Philadelphia, and Miss Jeanette Isenberg, were married in the Hotel Kimball to-night. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Fannie Isenberg of Holyoke and the bridegroom the son of Mrs. Babetta Gimbel of Landau, Germany. Jacob Gimbel of Philadelphia was toastmaster at the wedding banquet. More than 200 telegrams and cablegrams of congratulation were received. Mr. and Mrs. Gimbel will live in Springfield.

### Mrs. Gorman's Dancing Tea.

Mrs. George A. Gorman and Miss Gertrude Gorman gave a dancing tea on Saturday afternoon at their residence, 226 Madison Avenue. Mrs. Gorman and her daughter had receiving with them the Misses Christine Taylor, Jessie Costello, Frances Buck of Philadelphia, and Frances Hawke.

### Mrs. Potts's Dance at Lakewood.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Potts, who are spending the Winter at their Lakewood home, will give a dance at the Country Club there on Jan. 3. A number of New York people are going down for it. Mrs. Potts will have a house party over the dance and many of the guests will put up at the Country Club.

## THEATRICAL NOTES.

Holbrook Blinn and the Princess Theatre company has been engaged by a club in Philadelphia for a special performance on a Sunday night early next month. The Princess organization will be taken to Philadelphia by special train and will return here the same night.

Harrison Ford has been engaged by Phil F. Nash to succeed Ramsey Wallace as leading man of the Keith Harlem Opera House stock company. He has been playing with the principal parts in the stock company at Richmond, Va. His first appearance here will be in "The Girl and the Pennant" on Monday.

Announcement is made by the Longacre Theatre management that the story of "Iole," the new Robert W. Chambers's musical comedy, begins with the rise of the curtain, and that the premiere this evening is to begin promptly at 8:30 o'clock. The final dress rehearsal under the direction of Ben Teal took place yesterday.

The Ariel Club of Asbury Park has purchased fifty-two tickets for next Saturday's matinee of "The Strange Woman," and the Century Club of New York, also a women's organization, has engaged 100 seats for the Wednesday matinee, Jan. 7. The fiftieth performance in New York will be given tomorrow night.

"Don't Weaken," the Walter Hackett comedy, which the William A. Brady and George Broadhurst company will present in New York early in January, will have its out-of-town premiere to-night in Mr. Brady's playhouse in Wilmington, Del.

Edith Wynne Matheson will be seen in a new American drama in New York the middle of January. The play, by Margaret Turnbull, is called "The Deadlock."

The first presentation of "The Whirl of the World," the new Winter Garden entertainment, will take place at Harmanus Bleecker Hall in Albany on Tuesday evening, Jan. 6. The production will come to New York direct from Albany and will have its premiere at the Winter Garden later the same week.

Mimi Aguglia, the Italian actress, will be seen this week at the Comedy Theatre in "Electra," which will be offered in one act occupying about fifty minutes, instead of appearing before the "The Marriage Game," as was the case last week. Mimi Aguglia's performance will follow the other offering.

Margaret Romaine has been engaged for the title role of "The Midnight Girl," which is now in rehearsal, and which is shortly to be seen at a Broadway Theatre, under the management of the Shuberts. Miss Romaine is a sister of Hazel Dawn.

Percy Mackaye, author of "A Thousand Years Ago," the new drama which is to have its premiere in New York on Jan. 6, gave a special lecture on the drama in Providence last evening.

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# MORE VICE FILMS ARE WITHDRAWN

### Bijou Theatre, Expecting Adverse Decision To-day, to Substitute Foreign Pictures.

### MASS MEETING TO BE HELD

### Sociological Fund Retains John B. Stanchfield to Fight for Raided Movies—Gavegan's Opinion.

Expecting to see the temporary restraining order, which has prevented the police from interfering with the white slave moving pictures at the Bijou Theatre since the raid on that house last week, vacated when the injunction proceedings are heard by Supreme Court Justice Gavegan to-day, the management of the theatre last night announced that a European set of white slave films would be substituted this afternoon for the pictures raided by the police. The new pictures, the management believes, will not be objected to by the authorities.

The Park Theatre on Saturday gave up the battle against the police and is now showing a moving picture play made from a racing drama.

The Sociological Fund of the Medical Review of Reviews, the organization which produced the play "Damaged Goods" and has been preparing to present another play along the same lines called "The Guilty Man," is determined, however, to keep up the fight for the presentation of the white slave pictures and at a meeting yesterday agreed to retain John B. Stanchfield to fight the police opposition. The following statement was given out by Frederic H. Robinson, President of the Fund, last night:

"We have made up our minds to determine once and for all time, whether or not the police of New York may constitute themselves the judges and censors in our community, and condemn as salacious, a performance which brilliant minds in every phase of public life to-day—writers, judges, physicians, sociologists and others who stand for responsible, serious thought—have indorsed as a correct portrayal and as a means of arousing public sentiment to a degree which would awaken the sluggish and the unconcerned to the extent of crushing out the white slave traffic.

**Fighting for the Future.**

"We are fighting for the future as well as for the present, since it is the purpose of the Sociological Fund to continue lending its indorsement and cooperating with any new movement or idea which has for its aim the betterment of social conditions, and the elevating of humanity.

"We are particularly anxious to ascertain the legal status of the case. In view of the fact that 'Traffic in Bondage,' which was raided when produced in the Bronx, will reopen on Broadway on Jan. 12 under our auspices.

"There will be a tremendous mass meeting held some night this week to protest against the action of the police, and to indorse the pictures. The meeting will be held under the chairmanship of Norman Hapgood, who will be the opening speaker. The audience will also be addressed by Mrs. Inez Milholland Boissevain, Dr. Frederic C. Howe, Dr. James P. Warbasse, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont and others whose names will be announced later.

"We are fighting for a principle—a great principle—and believe that the outcome of the battle will take its place in history as one of the hardest fights which has ever been fought in defense of an idea."

In announcing a change in the films the management of the Bijou did so feeling sure that Justice Gavegan would not reverse his decision of last Saturday, when he refused to grant any further relief to the management of the Park Theatre.

**Justice Gavegan's Decision.**

"Some of the films," said Justice Gavegan in his decision in the Park Theatre case, "depicts scenes supposed to be enacted in a resort where women are subjected to involuntary degradation. As it is well known that to maintain such a place is of itself a criminal offense I am unable to perceive why the public exhibition for money of scenes supposed to transpire therein should be entitled to the protection of a court of equity.

"It is contended by the plaintiff in affidavits furnished by disinterested individuals whose motives it is not within the province of this court to question that the pictures contain a great moral lesson to fathers and mothers calculated to impress upon their minds the urgent need of protecting their daughters from the influence of evil associations.

"The answer to this is that the exhibition has not been confined to fathers and mothers; that there is no evidence before me that the owners thereof propose or did propose to confine the exhibition to such persons; that on the contrary the evidence shows they are conducting the enterprise not for the uplift of public morals but for private gain.

"It might be possible to find individuals of such morbid curiosity that they would be willing to pay to admission price to see the inside workings of a sewer, and others of such avaricious enterprise that they would be ready to capitalize such morbid curiosity and furnish the exhibition for a price, and still others, among the well meaning and unwary who would lend their sanction and privilege to the idea, in the belief that such an exhibition by its horrible example might tend to improve the habits of cleanliness of some in the audience and that the public ought to know about it in any event. If the illustration is disagreeable it is no more so than the facts with which I have to deal."

Justice Gavegan expressed "doubt if the owners of the plaintiff corporation would have had the audacity to undertake the public display of certain revolting details contained in the exhibition if it were not for the general discredit in which they evidently but erroneously believe the police to be held in this city."

The court then continued:

"The police as a body are entitled to, and I believe have, the confidence of the community at large, notwithstanding the reflections now and then cast upon them by the conduct of some of their unworthy members. It would be equally unjust to stigmatize theatrical managers as a class because of exhibitions of depravity and inordinate greed for gain on the part of some of its members."

Justice Gavegan said he had been unable to find a single case of police interference with such productions which was not justified, and that if persons engaged in licensed callings abuse their license and run afoul of the penal law they will be relegated by a court of equity to the tribunal where such matters belong. The court concludes:

"The exhibition in question, or at least parts of it, tend to deprave and corrupt the morals of those whose minds are open to such influences, and therefore the application for an injunction is denied."

### Benefit Dance for Kindergarten.

In aid of the Free Kindergarten maintained at 48 Henry Street a subscription dance will be given on Wednesday evening, Jan. 7, in the Plaza ballroom by the Anne Brown Alumnae Association, which maintains the kindergarten. This charity was established by graduates of the school conducted for many years at 715 Fifth Avenue by Miss Anne Brown. The patronesses of the ball are Mrs. Harrison K. Bird, Mrs. C. Monteith Gilpin, Mrs. Sterling S. Beardsley, Mrs. Ira A. Kipp, Jr., Mrs. Charles Adams, Mrs. Bertha Bidwell Brown, Mrs. Thomas J. Gaines, Mrs. F. Warren Pearl, Mrs. Charles D. Sinclair, Mrs. William B. Gould, Mrs. Charles Snow Kellogg, Mrs. Joseph W. Schenck, and the Misses Susan W. Adams, Mabel Pollfou, Mabel Sheffield, and Mabel Long.

### Miss Grant's Opera Recital.

Miss Amy Grant gave the first of a series of opera recitals at her studio, 78 West Fifty-fifth Street, yesterday. The remaining dates are Jan. 11 and 25, Feb. 8 and 22, March 8 and 22, and April 5 and 19. Her repertory includes "Julien," "Die Götterdämmerung," "Un Ballo in Maschera," "Louise," "L'Amore Medico," "The Jewels of the Madonna," "Tosca," "Pelleas and Melisande," and "L'Amore del tre Re."

Rare old books, prints and pamphlets found in the Book Exchange of THE NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS every Sunday.—Adv.

## LINDSEY HERE WITH BRIDE.

### Founder of Juvenile Courts Married Miss Brevoort in Chicago on Dec. 20.

Judge Benjamin B. Lindsey of Denver, who presides over the Juvenile Court of that city, known the world over for his reforms among juvenile delinquents, is in town with his bride, who was Miss Henrietta Brevoort, stepdaughter of Dr. J. F. Clippert of Detroit, Mich. They were married on Dec. 20 at the Auditorium Hotel, Chicago, Ill. They are stopping at the Imperial Hotel, Broadway and Thirty-first Street.

Judge Lindsey met his wife for the first time last May at the sanitarium of Dr. J. H. Kellogg at Battle Creek, Mich., where they were both patients. Judge Lindsey said yesterday that after fighting for ten years the corrupt politicians of his State he found himself much run down in health, and went to the sanitarium on the advice of his physician, as at the time he was on the verge of a nervous breakdown. He spent two months at the sanitarium. On recovering his health he returned to Denver and plunged again into his work. He and Miss Brevoort corresponded, and last September she came to this city to study art and interior decorating. Judge Lindsey expected to meet her here in the Christmas holidays, when he had arranged to deliver a lecture before the Political Equality League.

But Miss Brevoort accepted a place with a Chicago art firm, and left for that city on Dec. 15. So instead of coming directly here as he had planned, Judge Lindsey went to Chicago. There they were married.

Judge Lindsey said that he had come to this city to deliver some lectures, and to interest theatrical managers and others in a plan he had devised to protect stage children.

"I am convinced," he said, "that the subject of children on the stage has many features that make it a problem so different from that of the factory child that it calls for different legislation. I have never known a factory or sweatshop child that was anxious to do its work. I have never known a stage child that didn't find a great delight in its part.

"I would have the Legislatures of as many States as possible—even if only of three or four States—pass a law modeled after or somewhat more stringent even than the present Colorado law relating to stage children. The law should provide that some such authority as the Juvenile Court should grant permits for stage children upon such conditions as the court saw fit to impose for safeguarding the moral and physical health of the child, compliance with these conditions to be obtained by bond to be given by the managers, in a sum of not less than $2,000.

"The conditions should provide that the court should inquire into the salary paid children, with the right to adjust it if it appeared to be unfair, and if the parents were living from the child's earnings or are irresponsible, that a proper guardian should be appointed for the child, to receive and invest the child's compensation; that at least one of the parents, preferably the mother, should accompany the child as guardian, and that if the mother was not competent to teach the lessons ordinarily given in the grammar grades that a tutor be selected to be furnished, and that performances be so regulated that the child should have at least two hours' schooling a day. I see no reason why Congress should not pass a national law for the protection of stage children."

## MRS. MORRIS GIVES TEA.

### Her Apartment Transformed Into a Lighted Woodland.

Mrs. Robert C. Morris of 767 Fifth Avenue gave a holiday tea yesterday. The walls of her apartment were concealed by thicket-like decorations of greens, and a huge Christmas tree gleaming with colored lights was placed at one end of the suite. The effect was that of entering a lighted woodland. About fifty guests came in for tea.

Mrs. Morris will give a small theatre party on New Year's Eve, a dinner and supper at the Ritz-Carlton preceding and following the party to the play.

### Paul V. Masters Dies.

Paul V. Masters, a well-known Staten Islander, died yesterday at his home, 80 Harbor Road, Mariner Harbor, at the age of 71 years. Mr. Masters, who was a native of Hackensack, had lived on Staten Island for sixty-one years. He had held many public offices prior to the consolidation, including the office of Justice of the Peace of Northfield and Excise Commissioner of Richmond County. At the time of his death preparations were in progress for a celebration of his fiftieth wedding anniversary, which was to have taken place on Wednesday.

### Obituary Notes.

Mrs. A. C. PARLIN, wife of Dr. Parlin, Supervisor of the State Hospital at Middletown, N. Y., died there on Saturday. She was Superintendent of the women's department in the hospital.

Capt. GEORGE W. COLBY, who for many years was engaged in the steamship and towing business and recently was commander of the steamer City of Rockland of the Eastern Steamship Company, died on Saturday at Bath, Me., aged 66 years.

Gen. NICHOLAS IVANOVICH GRODEKOFF, formerly Russian Military Commander in Chief in the Far East, died on Saturday in St. Petersburg. He assisted Gen. Skobeleff in the conquest of Turkestan.

Sir JOSIAH PIERCE, the last survivor of the class of 1846 at Bowdoin College and Secretary of the United States Legation at St. Petersburg from 1855 to 1858, died on Saturday at Hanover, Germany, aged 86 years.

FELIX C. ROSSI-DIEHL, teacher in Public School 23, Manhattan, died on Saturday at his home, 1,278 Decatur Street, Conrad Rossi-Diehl, Hawthorne Avenue, Glen Ridge, N. J., aged 36 years.

MABEL K. BRADLEY, wife of Henry H. Bradley, cotton cloth broker, 66 Lenard Street, died on Saturday, at her home, 111 Clark Street, Glen Ridge, N. J., aged 40 years.

MARY HACKETT COOK of 244 Riverside Drive, wife of Dr. S. G. Cook, formerly Chief of the Board of Police Surgeons, died on Saturday in St. Vincent's Hospital, aged 67 years.

FREDERICK C. PFEIFFELMANN, a veteran of the Civil War and retired piano maker, died on Friday at his home, 1,278 Decatur Street, Brooklyn, aged 70 years.

WOLF WORTIS, a Russian composer of religious music, died on Saturday of paralysis at his home, 4 Hope Street, Brooklyn, aged 85 years.

JAMES O'CONNOR, a retired contractor, is dead at his home, 725 President Street, Brooklyn, aged 70 years.

JOHN T. WHEELER, Civil War veteran and ex-policeman, died on Saturday at his home, Greystone Park, Newton, N. J., aged 72 years.

HENRY SNEEBERY, traveling salesman for the D. S. Walton Co., is dead at his home, 39 Bay Twenty-fifth Street, Bath Beach.

JAMES S. PRYOR, retired Lieutenant of the Brooklyn Fire Department, died on Friday at his home, 401 Enfield Street, Richmond Hill, aged 46 years.

JOHN SCHNEIDER, a tailor, died on Friday at his home, 242 Jefferson Street, Brooklyn, aged 47 years.

LAUREN MOODY, of the Bradley Construction Company, died on Saturday at his home, 279 Webster Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 68 years.

EDWARD A. HARTNETT, foreman of the engraving department of the Butterick Publishing Company, died on Friday at his home, 218 East Ninth Street, Flatbush, aged 39 years.

JOHN JAYMOORE, Superintendent of the Long Island City Concrete Works, died yesterday at his home, Oliver and Third Streets, Long Island City, aged 40 years.

WILLIAM STENDAL, watchmaker and jeweler, is dead at his home, 295 Warren Street Brooklyn, aged 41 years.

FRANCIS A. FEGYVERESI, a milk dealer in Brooklyn, is dead at his home, 936 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 54 years.

EDWARD E. FLYNT, engaged in soapstone quarrying, died on Saturday at his home, 16 Matthews Place, Brooklyn, aged 56 years.

FRANK D'AMATO, banker and contractor in Jersey City, died on Friday of blood poisoning at Roosevelt Hospital, aged 50 years. His family resides at 24 Clifton Place, Jersey City.

KATEHRINE M. HEITMANN, wife of John Heitmann, a grocer, died on Saturday at her home, 98 Grand Street, Jamaica, L. I., aged 46 years.

JAMES T. WHYTE, wholesale grocer, died on Saturday at his home, 500 West 145th Street, aged 58 years.

Dr. HOWARD B. REED of Seabright, died on Saturday in the Neurological Institute, 149 East Sixty-seventh Street, following an operation at the base of the brain, aged 29 years.

ANNA E. PARET, widow of Henry Paret, head of the firm of John & Henry Paret, died on Saturday of apoplexy at her home, 101 West Eighty-fifth Street, aged 78 years. She was the daughter of Dr. Jahial Parmly, who was a dentist here in 1840, and is said to have invented the furnace for the manufacture of porcelain teeth.

THOMAS I. WINSOR, widely known in Marine circles as general manager of the Boston Towboat Company, died in that city yesterday.

JAMES WHITEHEAD RAYNOR, a lawyer in the Produce Exchange Building, died yesterday at the age of 70 years, at his residence in Yonkers.

# GAYNOR MEMORIAL FUND IS NOW $7,336

### Mayor Kline Calls for Gifts to Complete the Brooklyn Bridge Plans.

### FIRST LIST OF SUBSCRIBERS

### 500 Children Give $5 and Newsdealers' Association $25—Certificates for Contributors.

The Mayor Gaynor Memorial Association, which is planning to have the citizens of the city erect a suitable memorial to the late Mayor, announced yesterday its first list of subscriptions. The contributions which have been sent in to James Speyer, Treasurer of the association, amount to $7,336.80. Mayor Kline issued this announcement to the public:

City of New York, Office of the Mayor.

To the Public: Dec. 27, 1913.

The movement to erect a suitable memorial to the late William J. Gaynor by the citizens of this city has been permanently organized and is now launched. To-day the first list of subscriptions to this memorial is made public by the Mayor Gaynor Memorial Association. From this time forth the association proposes to proceed energetically with the collection of funds. I hope that the fund will be completed in a time so short that it will emphasize the great love and respect which the people of this city have for our late Mayor.

The association proposed to make its appeal to every class of people in the city. No Mayor the city ever had was more widely beloved than Mayor Gaynor, and it is proposed to give every man, woman, and child in this city an opportunity to express their affection and respect by contributions no matter how small. One contribution of $5, already received, was made up of pennies contributed by 500 children of the west side, and another contribution came from the organized newsdealers of this city, who always had a faithful champion in the late Mayor. The association is not seeking large contributions, but desires to have the memorial which it is to erect express as nearly as possible the love and affection of the many thousands of people in this city who were friends of Mayor Gaynor, at least one of the certificate of membership in the Mayor Gaynor Memorial Association will be sent to every subscriber. Contributions should be sent to James Speyer, Treasurer of the Mayor Gaynor Memorial Association, 346 Fourth Avenue.

It is proposed that the memorial shall take the form of memorial entrances to the Manhattan and Brooklyn ends of the Brooklyn Bridge. It was felt that the memorial should be related in some way to this bridge across which Mayor Gaynor walked daily for four years. Plans are already in preparation by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment for the reconstruction by the city of both of these entrances to the bridge, and the memorial association is to ask the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to have the plans drawn as to give them a memorial character. If this plan is approved, which I feel confident it will be, the plans will be so drawn as to give space for the public memorial which will be erected by the contributions of citizens. I trust that contributions to this fund will be sent speedily to James Speyer, the Treasurer, at 346 Fourth Avenue.

A. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

This is the list of contributors:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| A. L. Kline | $100 | W. F. McCombs | 25 |
| Charles Steckler | 100 | George McAneny | 25 |
| Henry W. Taft | 100 | F. X. McQuade | 25 |
| F. B. Dalzell | 100 | Emanuel Gerli | 25 |
| F. F. Johnson | 100 | Alfred Arend | 25 |
| C. M. Depew | 100 | Adolf Kuttroff | 25 |
| John D. Crimmins | 100 | H. A. Flurscheim | 25 |
| Henry R. Towne | 100 | Franklin Simon | 25 |
| J. A. Hearn & Son | 100 | Frank A. Zunine | 25 |
| W. H. Edwards | 100 | F. F. Schwarzenbach | 25 |
| B. J. Greenhut | 100 | | |
| R. R. Appleton | 100 | I. L. Bamberger & Sidney Lowenthal | 20 |
| Andrew Carnegie | 100 | James Speyer | 20 |
| Edward Clinton | 100 | E. H. Outerbridge | 20 |
| Gen. I. S. Catlin | 100 | Johnson Light. Co | 20 |
| Andrew Freedman | 100 | John Buckle | 20 |
| James Speyer | 100 | Abraham Erlanger | 15 |
| A. R. Watson | 100 | James D. Bell | 10 |
| Herman Ridder | 100 | Isidor Reis | 10 |
| William Berri | 100 | J. M. Francolini | 10 |
| Henry Clews | 100 | E. Linten | 10 |
| Robert R. Moore | 100 | Courtland Smith | 10 |
| Clarkson Cowl | 100 | B. T. Kearns | 10 |
| Michael Furst | 100 | William Shillaber | 10 |
| C. M. Higgins | 100 | Martin Lange | 10 |
| Seth Low | 100 | Max Hecheimer | 10 |
| R. W. de Forest | 100 | F. N. Howland | 10 |
| John Claflin | 100 | C. L. Bernheimer | 10 |
| Isaac Guggenheim | 100 | J. Valensi | 10 |
| H. P. Davison | 100 | Front Drive Motor Co | 10 |
| F. D. Underwood | 100 | S. Z. Chesebro | 10 |
| C. Vanderbilt | 100 | R. R. Bowker | 10 |
| E. J. Berwind | 100 | Lewis Warfield | 5 |
| Frank L. Babbott | 100 | Bradley Martin | 5 |
| Frederic Baker | 100 | S. J. Bloomingdale | 5 |
| Elbert H. Gary | 100 | J. L. Rosenbaum | 5 |
| George C. Boldt | 100 | William B. Hale | 5 |
| Jacob H. Schiff | 100 | John G. McCarthy | 5 |
| Peter T. Barlow | 100 | Rev. Dr. A. Blum | 5 |
| W. C. Muschenheim | 100 | 500 Children | 5 |
| Lee Kohns | 100 | Abraham Weisman | 5 |
| Felix M. Warburg | 100 | F. C. Marsh | 5 |
| William J. Tully | 100 | Miss S. Dalton | 5 |
| Howard Carroll | 100 | R. J. Norris | 5 |
| M. J. Drummond | 100 | Alfred N. Nelson | 5 |
| B. M. Baruch | 100 | Mary E. Bailey | 5 |
| Miner C. Keith | 100 | Miner N. C. Beakes | 5 |
| R. A. C. Smith | 100 | G. M. Smith | 5 |
| J. P. Morgan | 100 | James H. Anderson | 5 |
| George Ehret | 100 | Harman Brand | 5 |
| W. H. English | 100 | G. W. Greenhut | 5 |
| J. B. Greenhut | 100 | Treasurer | 2.30 |
| S. C. Baldwin | 100 | Victor Halper | 2 |
| Judson G. Wall | 50 | Sollie Cohen | 2 |
| John L. Cadwalder | 50 | J. J. Lambert | 2 |
| Morgan J. O'Brien | 50 | David W. Stern | 2 |
| Alfred Steckler | 50 | Joseph Orthof | 2 |
| Charles H. Sabin | 50 | H. Frankfield | 1.50 |
| Ralph Peters | 50 | Alice Roche | 1 |
| G. B. Cortelyou | 50 | B. W. Jacobson | 1 |
| F. A. Ringler Co | 50 | Harry R. Goss | 1 |
| Elihu Root | 50 | Thomas J. Hines | 1 |
| R. F. Almirall | 50 | Samuel Slifkin | 1 |
| Warheit | 50 | W. Greenfield | 1 |
| Samuel Untermyer | 50 | Charles E. Bear | 1 |
| W. A. Prendergast | 50 | H. T. Hymann | 1 |
| Joseph Johnson | 50 | John Hosey | 1 |
| August Belmont | 50 | Edward Schmidt | 1 |
| M. Knoedler & Co | 50 | S. M. Harris | 1 |
| W. C. Brown | 50 | Solomon Glucksman | 1 |
| Frank Mann | 50 | G. E. Nitzelbusch | 1 |
| W. M. Calder | 25 | Reuben Wilson | 1 |
| E. C. Schaefer | 25 | Joseph Keane | 1 |
| W. A. Marble | 25 | Ernest Bing | 1 |
| A. J. Tuley | 25 | S. J. Altschuler | 1 |
| John Adiker | 25 | C. J. Barg | 1 |
| John Aspegren | 25 | Hyman Berman | 1 |
| Thomas M. Mulry | 25 | William A. Brown | 1 |
| N. Y. Newsdealers | 25 | L. B. Schindler | 1 |
| S. C. Mead | 25 | Shoe Co | 1 |
| Charles D. Hilles | 25 | Michael Walpin | 1 |
| D. F. Malone | 25 | | |
| L. J. Horowitz | 25 | Total | $7,336.80 |

The officers of the association are John Fry Mitchel, Honorary Chairman; Ardolph L. Kline, Honorary President; Robert Adamson, Honorary Secretary; R. A. C. Smith, President; James Speyer, Treasurer; Frank Tucker, Assistant Treasurer; T. O. McGill, Executive Secretary; James Matthews, Secretary.

## A. L. BURT DEAD.

### Publisher Passes Away in Brooklyn in His 72d Year.

A. L. Burt, the publisher, died yesterday at the age of 71 years at his residence, 178 Brooklyn Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mr. Burt was born at Belchertown, Mass., and educated in the public schools there. He started to work in a grocery store and later became a traveling salesman. When he was traveling more than thirty years ago for a leather goods house in Hartford, Conn., he conceived the plan of becoming a publisher. His first book was a small dictionary, intended for use as a premium by mail order houses. The dictionary was followed by other books for mail order houses, such as "Law Without Lawyers," "Household Recipes," "Useful Knowledge," and "The Family Physician."

After his earlier ventures in publishing had proved successful, Mr. Burt took a bolder step, and in 1890 began publishing cloth-bound standard works. He was a pioneer in this country in the field of printing the classics at popular prices.

After founding the A. L. Burt Company, now at 52 Duane Street, Mr. Burt published books of every description, cloth-bound and paper-bound, from encyclopedias to the lightest juvenile fiction. Mr. Burt had been for many years a Trustee of the Plymouth Church in Orange Street, Brooklyn. He left a wife, Sarah H. P. Burt, and three sons, Harry P., Frederick A., and Edward F. Burt.


The Equitable Building will not oversell its tenants

OVERSELLING a customer is one of the great evils of business, but it will play no part in the Equitable renting policy.

A tenant who is induced to rent more space than he needs, is facing an excess on a fixed charge before he starts to operate his business.

The prosperity of the Equitable Building will be built on the prosperity of Equitable tenants, and not by pursuading tenants to take more space than their business requires.

*Leases now being made from May 1, 1915. The building, however, is due to be completed 2 or 3 months ahead of that date.*

Equitable Building
Temporary Office, 27 Pine Street


# ALL FAITHS MEET IN 'DAILY TEMPLE'

### Representatives of Many Creeds Read Scriptures and Speak at the First Service.

### TO BE OPEN EVERY EVENING

### Miss Knopf Will Support the New Movement to Present Every Form of Belief.

Founded on a belief in the possibility of unity, not only among Christian peoples, but of a worldwide unity among all religions, the Daily Temple, at 32 East Thirty-second Street, was opened last night with the reading of passages from the Christian, Hebrew, Brahman, Mohammedan, Buddhist, and Confucian Scriptures by representatives of each faith. The Temple, which was recently remodeled, was filled when the evening's service began, and many persons, unable to find standing room, were turned away.

The selections from the Brahman Scriptures were read by Swami Bodhananda. Weved Eyoub, a Mohammedan student at Columbia, read a few passages from the Koran. Some of the tenets of Confucianism were presented by W. T. Wei, and M. Ashor

Exempt from Federal Income Tax

**State of California**

**4% Highway Bonds**

**Due 1930**

Principal and Interest Payable in New York

Legal for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, and other States.

**Price to yield 4.30%**

**Wm. A. Read & Co.**

Nassau and Cedar Streets
New York

Chicago Philadelphia Boston London

**Interest Rates**

There is no better way to safeguard yourself and others against the uncertainties of the future than by investing in trustworthy bonds. At the unusually low prices now prevailing, bonds of this character yield the following returns:

| Par Value | Annual Income |
|---|---|
| $100 | $4.50 to $5.00 |
| $500 | 22.50 " 25.00 |
| $1000 | 45.00 " 60.00 |

The cashing of the semi-annual interest coupons, whether on a $100 bond, a $500 bond, or a $1,000 bond, would afford you a liberal amount of dependable income every six months, while your principal would be surrounded by strong safeguards. Ask us to send you Circular 1104, describing Public Utility Bonds and Canadian and American Municipal Bonds.

**Spencer Trask & Co.**

INVESTMENT BANKERS

43 Exchange Place, New York

**A Simple Digest of the Income Tax Law as it Affects Bond Holders**

In this simple interpretation of the provisions of the law affecting bond holders we have tried to tell the average man briefly just what he should do to comply with the law. We will enclose this Digest with our general bond circular for the month of December.

The circular contains a carefully selected list of bonds free from the normal 1% Income Tax and yielding from 4½% to 6%.

*Sent upon Request for List AG-21.*

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49 Wall Street, New York

Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

**Specialists**

For more than twenty years we have specialized in Steam Railroad Bonds.

The present financial situation offers almost unparalleled opportunities for investing advantageously in this class of securities.

We solicit correspondence or personal interviews on this subject.

**F. J. LISMAN & CO.**

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**Reinvestment**

of your January funds can profitably be arranged for at this time through our selected list of High Grade investments, combining security, marketability, and opportunities for enhancement in value, yielding from

**4.80% to 6%**

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42 Broadway, New York

Boston Chicago Detroit
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**BLAIR & CO.**

24 BROAD ST., NEW YORK

Domestic and Foreign Bankers

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

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**Henry Clews & Co.**

BANKERS

11, 13, 15, 17, AND 19 BROAD ST.

MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.

STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold for investors, also carried on liberal terms.

Banking accounts received subject to check at sight. Interest paid on daily balances.

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issued, available the world over.

**SIMON BORG & CO.**

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INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Hilton Dodge Lumber 6s, 1921
Wichita Falls & N. W. 1st 5s, 1939
Richmond & Danville 6s, 1915
New Orleans Ry. & Lt. 4½s, 1935

**J. S. Bache & Co.**

43 Broadway. Tel. 6400 Broad.


# THE FINANCIAL SITUATION IN AMERICA AND EUROPE

Of paramount importance among the events of last week was the enactment of the new currency and banking law. This is a measure which is bound to have influence of the greatest importance long after most, if not all, of the other matters which were discussed last week have ceased to be factors of any great consequence. The news that the Owen-Glass bill had been signed was received with expressions of satisfaction countrywide. It undoubtedly contributed in no small measure to the improvement in sentiment which in one direction has found reflection on the Stock Exchange, but which in a broader field has been manifested in the hopeful views which have been expressed by bankers and business men in many parts of the country. Those who have been doubtful about the practical working of the law which has now been put on the statute books have refrained from repeating the criticism of the measure which they voiced so freely while its provisions were still under consideration. This they have done, no doubt, in response to the feeling that the time for criticism of the bill had passed and that, so far as possible, all should join in the effort to make the new law as successful as possible. But in addition to this there has no doubt been a change of sentiment, at least in some quarters, regarding the effect which the law will exert. The measure is not a perfect one, but it is a very long step in the right direction—so long a step, indeed, that it is entirely reasonable to assume that it will not be difficult to obtain amendments designed to make the law more workable whenever experience shows that changes are needed. The main principles of currency reform have been accepted by the country in this law and what at times have seemed insurmountable obstacles in the way of genuine improvement in our banking and currency system have been overcome. The rest may, with a good deal of confidence, be left to the future. Unexpected problems may arise under the new law which will require firm and indulgent handling, but that will not be difficult if the board which is to be charged with the direction of the scheme is made up of the right sort of men. The appointments which the President has to make under the authority conferred by the Federal Reserve act will be of vast importance to the country as a whole, for the machine which has been created is a powerful one, which must be fairly and discreetly operated if trouble is to be avoided.

The fact that the successful conclusion of the long struggle for a new banking law has been greeted with something like enthusiasm in the stock market rather belies the belief that one of the results would be a lessening of the financial power of this city. It is difficult to see how any beneficent power which has been swayed in the financial world by New York can be lessened by any measure which will benefit the community at large. On the contrary, it would appear that new opportunities will be presented under the system provided for in the new law, and it is fair to assume that the opportunities offered will not be allowed to slip by. Much was said during the discussion of the bill of the possible curtailment of Stock Exchange credits under the new system, but it is plain from the action of the stock market that there is no real fear that there will be a scarcity of funds for employment in the stock market as a result of its adoption. Quite possibly it will have the effect of lessening the undue advantage which Stock Exchange speculations has at times enjoyed in the matter of interest rates, when resort has been had to the call loan market. But that will by no means be an unmixed evil. Vast sums have been kept in the New York call money market because that has been the most liquid form of investment for bank funds. Under the new system, when it has been established in thorough working order, commercial paper will be an even more liquid asset than Stock Exchange loans, for it will be entitled to the privilege of rediscount at the central institution, whereas no such privilege will attach to loans made on Stock Exchange collateral. The effect of this may very well be to bring up the rates on Stock Exchange loans while tending to bring down the rates on commercial paper, a readjustment which can have only good results, so far as can be judged in advance of the actual application of a change so important. But this is far different from saying that money will not be freely available to the Stock Exchange. The doing away with any speculation in securities which cannot bear the burden of an interest rate approximating that which merchants have to pay on the funds which they borrow can hardly prove a serious loss to the community. It is not an overhopeful view to take that any loss in deposits which the New York banks may suffer as a result of the withdrawal of reserves now deposited here will speedily be made up by the normal growth of other banking business under the freer working of the banking facilities of the country, which will be assured by the new system—a freer working which must redound to the advantage of all business.

It happened that with the passing of the Currency bill to its final stages the country was given reassurance on a question which had been causing a good deal of misgiving in some quarters. The Administration, in making known its desire that the Sherman law be enforced with as little litigation as possible, showed that an opportunity was open to concerns against which action under the Sherman law had been begun, or were proposed, to escape further inconvenience on this score by a voluntary readjustment of their affairs. Following the announcement of the settlement between the Government and the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, rumor busied itself with the names of many railroad and industrial corporations which were said to be seeking an understanding with the Department of Justice. In some of these cases information was so specific as to indicate that announcement of settlements in their cases will be forthcoming soon. Among the companies mentioned, however, there are some which have planned no settlement out of court. The United States Steel Corporation was one of the concerns which, it was said, would undertake voluntarily to readjust its status, but so far as could be learned the Steel Corporation has decided on no such course. It continues to express confidence in its position, and in the outcome of the suit which the Government brought against it, the trial of which is now nearing an end. It has, of course, to be borne in mind that voluntary agreements with the Department of Justice really do not settle the questions involved in these suits. A decision by the courts upholding or condemning the position of the Steel Corporation, for instance, would go much further to settle the working of the Sherman law than any number of agreements privately reached with the Department of Justice. But there is presented in each such case the practical question whether the chances against the company are sufficiently great to warrant surrender without a struggle in the courts. Under the circumstances the chances seem to be that some of the important cases will go to trial, while a number will be adjusted without further litigation.

The mere fact that the Government is anxious to avoid litigation wherever possible is in itself reassuring. If events bear out the advices which came from Washington at the close of the week that the President is desirous of having Congress confine its deliberations to a relatively short session, with a minimum of new legislation bearing on business questions, further relief will be afforded. None of these things in themselves can immediately change underlying economic conditions, but the fear of unwise legislation and of harassing litigation would undoubtedly accentuate the recession in trade which has for some time been underway, while the removal of such fears will increase the probability of early revival.

Many signs have been afforded of a decline in commercial activity, but in our foreign trade, at least, the pace continues to be a rapid one. It is true that the country's imports and exports for November fell below the exceptional figures of November last year, but with that exception they were the largest for the month in the history of the country, and the credit merchandise balance in our favor was again very large. Our strong position in international trade is one of the striking facts which call for attention in connection with the general business outlook in this country, particularly inasmuch as our foreign trade reflects none of the adverse influence which some felt would flow from the change in the country's tariff policy. Our trade position would stand us in good stead did necessity appear for our drawing gold from abroad to strengthen bank reserves, but of that there is no need at the moment. We are going to the end of the year in an altogether comfortable money market, with some pretty clear indications that money will grow still easier in the early weeks of the new year. The vast amount of new capital issues awaiting a market and uncertainty as to just how the transfer of reserves required by the new currency law will affect the immediate position of the banks will, of course, exert influence, but they will hardly entirely offset the downward tendency in money which is normal in January.

## LONDON QUIET, BUT HOPEFUL.

**Approaching Account Halts Resumption—Cheaper Money Near.**

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—Very little was doing in the stock markets the past week, the holidays, preceding the close of the nineteen-day settlement, stifling activity. Such transactions as were reported consisted either of investment orders, mostly in scrip of recent gilt-edged issues, or in covering purchases of bears.

The week, although quiet, has been of considerable interest because it brought a decided change in sentiment, and the City has become distinctly more hopeful, realizing that money will be cheaper with the new year and that it will continue.

But the main cause of the better tendency was the change reported from Wall Street. The market would probably have responded more readily to the better general outlook but for the hesitancy of the Paris Bourse.

## PARIS LAGS, THEN RECOVERS.

**Bourse Is Stimulated by Wall Street and Rise in Rio Tintos.**

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—Business on the Bourse at the opening of the week was almost at a standstill, and there was general depression. Professional and public transactions were conspicuous by their absence. Midweek brought a stimulus, on account of the strong activity of Wall Street, particularly affecting coppers, which had a cheering influence on all sections. The passage of the Currency bill was also regarded as a significant improvement in trade conditions.

Pending a definite pronouncement by the Government regarding the big loan, also the future taxation of French rentes, the Bourse will remain unsettled.

In the general stream of liquidation at the opening rentes declined half a point, which they regained in the general steadying influence from New York. Mexicans slumped badly, but Nationals remained at 17 points, on Huerta's decree concerning bank holidays.

Rio Tintos declined 7 on Monday. Since then the salient feature of the week was their rallying 13 points on Tuesday and 7 on Wednesday, while on further encouraging American reports they went up 21 more at the close, putting the entire market in a more hopeful frame of mind for next week.

## STANDSTILL IN BERLIN.

**Due to Holidays and Operation of New Army Taxes Jan. 1.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 28.—The four days on which the Berlin Boerse was open for business last week were distinguished by an almost complete inactivity.

The holidays alone were not responsible, but also the approach of New Year's Day, when investors must make out a declaration of the securities they own for the new army income taxes. The public hesitates to make any change in its holdings. The taxes will be assessed on the basis of quotations on Dec. 3 last.

Yesterday's close was still duller than the preceding days of the week. The depreciation of Canadian Pacifics especially contributed to the depression. Oriental stocks were the only ones to reveal a semblance of activity.

## MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

The following were the daily rates on call and time loans last week:

| | On Call. | Renewal Rate. | 60 Days. | 90 Days. | Six Mos. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 3½@3½ | 3½ | 5 @5½ | 5 @5¼ | 4¾@5 |
| Dec. 23 | 3@3½ | 3½ | 4¾@5 | 4¾@5 | 4½@4¾ |
| Dec. 24 | 3¾@4 | 3½ | 4¾@5 | 4¾@5 | 4½@4¾ |
| Dec. 26 | @4 | 4 | 4¾@5 | 4½@5 | 4½@4¾ |
| Dec. 27 | 4 | 4 | 4¾@5 | 4½@5 | 4½@4¾ |

Week's Range—On call, 3@4; renewal rate, 3¾; 60 days, 4¾@5½; 90 days, 4½@5¼; six months, 4½@5.

Same Week Last Year.—On call, 1½@12; renewal rate, 8; 60 days, 5¾@6½; 90 days, 5½@6; six months, 5@5½.

Year to Date.—On call, 1@10; renewal rate, 2¾; sixty days, 2½@6; ninety days, 3½@6; six months, 3¾@6¾.

Same Period Last Year.—On call, 1¾@20; renewal rate, 2½; sixty days, 2@8; ninety days, 2½@7½; six months, 3@6¼.

FOREIGN DISCOUNT RATE.

| | London. Short. | 3 Months. | Berlin. | Paris. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 5 | 4¾ | 5 | 3½ |
| Dec. 23 | 4 15-16 | 4 13-16 | 4½ | 3½ |
| Dec. 24 | 4 15-16 | 4 13-16 | 4½ | 3½ |
| Dec. 27 | 4 15-16 | 4 13-16 | 4½ | 3½ |

FOREIGN BANK RATES.

| | Rate. | When Fixed. |
|---|---|---|
| Bank of England | 5 | Oct. 2, 1913 |
| Bank of France | 4 | Oct. 31, 1912 |
| Bank of Germany | 5 | Dec. 12, 1913 |
| Bank of Holland | 5 | June 25, 1913 |
| Bank of Belgium | 5 | Oct. 16, 1912 |
| Bank of Austria | 5½ | Nov. 27, 1913 |
| Bank of Italy | 6 | Oct. 31, 1912 |
| Bank of Switzerland | 4½ | Aug. 14, 1913 |
| Bank of Russia | 5½ | Oct. 28, 1912 |
| Bank of Spain | 4½ | Sep. 24, 1907 |
| Bank of Portugal | 6 | Jan. 9, 1892 |
| Bank of Sweden | 5½ | Nov. 14, 1912 |
| Bank of Norway | 5½ | Mar. 25, 1912 |
| Bank of Denmark | 6 | July 2, 1913 |
| Bank of Bengal | 7 | Nov. 13, 1913 |
| Bank of Bombay | 5 | Oct. 31, 1913 |

STERLING EXCHANGE.

| | —Demand. High. | Low. | Close. | 60 Days. Close. | Cable. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | $4.8550 | $4.8530 | $4.8535 | $4.81 | $4.8605 |
| Dec. 23 | 4.8535 | 4.8525 | 4.8535 | 4.8125 | 4.8595 |
| Dec. 24 | 4.8525 | 4.8510 | 4.8510 | 4.8125 | 4.8590 |
| Dec. 26 | 4.8510 | 4.85 | 4.8505 | 4.8125 | 4.86 |
| Dec. 27 | 4.8505 | 4.8505 | 4.8505 | 4.8125 | 4.86 |

Week's Range.—Demand, $4.85@$4.8535; 60 days, $4.81@$4.8125; 90 days, $4.8590@4.86.

Same Week Last Year.—Demand, $4.8485@$4.8550; 60 days, $4.8075@$4.8120; 90 days, $4.8560@$4.8625.

Year to Date.—Demand, $4.8480@$4.8790; sixty days, $4.8020@$4.8370; cable, $4.86@$4.8805.

Same Period Last Year.—Demand, $4.8455@$4.8785; sixty days, $4.8025@$4.8495; cable, $4.8515@$4.8820.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK AT DOMESTIC CENTRES.

| | Boston. | Chicago. | St. L. | San F. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | Par | Par | *5c | *35c |
| Dec. 23 | Par | Par | *10c | *35c |
| Dec. 24 | Par | Par | *10c | *35c |
| Dec. 26 | Par | *15c | *10c | *40c |
| Dec. 27 | Par | *25c | *10c | *50c |

*Premium.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

| | Paris. F. C | Berlin. M. Pf. |
|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 25 32 | 20 49½ |
| Dec. 23 | 25 31½ | 20 49½ |
| Dec. 24 | 25 33 | 20 50 |
| Dec. 26 | 25 33 | |
| Dec. 27 | 25 33 | 20 50 |

GOLD AND SILVER BARS IN LONDON.

| | Gold Bars. s. d. | American Eagles. s. d. | Bar Silver. d. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 77 9 | 76 4½ | 26 13-16 |
| Dec. 23 | 77 9 | 76 4½ | 26⅝ |
| Dec. 24 | 77 9 | 76 4½ | 26 11-16 |
| Dec. 27 | 77 9 | 76 4½ | 26 11-16 |

GOLD PREMIUMS.

| | Madrid. | Lisbon. |
|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 6.45 | 20.00 |
| Dec. 23 | 6.40 | 20.00 |
| Dec. 24 | 6.40 | 18.00 |
| Dec. 27 | 6.40 | 18.00 |

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

| | British Consols. | French Rentes. | Ger. Imp. 3s. | Rus. 4s. | Turk. 4s. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 71 5-16 | 84f 97½c | 75 | 89 | 86½ |
| Dec. 23 | 71¾ | 85f 10c | 75 | 89 | 86½ |
| Dec. 24 | 71 15-16 | 85f 05c | 75 | 89 | 86½ |
| Dec. 26 | | 85f 25c | | | |
| Dec. 27 | 71 15-16 | 85f 25c | 75 | 89 | 86½ |

## WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

WHEAT.

| | May. High. | Low. |
|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 97⅝ | 97¼ |
| Dec. 23 | 97⅝ | 97⅝ |
| Dec. 24 | 97 11-16 | 97½ |
| Dec. 26 | 97⅝ | 97½ |
| Dec. 27 | 97¼ | 97¼ |
| Week's range | 97⅝ | 97¼ |

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.

| | Dec. High. | Low. | May. High. | Low. | July. High. | Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 88¼ | 87⅜ | 91⅛ | 90⅜ | 87⅞ | 87½ |
| Dec. 23 | 87⅞ | 87⅜ | 91 | 90⅜ | 87⅝ | 87 |
| Dec. 24 | 87⅞ | 87⅜ | 90⅞ | 90⅜ | 87⅝ | 87 |
| Dec. 26 | 87⅝ | 87⅛ | 90⅜ | 90¼ | 87 | 86⅝ |
| Dec. 27 | 87½ | 87¼ | 90¼ | 90 | 86½ | 86⅜ |
| Week's range | 88¼ | 87¼ | 91⅛ | 90 | 87⅞ | 86⅜ |

CORN.

| | Dec. High. | Low. | May. High. | Low. | July. High. | Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 68⅛ | 68⅛ | 69½ | 69 | 68⅞ | 68½ |
| Dec. 23 | 69¼ | 68⅜ | 69⅝ | 69¼ | 69⅛ | 68⅝ |
| Dec. 24 | 70 | 69¼ | 69⅝ | 69¼ | 69⅛ | 68⅞ |
| Dec. 26 | 69⅝ | 68¼ | 69⅝ | 68⅝ | 68⅞ | 68¼ |
| Dec. 27 | 68½ | 68¼ | 68½ | 68⅛ | 68¼ | 67⅝ |
| Week's range | 70 | 68⅛ | 69⅝ | 68⅛ | 69⅛ | 67⅝ |

OATS.

| | Dec. High. | Low. | May. High. | Low. | July. High. | Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 39¼ | 39¼ | 41¾ | 41½ | 41 | 40⅞ |
| Dec. 23 | 39⅜ | 38⅞ | 41¾ | 41¼ | 41⅛ | 40⅝ |
| Dec. 24 | 38⅝ | 38⅜ | 41⅛ | 41⅛ | 40⅞ | 40⅜ |
| Dec. 26 | 38⅝ | 38¼ | 41¼ | 41 | 40⅛ | 40⅛ |
| Dec. 27 | 38½ | 38¼ | 41⅛ | 40⅜ | 40⅛ | 39⅞ |
| Week's range | 39⅜ | 38¼ | 41¾ | 40⅜ | 41⅛ | 39⅞ |

Provisions.

LARD.

| | Jan. High. | Low. | May. High. | Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 10.87 | 10.85 | 11.05 | 10.97 |
| Dec. 23 | 10.65 | 10.62 | 11.00 | 10.97 |
| Dec. 24 | 10.67 | 10.67 | 11.02 | 11.02 |
| Dec. 26 | 10.67 | 10.62 | 11.02 | 10.97 |
| Dec. 27 | 10.62 | 10.57 | 10.97 | 10.92 |
| Weeks' range | 10.87 | 10.57 | 11.05 | 10.92 |

RIBS.

| | Jan. High. | Low. | May. High. | Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 10.80 | 10.77 | 11.10 | 11.07 |
| Dec. 23 | 10.77 | 10.75 | 11.10 | 11.07 |
| Dec. 24 | 10.80 | 10.75 | 11.12 | 11.07 |
| Dec. 26 | 10.77 | 10.72 | 11.12 | 11.02 |
| Dec. 27 | 10.72 | 10.67 | 11.02 | 10.97 |
| Week's range | 10.80 | 10.67 | 11.12 | 10.97 |

PORK.

| | Jan. High. | Low. | May. High. | Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | | | 20.87 | 20.80 |
| Dec. 23 | 20.50 | 20.45 | 20.90 | 20.80 |
| Dec. 24 | 20.50 | 20.45 | 20.95 | 20.87 |
| Dec. 26 | 20.42 | 20.32 | 20.85 | 20.77 |
| Dec. 27 | | | 20.80 | 20.65 |
| Week's range | 20.50 | 20.32 | 20.95 | 20.65 |

COTTON

| | Dec. High. | Low. | Mar. High. | Low. | May. High. | Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. 22 | 12.18 | 12.01 | 12.19 | 11.99 | 12.17 | 11.98 |
| Dec. 23 | 12.16 | 12.08 | 12.23 | 12.12 | 12.19 | 12.09 |
| Dec. 24 | 12.28 | 12.11 | 12.34 | 12.16 | 12.29 | 12.13 |
| Dec. 26 | 12.10 | 12.01 | 12.21 | 12.11 | 12.17 | 12.07 |
| Dec. 27 | 12.19 | 12.18 | 12.35 | 12.18 | 12.30 | 12.18 |
| Week's range | 12.28 | 12.01 | 12.35 | 11.99 | 12.30 | 11.98 |

## 1913 COAL OUTPUT LARGER.

**This Despite Strikes, Ohio Floods, and Shortage of Labor.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28. — Despite labor disturbances in Colorado, the interference of the Ohio floods last Spring and general complaint by the coal operators that they were unable to work their mines at full capacity because of shortages in the labor market, there was an increased production of coal in the United States in 1913 of between 30,000,000 and 40,000,000 tons, as compared with that of 1912.

According to the estimates made public to-night by Edward W. Parker, coal statistician of the Geological Survey, there will have been a total production of between 565,000,000 and 575,000,000 tons at the end of the present year. The increased output is said to be normal—"an index of the general industrial activity of the country."

"Coal mining, like all other industries in the Ohio Valley States, was seriously interfered with by the floods in that region during the Spring of 1913 and probably from 5,000,000 to 10,000,000 tons of coal would have been added to the year's output but for the great disaster," Mr. Parker asserts.

The decrease in the production of fuel oil in the mid-continent oil fields and the strike in Colorado, Mr. Parker says, has resulted in an increased output of coal in the Southwest and the Eastern States.

## EUROPEAN BANKS.

**Bank of England.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Total reserve decreased | £2,888,000 |
| Notes reserved decreased | 2,764,000 |
| Notes in circulation increased | 566,000 |
| Public deposits increased | 1,393,000 |
| Other deposits increased | 4,008,000 |
| Government securities increased | 5,000 |
| Other securities increased | 8,912,000 |

The detailed statement compares as follows with the same week one and two years ago:

| | 1913. | 1912. | 1911. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bullion | £33,008,465 | £30,328,567 | £32,438,162 |
| Reserve | 22,187,000 | 19,506,002 | 21,695,372 |
| Notes res. | 21,134,000 | 18,471,890 | 20,980,325 |
| Res. to Lab. | 43¼% | 38% | 35½% |
| Circulation | 29,361,000 | 29,272,565 | 29,192,790 |
| Public dep. | 9,421,000 | 12,455,572 | 16,330,809 |
| Other dep. | 42,072,000 | 39,059,033 | 44,791,819 |
| Gov. secur. | 11,198,000 | 13,034,568 | 15,271,183 |
| Other secur. | 35,930,000 | 36,781,501 | 41,914,475 |

The more important items at this date in the past few years compare as follows:

| | Bullion. | Reserve. | Other Securities. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1913 | £33,008,465 | £22,187,000 | £35,930,000 |
| 1912 | 30,328,567 | 19,506,002 | 36,781,501 |
| 1911 | 32,438,162 | 21,695,372 | 41,914,475 |
| 1910 | 31,355,545 | 21,195,330 | 36,633,614 |
| 1909 | 33,432,021 | 22,798,716 | 31,208,504 |
| 1908 | 30,942,653 | 19,357,553 | 34,152,518 |
| 1907 | 30,745,846 | 19,681,596 | 39,034,844 |

Proportion of reserve at this date in a number of years:

| | P. C. | | P. C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1913 | 43¼ | 1908 | 38½ |
| 1912 | 38 | 1907 | 40 |
| 1911 | 35½ | 1906 | 37⅝ |
| 1910 | 37⅝ | 1905 | 33⅝ |
| 1909 | 44⅞ | 1904 | 37⅝ |

**Bank of France.**

| | Increase. Francs |
|---|---|
| Gold holdings | *7,214,000 |
| Silver holdings | *10,763,000 |
| Notes in circulation | 16,525,000 |
| General deposits | *96,200,000 |
| Bills discounted | 54,225,000 |
| Treasury deposits | 200,975,000 |
| Advances | 5,650,000 |

*Decrease.

The detailed statement compares as follows:

| | 1913. Francs. | 1912. Francs. | 1911. Francs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gold | 3,517,403,000 | 3,207,325,000 | 3,206,450,000 |
| Silver | 640,053,000 | 689,225,000 | 804,125,000 |
| Circ'n | 5,713,540,000 | 5,584,337,635 | 5,310,365,485 |
| Gen. dep. | 562,076,000 | 649,724,500 | 687,197,082 |
| Bills dis. | 1,528,437,000 | 1,718,155,885 | 1,397,183,641 |
| Trs. dep. | 493,367,000 | 237,107,758 | 283,870,766 |
| Adv'ces. | 746,772,000 | 737,085,778 | 685,447,388 |

The most important items at this date in years prior to 1911 were as follows, in francs:

| | Gold. | Silver. | Circulation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1910 | 3,288,700,000 | 827,225,000 | 5,151,983,675 |
| 1909 | 3,500,975,000 | 892,675,000 | 5,139,465,175 |
| 1908 | 3,488,575,000 | 889,659,000 | 4,934,350,000 |
| 1907 | 2,690,938,060 | 924,411,504 | 4,806,581,000 |

**Bank of Germany.**

| | Marks. |
|---|---|
| Gold on hand decreased | 10,970,000 |
| Gold and silver decreased | 6,347,000 |
| Notes in circulation increased | 112,825,000 |
| Treasury bills increased | 4,797,000 |
| Deposits increased | 46,010,000 |
| Loans decreased | 8,408,000 |
| Discounts increased | 110,921,000 |

The important returns compare with those of one or two years ago as follows:

| | 1913. Marks. | 1912. Marks. | 1911. Marks. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gold and silver— | 1,486,682,000 | 1,036,340,000 | 1,057,460,000 |
| Loans and discounts— | 1,065,617,000 | 1,744,020,000 | 1,457,860,000 |
| Circulation | 2,042,307,000 | 2,041,280,000 | 1,804,060,000 |

The cash holdings in 1910 were 1,057,460,000 marks, in 1909, 1,001,340,000; in 1908, 983,700,000; in 1907, 1,059,060,000.

## CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK.

Transactions in the leading securities on the Curb for the week ended Saturday, Dec. 27, were:

INDUSTRIALS.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 500 | B.-Am. Tob. | 23¾ | 23¼ | 23¼ | + ¼ |
| 400 | B.-Am. T., new | 23¾ | 23¾ | 23⅜ | — ¾ |
| 215 | Con. Rub. T. | 40½ | 39 | 40 | — ½ |
| 10 | Con. R. T. pf. | 107 | 107 | 107 | — ¾ |
| 2 | L. V. C. S. Co. | 188 | 188 | 188 | — 2 |
| 300 | M. of Am., new | 4 | 4 | 4 | .. |
| 250 | Max. Motors | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ | + ¼ |
| 800 | M. M. 1st pf. | 23¼ | 19½ | 22 | + 2¼ |
| 150 | M. M. 2d pf. | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ | + ¾ |
| 1,500 | *Mays Oil | 18 | 17 | 17 | .. |
| 100 | N. Y. Transp. | 5 | 5 | 5 | + 1 |
| 2,065 | Pueblo S. & F. | 2¼ | 2 | 2¼ | + ¼ |
| 3,200 | Riker & Heg. Corp., new | 7½ | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 1,900 | Tob. Prod. pf. | 84½ | 81⅝ | 83 | — 1½ |
| 15,400 | U. C. S., w. i. | 96 | 94¾ | 94¾ | — ⅝ |
| 150 | U. S. L. & H. | 5½ | 5 | 5 | — ⅜ |
| 10 | U. S. Light & H., new | 25 | 25 | 25 | — ½ |

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 600 | Anglo-A. Oil | 24¼ | 24¼ | 24¼ | — 1¼ |
| 4,400 | A.-A. Oil, new | 12½ | 12¼ | 12½ | + ¼ |
| 303 | Atl. Refining | 810 | 728 | 790 | +59 |
| 225 | Buckeye P. L. | 169 | 163 | 168 | + 5½ |
| 122 | Cont. Oil | 225 | 212 | 225 | +15 |
| 1,025 | Ind. Pipe L. | 139 | 136 | 139 | + 4 |
| 240 | Nat. Transit | 41 | 39½ | 41 | + 2 |
| 25 | N. Y. Transit | 328 | 326 | 326½ | + 2 |
| 890 | Ohio Oil | 147½ | 140 | 147 | + 7 |
| 335 | Prairie O. & G. | 437 | 422 | 430 | + 8 |
| 20 | Solar Refin. | 245 | 240 | 241 | —8 |
| 135 | Pierce Oil | 55 | 38 | 48 | .. |
| 40 | S. O. of Neb. | 405 | 380 | 405 | .. |
| 1,726 | S. O. of Cal. | 273 | 250 | 267 | +18 |
| 180 | S. O. of Ind. | 420 | 408 | 416 | +10 |
| 1,233 | S. O. of N. Y. | 180 | 170 | 177 | + 8 |
| 395 | S. O. of N. J. | 402 | 397 | 402 | + 5 |
| 205 | S. O. of Ky. | 698 | 650 | 695 | .. |
| 118 | S. O. of Kan. | 497 | 422 | 493 | .. |
| 75 | S. O. of Ohio | 360 | 333 | 355 | .. |
| 125 | So. Penn. Oil | 280 | 276 | 275 | — 5 |
| 20 | Swan & F. Co. | 295 | 280 | 290 | +10 |
| 505 | Un. Tank L. | 90½ | 85 | 92½ | + 6½ |
| 125 | Vacuum Oil | 198 | 190 | 197 | + 7 |
| 40 | Wash. Oil | 44 | 41 | 44 | + 3 |

RAILROAD.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7,250 | Manhat. Tran. | 1 11-16 | 1¾ | 1⅝ | — ¼ |

MINING.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,000 | *Beaver Con. | 32 | 31 | 32 | .. |
| 425 | Boston Mon. | 5⅜ | 5¼ | 5⅜ | .. |
| 5,800 | Braden Cop. | 7⅛ | 6⅞ | 7⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 300 | Brit. Col. C. | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2¼ | .. |
| 250 | Buffalo M. | 1 15-16 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 500 | Butte & N. Y. | 1 | 1 | 1 | — ⅛ |
| 8,000 | *Canad'n G.-S. | 13 | 10 | 12 | — 2 |
| 7,800 | *Caribou Cob. | 69 | 65 | 68 | — 1 |
| 900 | Davis-D. Cop. | 1 15-16 | 1⅞ | 1 15-16 | +1-16 |
| 700 | *Ely Central | 3 | 2 | 2 | — 1 |
| 9,600 | *Ely Con. | 2 | 1 | 2 | + 1 |
| 525 | First Nat. C. | 3⅛ | 3 | 3⅛ | +5-16 |
| 2,500 | *Gold Hills C. | 18 | 14½ | 18 | .. |
| 1,160 | Goldfield Con. | 1 7-16 | 1⅜ | 1 7-16 | +1-16 |
| 195 | Greene-C., new | 20 | 20½ | 20 | + ⅜ |
| 200 | Halifax T. | 1 5-16 | 1 5-16 | 1 5-16 | .. |
| 7,450 | *Jumbo Exten. | 14 | 9 | 13½ | + 4½ |
| 1,600 | Kerr Lake | 4½ | 4 7-16 | 4½ | +1-16 |
| 2,225 | La Rose Con. | 2 1-16 | 2 | 2 1-16 | .. |
| 50 | Mason V., new | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | — ⅛ |
| 7,000 | McKinley-D. | 1 1-16 | 1 | 1 | —1-16 |
| 1,800 | *Nevada Hills | 46 | 45 | 46 | + 1 |
| 100 | N. Utah B. | 41 | 41 | 41 | .. |
| 2,200 | Nip. Mines | 8½ | 7⅜ | 8⅛ | + ¼ |
| 400 | Stand. S. L. | 1⅝ | 1 9-16 | 1 9-16 | —1-16 |
| 700 | Stewart Min. | 1½ | 1 7-16 | 1 7-16 | —1-16 |
| 14,600 | *Ton. Mercer | 53 | 50 | 52 | + 1 |
| 5,900 | Tonopah Ext. | 1⅝ | 1¼ | 1⅜ | +9-32 |
| 2,650 | T. M. of Nev. | 7 | 6 5-16 | 7 | +11-16 |
| 2,050 | Tularosa | ½ | ½ | ½ | .. |
| 4,590 | West E. Con. | 1 5-16 | 1 7-32 | 1 5-16 | +5-32 |
| 14,600 | *West E. Ex. | 5 | 4 | 5 | .. |
| 300 | Yukon Gold. | 2 1-16 | 2 1-16 | 2 1-16 | +1-16 |

*Cents per share.

BONDS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $175,000 | Can. P. 5% notes | 101¼ | 100⅝ | 101¼ | + ¼ |
| 1,000 | Mason V. 6s. | 60 | 60 | 60 | .. |
| 280,000 | N. Y. State 4s, w. i. | 105¼ | 104 11-16 | 105¼ | + ⅝ |
| 10,000 | West. P. 5s. | 74½ | 74 | 74 | — 5⅝ |

## INACTIVE STOCKS.

In the following list the last prices in 1912 are given of stocks not traded in so far this year, with their bid and asked quotations on Saturday:

| Bid. | Asked. | Stock. | Last Sale. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| .. | .. | Am. District Tel. | *18 | Nov. 28 |
| .. | .. | Cleve. & Pitts. | *197½ | Oct. 17 |
| .. | .. | Crip. Creek C. pf. | *47 | May 16 |
| .. | 30 | Cuban-Am. Sugar | 32 | Nov. 12 |
| 1½ | 10 | D. M. & R. Dodge | 3 | May 18 |
| .. | .. | Granby Consol. | 74½ | Nov. 11 |
| .. | .. | Green Ray & West. | 85 | Mar. 24 |
| .. | .. | Manhattan Beach | .. | Oct. 8 |
| .. | 25 | N. O. M. & C. pf. | 25 | Sept. 1 |
| .. | .. | N. O. Ry. & Light. | 24½ | Sept. 22 |
| 70 | 88 | N. Y., C. &

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# NEW LAW WILL TAKE CASH FROM NEW YORK

## Close to $200,000,000 of the Deposits of Interior Banks Will Be Withdrawn.

In estimating the effect of the Federal Reserve act through the withdrawal of funds from the national banks in the next three years, Congressman Robert J. Bulkley of Ohio reached the conclusion that the banks in central reserve cities would have to return $108,000,000 to country banks and $170,000,000 to reserve city banks, a total of $278,000,000.

Mr. Bulkley's figures were based on the assumption that all the national banks entered the system and that each paid into the Federal Reserve Bank of its district the minimum amount that would meet the reserve requirements of the law. From his table and the reports of the national banks to the Controller of the Currency it is possible to estimate the sums that would be withdrawn from the principal banks of this city by other national banks during the same period on the same basis of calculation.

The total amount of national bank deposits held by the banks of this city is about $330,000,000, which is about 60 per cent. of the amount so held by all the central reserve cities—New York, Chicago, and St. Louis. Applying the same percentage to the amount to be withdrawn from all central reserve cities indicates that $167,000,000 will be withdrawn from the banks of this city. The withdrawals from each bank should correspond approximately with its proportion of such deposits held, and the accompanying table is made up on that basis.

For instance, the National City Bank has $47,000,000 of national bank deposits, or 14.3 per cent. of the entire $330,000,000 held in this city. If it has withdrawals of 14.3 per cent. of the entire amount to be withdrawn, it will lose $23,881,000.

The figures in the table are in round amounts that correspond only approximately with the actual figures. They are not intended to be accurate, but only to illustrate the effect of Mr. Bulkley's analysis on the leading individual banks in this city.

The amounts actually withdrawn are likely to be considerably larger than indicated because of the fact that while Chicago and St. Louis are central reserve cities, the same as New York, both keep reserve money here. St. Louis in addition keeps funds in Chicago, which keeps part of these in New York. The result is that instead of 60 per cent. of the withdrawals of the country and reserve city banks coming from New York, this city will probably bear indirectly a large share of the withdrawals from Chicago and St. Louis, which they will meet by drawing on New York.

| Bank. | Total Deposits. | Deposits of National Banks. | Per cent. of all National Bank Deposits Here ($330,000,000.) | Prospective Withdrawals (Total $167,000,000.) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bank of New York | $28,000,000 | $7,000,000 | 2.1 | $3,507,000 |
| Merchants' National | 22,000,000 | 5,000,000 | 1.5 | 2,505,000 |
| Mechanics' & Met. | 69,000,000 | 12,000,000 | 3.6 | 6,012,000 |
| National City | 215,000,000 | 47,000,000 | 14.3 | 23,881,000 |
| Chemical | 32,000,000 | 4,000,000 | 1.2 | 2,004,000 |
| American Exchange | 61,000,000 | 13,000,000 | 3.9 | 6,513,000 |
| Hanover | 137,000,000 | 33,000,000 | 10.0 | 16,700,000 |
| Importers & Traders' | 105,000,000 | 33,000,000 | 10.0 | 16,700,000 |
| Park | 27,000,000 | 9,000,000 | 2.7 | 4,509,000 |
| Fourth | 105,000,000 | 34,000,000 | 10.0 | 16,700,000 |
| First | 35,000,000 | 13,000,000 | 3.9 | 6,513,000 |
| Irving | 108,000,000 | 30,000,000 | 9.0 | 15,030,000 |
| Chase | 40,000,000 | 18,000,000 | 3.9 | 6,513,000 |
| Seaboard | 121,000,000 | 39,000,000 | 12.0 | 20,040,000 |
| Liberty | 33,000,000 | 13,000,000 | 3.9 | 6,513,000 |
| | 28,000,000 | 7,000,000 | 2.1 | 3,507,000 |

# Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

## STREET RAILWAY AND ELEC. COMPANIES.

| SECURITIES. | Amount Outstanding. | Dividend. Per C't. | Period | Date. | Quotation Dec. 27, 1913. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Albany So 5s | $1,302,000 | 2½ | S | M. & S. | 90 | 95 |
| A. G.&E.($50) | 2,500,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | $65 | $68 |
| Do pf. ($50) | 1,557,500 | 1½ | Q | Nov 1, 13 | $46 | $48 |
| Am. R. & Lt. | 5,631,400 | 1 | Q | Dec 1, 13 | 59 | 61 |
| Do 6% cu.pf | 3,115,800 | 1½ | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 74 | 75 |
| Do op. war. | 1,604,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 7 | 10 |
| Do6%nos.'21 | 2,199,100 | 3 | S | F. & A. | 95 | 97 |
| Appal'n Pow. | 6,000,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 8 | 10 |
| Do pref. | 2,180,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 30 | 35 |
| Ark's. Power. | 3,000,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 8 | 11 |
| Do pref. | 850,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 45 | 50 |
| Ashev'eL.&P. 1st s. f.5s.'42 | 1,100,000 | 2½ | S | A. & O. | 90 | 94 |
| Au. & Syr. El. | | | | | | |
| R.R. tax ex. | 1,460,000 | 2½ | S | Oct 15, 13 | 95½ | 98 |
| Aug.-Al. R. & E. s. f.5s.'35 | 2,588,000 | 2½ | S | J. & D. | 85 | 90 |
| Aug. Ry. & El. 1st 5s of '40. | 987,000 | 2½ | S | J. & D. | 99 | 101 |
| Bal. Co. Wat. & El. 5s, '46 | 908,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 90½ | 93½ |
| Bir., B., L. & P. C. 4½s. | 8,720,000 | 2½ | S | A. & O. | 87 | 90 |
| Do ref. ex5s '57 | 2,000,000 | 3 | S | M. & N. | 96 | 97 |
| Buf. Cr'n 1st 5s | 2,974,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 101 | 102 |
| Buff.G. El.5s | 2,375,000 | 2½ | S | F. & A. | 101 | 101½ |
| B. & L. E. 5s, '36 | 7,066,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | .. | 50 |
| B. & Lockp. 1st 5s, '38. | 500,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | .. | 97 |
| B. & N. Falls | | | | | | |
| E. L. & P. 1st 5s, '42. | 500,000 | 2½ | S | F. & A. | .. | 98 |
| Cal. El. Gen. Co. pf. | 600,000 | 1½ | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 70 | 75 |
| Capital Tr. | 12,000,000 | 1½ | Q | Jan 1, 14 | 111 | 111¾ |
| Do 1st 5s.'47 | 5,680,000 | 2½ | S | J. & D. | 107¾ | 107⅞ |
| Cent'l Maine Pow. 1st 5s | 2,302,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 95 | 98 |
| C. M. L. & P. pf. | 1,250,000 | 1½ | Q | Dec 31,13 | 55 | 65 |
| Do. 6s. 1940 | 1,800,000 | 1½ | Q | Oct 1, 13 | 87½ | 92½ |
| C. L.H.& P.5s | 1,500,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 98 | 100 |
| C. Ry. 1st 5s, '31 | 5,475,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 99¼ | 101 |
| E. 1st 5s,'36 | 2,454,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 90 | 93 |
| Do com. | 2,000,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 50 | .. |
| Do pref. | 840,000 | 1½ | Q | Oct 1, 13 | 80 | 90 |
| C. G., E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s | 11,584,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 87 | 87½ |
| C. T. of N. J. | 15,000,000 | 2½ | S | Jul 15,13 | 73½ | 74½ |
| Do 1st 5s, '33 | 10,088,000 | 2½ | S | J. & D. | 100 | 101 |
| Consum. Po. (Mich.) 5s, '36 | 10,088,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 89 | 92 |
| C. P. (Minn.) 1st 5s, '29. | 10,000,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 87 | 88 |
| El. B. & S. pf | 3,500,000 | 1½ | Q | Nov 1, 13 | 97½b | 99b |
| Ec.L. & P. 1st mtg. 5s, '56. | 1,880,000 | 2½ | S | J. & D. | 95 | 99 |
| El. Util. Cor. | 2,500,000 | 1½ | Q | Sep 30, 13 | 23 | 27 |
| Do pf. | 1,500,000 | 1½ | Q | Oct 15, 13 | 76 | 80 |
| Ex. Spgs. W. G. & E. 1st 6s | 218,000 | 3 | S | J. & D. | 97 | 100 |
| Fed. L. & T. Co. | 4,750,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 20 | 23 |
| Do pf. | 2,500,000 | 1½ | Q | Dec 1, 13 | 69 | 72 |
| Ft. Smith L. & P. 1st 5s, '46 | 1,904,000 | 2½ | S | M. & S. | 88 | 95 |
| Ft. Worth P. & L. 1st 5s | 1,500,000 | 2½ | S | F. & A. | 91 | 94 |
| Guan. P. & E. | 3,500,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 15 | 20 |
| Do pf. | 1,500,000 | 1½ | Q | Nov 1, 13 | 60 | 70 |
| Harwood El. 5s, '30. | 1,423,000 | 3 | S | A. & O. | 87½ | 92½ |
| Int. Ry. of B. B. Div.5s,'31 | 1,000,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 100 | 103 |
| B. & L. Div. 1st 5s. | 4,700,000 | 2½ | S | F. & A. | 102 | 102½ |
| B. & N. F. D. 1st 5s. | 500,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | .. | 97 |
| Int. St. El. C. 1st 6s, '33. | 750,000 | 2½ | S | J. & D. | 100 | .. |
| Int. Trac. 4s. | 466,000 | 3 | S | M. & S. | 97½ | 100 |
| 40 rets | 18,315,000 | 2 | S | J. & J. | 61 | 61 |
| J.C.,H. & P. 4s | 14,061,000 | 2 | S | M. & N. | 74 | 75 |
| Joplin & Pit. Ry. 5s, '30. | 1,750,000 | 2½ | S | M. & S. | 92 | 95 |
| K. C. R. & L. | 9,543,080 | .. | .. | ..... | 18 | 22 |
| Do pf. | 9,407,500 | 1½ | Q | Mar 1, 11 | 30 | 35 |
| Do 1st 5s | 10,200,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 84 | 85½ |
| K. C. B. L. 6s | 2,500,000 | 3 | S | J. & J. | 101½ | 101¾ |
| K. C. E.4s,'22 | 2,000,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 74 | 77 |
| K. C. Met. St. Ry. cn. 1st 5s, '13. | 7,243,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 93 | 96 |
| K. C. & Wes. 1st 5s, 1926 | 500,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 86 | 88 |
| K. G. & E. pf. | 1,560,000 | 1½ | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 95 | 97 |
| Do 5s of '22. | 3,089,000 | 2½ | S | M. & S. | 95 | 96 |
| L. Ry. &L. E. 1st 5s,'33 | 1,950,000 | 2½ | S | A. & O. | 99½ | .. |
| L. A.G.&E.5s | 4,893,000 | 2½ | S | M. & S. | 92 | .. |
| Mobile E. pf | 852,000 | 1½ | Q | Nov 15,13 | 88b | 92b |
| Do 1st 5s.'46 | 1,696,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 88 | 91 |
| Montana Pr. | 49,634,000 | ½ | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 37 | 39 |
| Do pf. | 9,700,000 | 1¾ | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 94 | 98 |
| Musk'e G. & E. pf | 1,438,500 | 1¾ | Q | Dec 15,13 | 88b | 92b |
| Do 1st5s,'26 | 1,058,000 | 2½ | S | J. & D. | 92 | 95 |
| Nashville R. & Lt. pf. | 2,500,000 | 1¼ | Q | Jan 1, 14 | 85 | 90 |
| Do com.5s,'53 | 4,054,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 99 | 100 |
| Do ref.5s,'58 | 2,810,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 90 | 94 |
| N. Y. West'r. LGM4s,2004 | 10,000,000 | 2 | S | J. & J. | 76 | 79 |
| N. Jersey Ry 1st 4s, 1948 | 15,000,000 | 2 | S | M. & N. | 76 | 77 |
| N. L. & Mont Pow. 1st 6s | 4,462,000 | 3 | S | F. & A. | .. | 53 |
| N. O. L. & P. | 4,585,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 11 | 14 |
| Do pf. | 2,400,000 | 3 | S | J. & J. | 59 | 62 |
| N. St. Power 5s, '31 | 4,700,000 | 3 | S | J. & J. | 87½ | 92½ |
| Do pf. | 5,975,000 | 1¾ | Q | Oct 15, 13 | 13 | 15 |
| N. T. Tr. '28 | 8,386,700 | 2½ | Q | J. & J. | 67 | 69 |
| Okla. Ry. 5s. | 2,500,000 | 2½ | Q | J. & J. | 98 | 100 |
| Ont. P. sto'k | 2,630,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 84½ | 87 |
| Ont. P. sto'k & B. 1st 5s, '28 | 8,509,000 | 1¾ | Q | Dec 1, 13 | 73 | 73½ |
| Oreg. El. Ry. | 1,729,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 92 | 97 |
| Ot. R. & L. pf | 2,000,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 97 | 98 |
| Do 1st 5s,'24 | 850,000 | 1¾ | Q | Oct 15,13 | 88b | 92b |
| Por. Gen. El. 5s, '49 | 1,044,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 85 | 90 |
| Prescott G. & E 1st 6s,'40 | 8,000,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 97 | 100 |
| Pub. S. Cor. ctfs. | 250,000 | 3 | S | J. & J. | 88 | 91 |
| Pub. U. Cor. ($50) | 19,970,440 | 1½ | Q | Sep 30,13 | 102 | 103 |
| Do pf. ($50) | 1,000,000 | 1¾ | Q | Oct 1, 13 | $40 | $45 |
| Rep.R.&L.Co | 5,200,000 | 1¾ | Q | Oct 1, 13 | $45 | $50 |
| Do pf. | 6,300,000 | 1½ | Q | Oct 15, 13 | 14 | 16 |
| Roch Ry&Lts tax ex. N.Y. | 9,401,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 97½ | 99 |
| Roch., Syr. & E. 5s of '45. | 5,000,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 65 | 72 |
| Rockld.L.&P. 5s | 605,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 92 | 95 |
| Rutland R.R. &P.1st5s,'46 | 1,904,000 | 2½ | S | M. & S. | 88 | 95 |
| St.Jo.(Mo.)R. L.,H.& P. 5s | 4,637,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 97 | 99 |
| San. Val. Tr. 5s | 813,000 | 2½ | S | F. & A. | 93½ | 97½ |
| Sall L.& Ogd. 1st 5s. | 1,150,000 | 2½ | S | F. & A. | 90½ | 93 |
| SanDiegoCon G. & E. 1st 5s, '39. | 3,425,000 | 2½ | S | M. & S. | 91 | 93½ |
| SciotoVal.Tr. 1st 5s, '23. | 1,600,000 | 2½ | S | M. & S. | 95 | 97 |
| ScrantonEl5s | 2,951,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 99 | 101 |
| Scrn. Ry ($50) | 2,000,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 60 | 70 |
| Do pf. ($50) | 1,500,000 | 1½ | Q | Oct 1, 13 | 62½ | 70 |
| Do cons5s'32 | 1,100,000 | 1¾ | Q | Oct 15, 13 | 97½ | 100 |
| Seattle Elec. Co. cons5s, '20 | 7,417,000 | 2½ | S | F. & A. | 94½ | 96 |
| Sea. Ltg. 5s. | 4,321,500 | 2½ | S | A. & O. | 89 | 92 |
| Sierra&SanF. Pow. 1st 5s. | 6,500,000 | 2½ | S | F. & A. | 86½ | 90 |
| So. Cal. Ed. | 10,043,000 | 2½ | S | M. & N. | 91 | 94 |
| aS. W. U. Cor. | 15,000,000 | ½ | S | Dec 1, 13 | 28 | 29 |
| So. Power 5s | 5,000,000 | 2½ | S | M. & S. | 98½ | 100 |
| Spok. & Inland E. 5s | 3,996,000 | 2½ | S | J. & J. | 89 | 93 |
| Sup. W.,L.& P. 1st 4s,'31 | 1,600,000 | 2 | S | M. & N. | 78 | 83 |
| Stan G & E ($50) | 9,343,150 | .. | .. | ..... | .. | .. |
| Do pf. ($50) | 11,784,950 | 2 | Q | Dec 15,13 | $61½ | $7 |
| Tampa El.1st 5s | 1,200,500 | 2½ | S | J. & D. | $24½ | $26 |
| Tenn. R., L. & P. | 20,000,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 98 | 100 |
| Do pf. | 10,250,000 | 1½ | Q | ..... | 11 | 13 |
| Tex. Tr.1st 5s | 2,000,000 | 2½ | S | Dec 1, 13 | 56 | 59 |
| Union Elec. N. J. 4½, '49 | 18,617,500 | 2 | S | J. & J. | 90 | 93 |
| Unit. E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s | 4,428,000 | 2½ | S | J. & D. | 77½ | 78½ |
| United Util. | 5,000,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 89½ | 91 |
| Do pf. | 1,000,000 | 1¾ | Q | M. & N. | 25 | 30 |
| Utah Sec. Cor. | 27,500,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 97½b | 101b |
| Utica &M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s, '41 | 2,268,000 | 2½ | S | Jan 2, 14 | 16 | 16 |
| Wash. R. & El. | 6,500,000 | 2½ | S | M. & S. | 91 | 93 |
| Do pf. | 8,500,000 | 1¾ | Q | Dec 1, 13 | 85 | 86 |
| Do con 4s, '51 | 10,643,000 | 2 | S | M. & S. | 87½ | 87½ |
| | | | | | 79¾ | 80 |

a—Incl. a special dividend of 5%. Quarterly dividend of 3% and 5% special payable on First Security Co. Jan. 2. b—Incl. 3% extra. c—Incl. 3% extra payable Dec. 23. d—Incl. 5% extra. e—Incl. 1% extra.

## BANKS.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| America | $1,500,000 | 14 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 540 | 550 |
| Am. Exc. N. | 5,000,000 | 5 | S | Nov 1, 13 | 198 | 205 |
| Batt'y Pk. N. | 200,000 | 3 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 130 | 140 |
| Bowery | 250,000 | 6b | Q | Oct 31, 13 | 390 | 420 |
| Bronx Boro. | 150,000 | 5 | S | Jun 30,13 | 200 | 260 |
| Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25) | 300,000 | 3 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 125 | 135 |
| Century | 500,000 | 2 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 190 | 200 |
| Chase Nat'l. | 5,000,000 | 5 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 590 | 625 |
| Ch.-P.N. ($25) | 2,225,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 167 | 173 |
| Chelsea Ex. | 400,000 | 3 | S | Oct 1, 13 | 135 | 150 |
| Chemic. Nat. | 3,000,000 | 2½ | B | Jan 2, 14 | 285 | .. |
| Cit's C. Nat. | 2,550,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 175 | 182 |
| City (Nat'l). | 25,000,000 | 5 | S | Nov 1, 13 | 338 | 340 |
| C'l & I. Nat. | 1,000,000 | 1½ | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 160 | 166 |
| Colonial | 400,000 | 2½ | Q | Dec 31,13 | 450 | .. |
| Columbia | 300,000 | 3 | S | Jan 1, 14 | 280 | 300 |
| Com. Nat. | 25,000,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 170 | 173 |
| Corn Exch. | 3,000,000 | 4 | Q | Nov 1, 13 | 300 | 302 |
| E. R. Nat. ($25) | 250,000 | 3 | S | Jan 1, 12 | 55 | 70 |
| Fidelity | 200,000 | 3 | S | Nov 1, 13 | 160 | 170 |
| Fifth Av. | 100,000 | 25 | Q | Jan 1, 14 | 4500 | .. |
| Fifth Nat. | 250,000 | 3 | Q | Oct 1, 13 | 300 | 350 |
| First Nat. | 10,000,000 | 12a | Q | Jan 1, 14 | 910 | 925 |
| First Nat. | 5,000,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 165 | 170 |
| Garfield Nat. | 1,000,000 | 3 | Q | Dec 31,13 | 230 | 240 |
| Ger.-Am ($75) | 750,000 | 3 | S | Aug 1, 13 | 132 | 142 |
| German Ex. | 200,000 | 10 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 380 | 410 |
| Germania | 200,000 | 12½ | S | Nov 1, 13 | 450 | 490 |
| Gotham Nat. | 200,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 175 | .. |
| Greenwich | 500,000 | 5½c | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 270 | 290 |
| Hanover Nat. | 3,000,000 | 4 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 620 | 635 |
| Har'm'n Nat. | 500,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 270 | 290 |
| Imp.& T.Nat. | 1,500,000 | 12 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 485 | 500 |
| Irving Nat. | 4,000,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 176 | 182 |
| Liberty Nat. | 1,000,000 | 10d | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 600 | 625 |
| Lincoln Nat. | 1,000,000 | 2½ | Q | Nov 1, 13 | 320 | 335 |
| Manh'n ($50) | 2,050,000 | 8e | S | Jan 2, 14 | 305 | 315 |
| Mar. & Ful. Nat. | 1,000,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 240 | 255 |
| Mechanics & Metals | 6,000,000 | 3 | Q | Nov 11,13 | 214 | 218 |
| Mer.Nat.($50) | 2,000,000 | 4 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 170 | 180 |
| Mer. Ex. Nat ($50) | 600,000 | 3 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 142 | 155 |
| Metropolis | 1,000,000 | 4 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 340 | 360 |
| Metropolitan | 2,000,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 177 | 187 |
| Mutual | 200,000 | 6 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 340 | 360 |
| Nat. Nassau | 1,000,000 | 4 | S | Nov 1, 13 | 180 | 190 |
| Nat. Reserve | 1,200,000 | 3 | S | Jan 1, 11 | 82 | 88 |
| New Nether-land | 200,000 | 4 | S | Oct 1, 13 | 210 | .. |
| N.Y.(N.B.A.) | 2,000,000 | 8 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 375 | 385 |
| N.Y. Co. Nat. | 500,000 | 20 | S | July 1, 13 | 850 | .. |
| NY.Prod.Ex. | 1,000,000 | 4 | S | Oct 15, 13 | 160 | 167 |
| Pacific ($50) | 500,000 | 2 | Q | Nov 1, 13 | 250 | .. |
| Park Nat. | 5,000,000 | 4 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 347 | 350 |
| People's ($25) | 200,000 | 5 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 225 | 245 |
| Seab'd Nat. | 1,000,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 425 | .. |
| Second Nat. | 1,000,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 395 | 420 |
| Security | 1,000,000 | 3 | S | Aug 1, 13 | .. | 120 |
| Sherman Nat | 200,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 125 | 135 |
| State | 1,000,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 185 | 200 |
| 23d Ward | 200,000 | 3 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 110 | 135 |
| Un. Ex. Nat. | 1,000,000 | 4 | S | Dec 31,13 | 145 | 155 |
| Wash. Hgts. | 100,000 | 2 | Q | Dec 31,13 | 285 | 295 |
| West Side | 200,000 | 6 | S | Jan 2, 14 | 450 | 500 |
| Yorkville | 100,000 | 10 | S | Dec 31,13 | 570 | 610 |

a—Incl. special dividend of 5%. b—And dividends or interest accrued. c—Including 1% extra. *Ex dividend.

## TRUST COMPANIES.

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Astor Trust. | $1,250,000 | 2 | Q | Nov 1, 13 | 350 | 360 |
| Bankers' Tr. | 10,000,000 | 7 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 410 | 420 |
| B'way Trust | 1,500,000 | 1½ | Q | Nov 1, 13 | 150 | 158 |
| Brooklyn | 1,000,000 | 10c | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 130 | 140 |
| Col.-Knick. | 2,000,000 | 5 | Q | Dec 31,13 | 455 | 480 |
| Central | 3,000,000 | 20d | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 990 | 1000 |
| Citizens | 500,000 | 1½ | Q | Dec 1, 13 | 130 | 145 |
| Commercial | 1,500,000 | 2½ | Q | ..... | 78 | 85 |
| Empire | 1,500,000 | .. | .. | Dec 31,13 | 300 | 310 |
| Equitable Tr. | 3,000,000 | 6 | Q | Dec 31,13 | 440 | 450 |
| Farm. Loan & Tr. ($25). | 1,000,000 | 12½ | Q | Nov 1, 13 | 1075 | 1125 |
| Fidelity | 1,000,000 | 8e | S | Jan 2, 14 | 205 | 220 |
| Franklin | 1,000,000 | 6 | S | Dec 31,13 | 220 | 240 |
| Fulton | 500,000 | 7f | S | Jan 2, 14 | 270 | 285 |
| Guaranty | 10,000,000 | 8b | Q | Dec 31,13 | 270 | 280 |
| Hamilton | 500,000 | 3 | Q | Nov 20,13 | 416 | 419 |
| Home | 750,000 | 3 | S | Jul 15, 07 | 100 | 110 |
| Hudson Tr. | 500,000 | 4 | Q | Nov 1, 13 | 575 | .. |
| Kings Co. | 500,000 | 4 | Q | Nov 1, 13 | 575 | .. |
| Law. Tr. Ins. & Tr. Co. | 4,000,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 140 | 150 |
| Lincoln | 1,000,000 | 3 | Q | Sep 30,07 | 115 | 122 |
| Metropolitan | 2,000,000 | 6 | Q | Dec 31,13 | 340 | 360 |
| Mut. Alliance | 1,000,000 | 1½ | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 135 | 145 |
| Nassau | 600,000 | 2 | Q | Nov 1, 13 | 125 | 135 |
| New York | 3,000,000 | 8 | Q | Dec 31,13 | 590 | 605 |
| N.Y.L.I. & T. | 1,000,000 | 25 | S | Dec 10,13 | 985 | 1000 |
| T. Guar. & T. | 1,000,000 | 1 | M | Dec 1, 13 | 295 | .. |
| Union | 5,000,000 | 5 | Q | Dec 31,13 | 393 | 398 |
| U. S. M. & T. | 3,000,000 | 4 | Q | Jan 1, 14 | 365 | 380 |
| United States | 2,000,000 | 25 | Q | Dec 31,13 | 405 | 415 |
| Wash'ton Tr. | 500,000 | 4 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 1020 | 1040 |

b—Incl. 2% extra. c—Incl. 5% extra. d—Incl. 10% extra. e—Also a Christmas div. of 2%, payable Dec. 23, 1913. f—Incl. 2% extra.

## INSURANCE, REALTY AND SURETY COMPANIES

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Surety | $5,000,000 | 2½ | Q | Dec 31,13 | 160 | 167 |
| Bd.& Mtg.Gu. | 5,000,000 | 4 | Q | Nov 15,13 | 277 | 280 |
| City of N. Y. | 500,000 | 2½ | Q | Jan 1, 13 | .. | 190 |
| Commonw'lth | 2,000,000 | 5 | S | July 1, 13 | 290 | 310 |
| Continental | 2,000,000 | 25 | S | J. & J. | 880 | 900 |
| Fidelity C. | 1,000,000 | 10 | S | J. & J. | 425 | 475 |
| Fidel.-Ph'nix. | 2,500,000 | 5 | S | J. & J. | 255 | 265 |
| First Mg Gu. | 500,000 | 3 | S | July 1, 13 | 100 | 115 |
| Germ. All'ce | 400,000 | 7½ | S | J. & J. | 270 | 275 |
| Germ. Amer. | 2,000,000 | 15 | S | J. & J. | 500 | 515 |
| Germ. ($50). | 1,000,000 | 10 | S | July 1, 13 | 310 | 330 |
| Germ'ia Life. | 200,000 | 15 | S | Jul 24, 13 | 215 | .. |
| Hanov'r ($50) | 1,000,000 | 4 | Q | Oct 1, 13 | 180 | 195 |
| Home Fire. | 6,000,000 | 20 | S | July 1, 13 | 390 | 395 |
| Home Life. | 125,000 | 6 | S | J. & J. | 275 | .. |
| Lat'y&Mtg.Co | 6,000,000 | 3 | Q | Dec 31,13 | 180 | 185 |
| M'n'h'n Life | 100,000 | 113 | S | F. & A. | 300 | 340 |
| Met. L. ($25) | 2,000,000 | 3½ | S | M. & N. | 150 | 170 |
| Mtg.Bond Co. | 2,000,000 | 1½ | Q | Dec 31,13 | 88 | 93 |
| Nas.& Dutch. | 400,000 | 4½ | S | Aug 1, 13 | 130 | 140 |
| Nat. Surety. | 2,000,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 162 | 165 |
| N.Y. Mtg. & Sec. Co. | 1,500,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 14 | 150 | 160 |
| N.Y.Title Ins. | 2,000,000 | 1¾ | Q | Oct 15, 13 | 70 | 80 |
| Niagara ($50) | 1,000,000 | 10 | S | July 1, 13 | 310 | 325 |
| No. River($25) | 350,000 | 5 | S | Oct., 1913 | 145 | 155 |
| Prud'n'l ($50) | 2,000,000 | 10 | A | ..... | 190 | 200 |
| Realty Assoc. | 4,000,000 | 5a | S | Jan 15,14 | 110 | 120 |
| St'yv'nt ($100) | 400,000 | 5 | S | J. & J. | 100 | 135 |
| U.S. Casualty | 500,000 | 20 | Q | Oct 1, 13 | 190 | 200 |
| U. S. Life. | 264,000 | 24 | A | Jan 1, 13 | 90 | 105 |
| U. S. (Fire) | 400,000 | 3 | S | Aug, 1913 | 80 | 90 |
| Westchester. | 300,000 | 20 | S | Aug 1, 13 | 550 | 600 |
| W'msb'g City | 600,000 | 6 | S | Aug 1, 13 | 150 | 200 |

a—Including 2% extra.

## STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ang.-Am. O. | $9,733,000 | 10 | .. | Jul 15, 13 | 12⅜ | 12⅝ |
| Atlantic Ref. | 5,000,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 790 | 800 |
| Borne-Scry'r. | 200,000 | $20 | .. | Oct 15, 13 | 290 | 300 |
| Buck. P. L. | 10,000,000 | $5 | Q | Dec 15,13 | 167 | 170 |
| Chese. Mfg. | 500,000 | $10g | Q | Dec 22,13 | 665 | 675 |
| Colonial Oil. | 250,000 | .. | .. | ..... | 130 | 140 |
| Contin. Oil. | 3,000,000 | 3 | Q | Dec 16,13 | 221 | 225 |
| Crescent Pt. L. | 3,000,000 | 1.50 | Q | Dec 15,13 | 54 | 56 |
| Cumb. P. L. | 1,000

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE STOCK AND BOND SALES WEEK ENDED DECEMBER 27

| STOCKS, (SHARES.) | | BONDS, (PAR VALUE.) | |
|---|---|---|---|
| SALES WEEK ENDED DEC. 27 | 1,920,004 | SALES WEEK ENDED DEC. 27 | $10,469,000 |
| SALES WEEK ENDED DEC. 20 | 1,593,414 | SALES WEEK ENDED DEC. 20 | 11,390,500 |
| SALES WEEK ENDED DEC. 28, 1912 | 734,437 | SALES WEEK ENDED DEC. 28, 1912 | 6,273,000 |
| SALES SINCE JAN. 1, 1913 | 82,399,907 | SALES SINCE JAN. 1, 1913 | 494,993,420 |
| SALES SAME PERIOD LAST YEAR | 130,690,246 | SALES SAME PERIOD LAST YEAR | 670,110,000 |

All stocks dealt in on a percentage of par basis except Alaska Gold Mines, Anaconda Copper, Batopilas Mining, Chino Copper, Great Northern Certificates for ore properties, Guggenheim Exploration, Inspiration Consolidated Copper, Miami Copper, Nevada Consolidated Copper, Ray Consolidated Copper, Tennessee Copper, and Utah Copper, which are quoted dollars per share. Highest and lowest prices of the year are based usually on sales of not less than 100 shares, but where exceptions are made the prices are marked thus, *. Highest and lowest prices of the week are also based on 100-share lots, except in cases where only odd lots of a stock have been traded in. The last prices given for stocks for which no range for the week is shown are the last previous sales. ‡Pays 14 per cent. per annum; 5 per cent. semi-annually, January and July, and 4 per cent. semi-annually, April and October. ¶Declared 4 per cent., payable 2 per cent. Oct. 1 and 2 per cent. Jan. 1. §Including 2 per cent. extra and 5 per cent. in stock. ||Including an extra dividend of 2 per cent. **On account of accumulated dividends. ††Including $1 extra.

| Range for Year 1912. High. | Low. | Range for Year 1913. High. | Date. | Low. | Date. | Amount Capital Stock Listed. | Last Dividend Paid. Date | Per Cent. | Period. | STOCKS. | Par Value. | Range for Week Ended Dec. 27. First. | High. | Low. | Last. | Closing a Year Ago. | Wks Net Chge. | Closing Saturday, Dec. 27. Bid. | Asked. | Sales Week Ended Dec. 27, '13. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 205 | 164¾ | 150 | Jan. 29 | 110 | Dec. 6 | $12,000,000 | Dec. 1, '13 | 3 | Q | ADAMS EXPRESS CO. | 100 | 95¼ | 95½ | 95¼ | 95½ | .. | + ½ | 90 | 100 | 10 |
| .. | .. | 24⅜ | Oct. 2 | 18 | Nov. 22 | 7,500,000 | ..... | .. | .. | Alaska Gold Mines Co. | 10 | 21 | 22 | 21 | 21⅜ | .. | + ⅛ | 21⅜ | 21½ | 5,400 |
| .. | .. | 9 | Dec. 26 | 7⅝ | Dec. 13 | 19,439,700 | ..... | .. | .. | Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. | 10 | 8¾ | 9 | 8¾ | 9 | .. | + ⅛ | 8¾ | 9 | 1,800 |
| .. | .. | 42½ | Dec. 5 | 40 | Nov. 14 | 13,779,400 | ..... | .. | .. | Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co. pf. | 100 | 41⅜ | 42½ | 41⅜ | 42½ | .. | + 2 | 42½ | 43 | 500 |
| 82⅜ | 60 | 80½ | Sep. 16 | 61⅝ | June 10 | 153,887,900 | Nov. 24, '13 | 1½ | Q | Amalgamated Copper Co. | 100 | 71¼ | 75⅛ | 70⅞ | 74½ | 75⅝ | + 2⅞ | 74½ | 74⅝ | 169,100 |
| 63⅜ | 54½ | 57 | Jan. 3 | 41¾ | Sep. 5 | 18,330,900 | Oct. 15, '13 | 1 | Q | Am. Agr. Chem. Co. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 44¼ | 54⅝ | .. | 44 | 47 | ..... |
| 104¼ | 98 | 99 | Jan. 2 | 90 | Nov. 5 | 27,112,700 | Oct. 15, '13 | 1½ | Q | Am Agr. Chem. Co. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 90 | 99 | .. | 89½ | 92 | ..... |
| 77 | 46½ | 50¾ | Jan. 2 | 19¾ | June 10 | 15,000,000 | Nov. 15, '12 | 1½ | .. | American Beet Sugar Co. | 100 | 23½ | 23¾ | 23½ | 23½ | 47¼ | .. | 23 | 23⅞ | 600 |
| 101¼ | 90 | 86 | Mar. 6 | 65 | Oct. 31 | 5,000,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Am Beet Sugar Co. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 74½ | .. | .. | .. | 72⅜ | ..... |
| 107⅜ | 91½ | 96¼ | Jan. 4 | 80½ | Oct. 27 | 4,600,000 | Sep. 30, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Am. Brake Shoe & F. Co. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 94 | 100 | .. | 90 | 94 | ..... |
| 160 | 130 | 136⅝ | Jan. 6 | 127⅝ | Nov. 26 | 5,000,000 | Sep. 30, '13 | 2 | Q | Am Brake S. & F. Co. pf. | 100 | 127⅜ | 128 | 127⅜ | 128 | .. | .. | 128 | 130 | 200 |
| 47⅜ | 11¼ | 46⅞ | Jan. 31 | 21 | June 11 | 41,233,300 | ..... | .. | .. | American Can Co. | 100 | 28⅜ | 31¼ | 28½ | 30¼ | 29 | + 1⅝ | 30¼ | 30½ | 59,140 |
| 120¼ | 90⅝ | 120½ | Jan. 30 | 80½ | June 10 | 41,233,300 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | American Can Co. pf. | 100 | 88½ | 91 | 88½ | 91 | 115 | + 2¾ | 90 | 90¾ | 4,470 |
| 68⅜ | 49⅝ | 59⅝ | Jan. 2 | 36½ | June 10 | 30,000,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¼ | Q | Am. Car & Foundry Co. | 100 | 44⅜ | 45¼ | 44¼ | 44⅞ | 54¼ | + ⅞ | 44¼ | 45⅜ | 2,100 |
| 120 | 115 | 117 | Mar. 5 | 108 | June 10 | 30,000,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Am. Car & Foundry Co. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 111⅜ | 117 | .. | 112 | 115 | ..... |
| 60¼ | 30⅝ | 48¾ | Jan. 6 | 33¼ | July 2 | 16,264,700 | ..... | .. | .. | American Cities | 100 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | .. | .. | 36 | 38 | 100 |
| 84¾ | 75½ | 78½ | Jan. 2 | 60¼ | June 28 | 20,553,500 | July 1, '13 | 3 | SA | American Cities pf. | 100 | 60⅝ | 60⅝ | 60⅜ | 60⅜ | .. | — ⅛ | 60⅝ | 61 | 200 |
| 85 | 85 | 75 | June 11 | 75 | June 11 | 1,500,000 | Sep. 1, '13 | 3 | SA | American Coal | 25 | .. | .. | .. | 75 | .. | .. | 75 | 110 | ..... |
| 98 | 94 | 87 | Mar. 4 | 80 | July 23 | 10,639,300 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | American Coal Products | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 80 | .. | .. | 81 | 83½ | ..... |
| 114 | 108⅜ | 109¼ | Jan. 15 | 105 | July 23 | 2,500,000 | Oct. 15, '13 | 1¾ | Q | American Coal Prod. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 103 | .. | .. | 100¼ | 103 | ..... |
| 60¼ | 45½ | 57⅜ | Jan. 2 | 33½ | June 12 | 20,237,100 | June 1, '11 | 2½ | .. | American Cotton Oil Co. | 100 | 37½ | 37½ | 37¼ | 37½ | 56¾ | .. | 35⅜ | 38 | 400 |
| 99½ | 95 | 98 | May 6 | 92½ | Sep. 2 | 10,198,600 | Dec. 1 | 3 | SA | American Cotton Oil Co. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 97 | .. | .. | 92½ | 95 | ..... |
| 220 | 160 | 166 | Feb. 6 | 95 | Dec. 18 | 18,000,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 3 | Q | American Express Co. | 100 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 170 | + 2 | 103 | 105 | 130 |
| 7¼ | 3 | 5¼ | Jan. 8 | 3½ | July 9 | 11,274,100 | ..... | .. | .. | American Hide & L. Co. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 5 | .. | 3¾ | 4½ | ..... |
| 84 | 20 | 28¼ | Feb. 10 | 15½ | June 10 | 12,548,200 | Aug. 15, '05 | 1 | .. | American Hide & L. Co. pf. | 100 | 21½ | 22 | 21½ | 22 | 27 | + ½ | 20 | 23 | 500 |
| 30⅜ | 18 | 27¾ | Apr. 4 | 17 | June 10 | 19,045,100 | July 20, '07 | 1¾ | .. | American Ice Securities Co | 100 | 23 | 24½ | 23 | 23½ | 19 | + ⅝ | 23⅜ | 23⅝ | 3,000 |
| 17⅞ | 9¼ | 12¾ | Nov. 7 | 6⅞ | June 10 | 16,750,000 | ..... | .. | .. | American Linseed Co. | 100 | 10¼ | 10⅝ | 10¼ | 10⅝ | 11⅜ | + ⅛ | 10 | 10½ | 300 |
| 43 | 30 | 33⅜ | Nov. 7 | 20 | Oct. 17 | 16,750,000 | Sep. 1, '08 | 1⅜ | .. | American Linseed Co. pf. | 100 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 32½ | + ½ | 28 | 30 | 120 |
| 47¼ | 31⅜ | 44½ | Jan. 6 | 27 | June 10 | 25,000,000 | Aug. 26, '08 | 1½ | .. | American Locomotive | 100 | 29⅝ | 31¼ | 29⅝ | 31¼ | 42 | + 1⅞ | 51 | 31½ | 1,600 |
| 110½ | 102 | 106¾ | Jan. 2 | 94 | Oct. 17 | 25,000,000 | Oct. 21, '13 | 1¾ | Q | American Locomotive pf. | 100 | 98 | 98 | 97½ | 98 | 106⅜ | .. | 96 | 98 | 210 |
| 19¼ | 4¾ | 13 | Jan. 3 | 5¼ | Oct. 17 | 5,739,200 | ..... | .. | .. | American Malt Corporation | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 12½ | .. | 6 | 8½ | ..... |
| 69½ | 42 | 61½ | Jan. 3 | 41⅞ | Oct. 24 | 8,838,900 | Nov. 3, '13 | 2 | SA | American Malt Corp'n pf. | 100 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 60 | .. | 43 | 47 | 300 |
| 91 | 66½ | 74⅜ | Jan. 30 | 58½ | June 10 | 50,000,000 | Dec. 15, '13 | 1 | Q | American Smelt. & Ref. Co. | 100 | 63 | 65¼ | 62½ | 64⅜ | 72 | + 1⅝ | 64½ | 64⅝ | 6,120 |
| 103⅜ | 102⅜ | 107 | Feb. 7 | 97 | June 6 | 50,000,000 | Dec. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Am Smelt. & Ref. Co. pf. | 100 | 98½ | 99¼ | 98½ | 99¼ | 105¼ | + 1⅝ | 98¾ | 99¼ | 400 |
| 89¼ | 84 | 88 | Jan. 9 | 794 | June 12 | 39,000,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¼ | Q | American Smelt. Sec. pf. B. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 81½ | .. | 80½ | 82½ | ..... |
| 202¼ | 123 | 133 | Jan. 22 | 15½ | July 9 | 13,001,700 | Oct. 1, '13 | 3 | Q | American Snuff Co. | 100 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 180¾ | — 2 | 158 | 162 | 100 |
| 105 | 99 | 105 | Jan. 21 | 100 | June 6 | 3,940,300 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | American Snuff Co. pf. new | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 104 | .. | 100 | 101½ | ..... |
| 44¾ | 26 | 40½ | Feb. 3 | 25 | June 9 | 16,218,900 | Sep. 30, '13 | 1¼ | Q | American Steel Foundries | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 25 | .. | .. | 27 | 28 | ..... |
| 133½ | 113¼ | 118 | Jan. 31 | 90⅞ | Dec. 9 | 45,000,000 | Oct. 2, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Am Sugar Refining Co. | 100 | 107⅜ | 108 | 106 | 107¼ | 117 | + 1 | 107¼ | 107⅜ | 2,200 |
| 124 | 115¼ | 116⅜ | Jan 28 | 110¼ | June 12 | 45,000,000 | Oct. 2, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Am. Sugar Ref. Co. pf. | 100 | 113½ | 113½ | 113½ | 113¾ | 116 | + 1 | 112 | 115 | 100 |
| 78 | 66 | 66¼ | Jan 30 | 59 | Mar. 28 | 14,000,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1½ | Q | Am. Tel. & Cable Co. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 60 | .. | 55 | 60 | ..... |
| 140¼ | 137⅜ | 140 | Jan. 3 | 110 | Dec. 15 | 344,613,200 | Oct. 15, '13 | 2 | Q | Am. Tel. & Tel. Co. | 100 | 122 | 123⅜ | 121¼ | 123¼ | 141 | + ⅝ | 123 | 123⅛ | 16,638 |
| 824½ | 241⅛ | 294⅜ | Jan. 10 | 200 | June 6 | 40,242,400 | Dec. 1, '13 | 2 | Q | American Tobacco Co. | 100 | 245⅞ | 248½ | 245½ | 247¼ | 275⅜ | — ½ | 245 | 247 | 700 |
| 100 | 102 | 106 | Apr. 26 | 98 | July 18 | 1,298,700 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | American Tobacco Co. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 99¾ | .. | .. | .. | ..... |
| 109⅞ | 102½ | 106¼ | Jan. 27 | 96 | July 11 | 51,700,800 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Am Tobacco Co. pf., new. | 100 | 102¼ | 103 | 102¼ | 103 | 103 | + 1½ | 102 | 103 | 450 |
| 133½ | 97½ | 99 | Jan. 4 | 95 | May 23 | 10,000,000 | July 1, '13 | 1½ | .. | American Water Works pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | ..... |
| 21 | 18 | 23¼ | Sep. 27 | 15 | Dec. 11 | 20,000,000 | ..... | .. | .. | American Woolen Co. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 15⅛ | .. | 13¾ | .. | ..... |
| 84½ | 79 | 82 | Sep. 19 | 74 | May 7 | 40,000,000 | Oct. 15, '13 | 1¾ | Q | American Woolen Co. pf. | 100 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 81¼ | + ½ | 75 | 77 | 210 |
| 41¾ | 25¼ | 32¼ | Jan. 2 | 11⅞ | Nov. 14 | 12,500,000 | Apr. 1, '13 | 1½ | Q | Am Writing Paper pf. | 100 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 85 | — 1 | 17½ | 18 | 900 |
| 48 | 34 | 41½ | Jan. 2 | 30¾ | June 10 | 108,312,500 | Oct. 15, '13 | 75c | Q | Anaconda Con. Mining Co. | 25 | 34⅞ | 36 | 34⅝ | 35⅞ | 39½ | + 1¼ | 35⅞ | 36 | 12,875 |
| 283 | 226½ | 266⅜ | Jan. 9 | 207⅜ | Dec. 27 | 254,531,100 | Oct. 1, '13 | 2½ | Q | Canadian Pacific | 100 | 216 | 216¾ | 207⅜ | 207⅜ | 258¼ | — 7⅛ | 207½ | 207⅜ | 73,100 |
| ..... | ..... | 239 | Apr. 17 | 203 | July 30 | ..... | ..... | .. | .. | Can. Pac. sub. rcts. full pd. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 220¼ | .. | .. | .. | .. | ..... |
| 101¼ | 99⅞ | 100⅜ | Feb. 6 | 90¼ | Dec. 16 | 11,439,500 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Case, (J. I.) Thresh. M. pf. | 100 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | .. | .. | 90⅞ | 91½ | 200 |
| 65⅝ | 56 | 61⅜ | Jan. 7 | 56 | June 11 | 21,000,000 | Oct. 15, '13 | 1½ | Q | Central Coal & Coke Co. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | ..... |
| 95⅝ | 90 | 94 | Feb. 3 | 80 | Dec. 9 | 6,000,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1½ | Q | Central Coal & Coke Co. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 80 | .. | .. | .. | ..... |
| 109 | 107 | 110 | Jan. 2 | 106½ | Oct. 10 | 2,750,000 | Nov. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Central Leather Co. | 100 | 26⅝ | 27⅝ | 26⅝ | 27 | 28¼ | + ¼ | 27 | 27¼ | 19,100 |
| 33⅜ | 16¼ | 30¼ | Feb. 5 | 17 | June 10 | 39,587,300 | ..... | .. | .. | Central Leather Co. pf. | 100 | 93 | 95¾ | 93 | 95¼ | .. | + 2¼ | 94½ | 95¼ | 1,850 |
| 100⅛ | 80 | 97¼ | Mar. 3 | 88 | June 10 | 33,277,900 | ..... | .. | .. | Central of New Jersey | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 285 | .. | .. | 290 | 320 | ..... |
| 395 | 305 | 382 | Jan. 13 | 275 | June 11 | 27,436,800 | Nov. 1, '13 | 2 | Q | Central of New Jersey | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 285 | .. | .. | 290 | 320 | ..... |
| 121½ | 114½ | 110 | Apr. 17 | 100 | Dec. | 8,000,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1½ | Q | Central & South Am. Tel. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 100 | .. | .. | 100½ | 106 | ..... |
| 85¼ | 80 | 80 | Jan. 2 | 51¼ | June 11 | 62,793,700 | Sep. 30, '13 | 1 | Q | Chesapeake & Ohio | 100 | 58½ | 61¼ | 58¾ | 60¾ | 78¼ | + 2¼ | 60¼ | 60⅜ | 9,450 |
| 24¼ | 17 | 18 | Jan. 2 | 7¼ | June 12 | 19,537,800 | Dec. 1, '13 | 1 | .. | Chicago & Alton pf. | 100 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | .. | .. | 15 | 100 | ..... |
| 40 | 25 | 25¾ | Feb. 25 | 17¼ | Aug. 21 | 19,487,600 | Jan. 16, '11 | 2 | .. | Chicago & Great Western | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 12 | 30 | ..... |
| 20⅜ | 15¾ | 17⅞ | Jan. 9 | 10¼ | June 4 | 45,155,900 | ..... | .. | .. | Chicago Great Western pf. | 100 | 11¾ | 11⅞ | 11⅜ | 11⅞ | 16 | + ⅝ | 11¾ | 12½ | 500 |
| 30½ | 30⅛ | 35 | Jan. 9 | 23 | June 10 | 43,662,400 | ..... | .. | .. | Chicago Great Western pf. | 100 | 28¾ | 28⅞ | 28¼ | 28¼ | 31 | + ⅝ | 28 | 28¼ | 560 |
| 117⅝ | 99⅜ | 111¼ | Jan. 9 | 96⅜ | Nov. 10 | 116,348,200 | Sep. 2, '13 | 2½ | SA | Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul | 100 | 100¼ | 101¾ | 99⅜ | 100 | 111⅝ | .. | 100 | 100⅛ | 12,135 |
| 146 | 139¼ | 145 | Jan. 30 | 131½ | Nov 10 | 122,274,900 | Sep. 2, '13 | 2½ | SA | Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul pf. | 100 | 135¾ | 140⅞ | 135¾ | 140 | 140¼ | + 5 | 135 | 140⅛ | 1,485 |
| 145 | 134⅜ | 138 | Jan. 6 | 123 | Dec. 1 | 130,121,700 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1½ | Q | Chicago & Northwestern | 100 | 126 | 126⅜ | 125¾ | 126⅜ | 136½ | + ¾ | 126 | 126⅜ | 1,670 |
| 198 | 188 | 188 | Mar. 3 | 171¼ | Nov. 19 | 22,395,700 | Oct. 1, '13 | 2 | Q | Chicago & Northwest. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 171½ | .. | .. | 165 | 170 | ..... |
| ..... | ..... | 65 | Oct. 25 | 65 | Oct. 25 | 74,877,200 | Sep. 20, '13 | 1¼ | Q | Chi., R. I. & Pacific | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 65 | .. | .. | .. | .. | ..... |
| 144 | 126 | 125 | Mar. 8 | 119¼ | Aug. 25 | 18,556,200 | Aug. 20, '13 | 3½ | SA | Chi., St. P., Minn. & O. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 120 | .. | .. | 118 | 125 | ..... |
| 155 | 150½ | 150½ | Jan. 21 | 150½ | Oct. 17 | 17,276,800 | Aug. 20, '13 | 3½ | SA | Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 137 | .. | .. | 130 | 140 | ..... |
| 50⅜ | 25 | 47⅝ | Jan. 2 | 30¾ | June 10 | 4,302,700 | Sep. 30, '13 | 75c | Q | Chino Copper | 5 | 37⅜ | 39⅜ | 37⅜ | 39⅛ | 43⅜ | + 1½ | 39¼ | 39⅝ | 16,825 |
| 62½ | 45¼ | 54 | Jan. 21 | 34⅞ | Aug. 26 | 47,056,300 | Nov. '10 | 2 | .. | Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 36 | .. | .. | 40 | 46 | ..... |
| 101½ | 95 | 94⅜ | Jan 16 | 60 | Oct. 16 | 10,000,000 | July 21, '13 | 1¾ | .. | Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 61⅜ | .. | .. | 61¼ | 75 | ..... |
| 43⅜ | 23⅛ | 41½ | Feb. 3 | 24½ | June 10 | 34,235,500 | Apr. 15, '02 | 1⅜ | .. | Colorado Fuel & Iron | 100 | 28½ | 29⅜ | 28 | 29 | 33½ | + 1¼ | 28½ | 29 | 2,000 |
| 140 | 106 | 155 | Feb. 1 | 150 | Jan. 23 | 2,000,000 | July 1, '13 | 4 | SA | Colorado Fuel & Iron pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 97 | .. | .. | .. | 190 | ..... |
| 45 | 32⅝ | 33 | Jan. 2 | 29¾ | Dec. 31 | 10,000,000 | Dec. 31, '12 | 1 | SA | Colorado Southern | 100 | 26½ | 26½ | 26½ | 26½ | 32½ | — 1½ | 26 | 27 | 300 |
| 76⅞ | 72 | 69 | Mar. 4 | 64 | Aug. 4 | 8,500,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 2 | SA | Colorado Southern 1st pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 66 | .. | .. | 59 | 64 | ..... |
| 71 | 66½ | 65¼ | Apr. 1 | 55 | July 1 | 8,500,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 2 | SA | Colorado Southern 2d pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 60 | .. | .. | 50 | 70 | ..... |
| 102 | 102 | 102¼ | Feb. 25 | 102¼ | Feb. 25 | 16 247,000 | Oct. 31, '13 | 1½ | Q | Consolidation Coal Co. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 102¼ | .. | .. | .. | .. | ..... |
| 149¾ | 135⅜ | 142⅝ | Jan. 9 | 125⅜ | June 10 | 99,816,500 | Dec. 15, '13 | 1½ | Q | Consolidated Gas Co. | 100 | 129 | 131½ | 129 | 131 | 140 | + 1⅜ | 130½ | 131½ | 2,000 |
| 22¼ | 10 | 17¼ | Jan. 31 | 7⅝ | June 10 | 49,777,300 | ..... | .. | .. | Corn Products Refining Co. | 100 | 9⅛ | 10 | 9⅛ | 10 | 14 | + ⅝ | 9⅞ | 10 | 3,610 |
| 80½ | 75 | 79¼ | Jan. 31 | 67½ | June 10 | 29,826,900 | Oct. 16, '13 | 1¼ | Q | Corn Products Co. pf. | 100 | 63⅜ | 66 | 63⅜ | 64 | 67 | .. | 63 | 64 | 500 |
| 86 | 70 | 77 | Feb. 19 | 74 | July 8 | 2,997,806 | Dec. 15, '13 | 3 | SA | Crex Carpet Co. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 74 | .. | .. | 65 | 80 | ..... |
| 96 | 92 | 90 | Feb. 4 | 90 | Feb. 4 | 7,893,800 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Cuban-American Sugar pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 90 | .. | .. | 84 | ..... | ..... |
| 100¼ | 99⅜ | 100½ | Jan. 16 | 91½ | Dec. 27 | 37,828,500 | Dec. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | DEERE & CO. pf. | 100 | 92¼ | 93 | 91½ | 91¾ | 99⅞ | — 1⅛ | 91 | 93 | 600 |
| 175½ | 162 | 167 | Jan. 8 | 147¼ | June 11 | 42,503,000 | Dec. 20, '13 | 2½ | Q | Delaware & Hudson | 100 | 151⅜ | 152 | 151¼ | 151⅜ | 166 | — ⅛ | 151¼ | 151½ | 2,300 |
| 597 | 530 | 445 | Jan. 13 | 380 | Dec. 26 | 30,277,000 | Dec. 22, '13 | 10 | Ex | Del., Lack. & Western | 100 | 380 | 380 | 380 | 380 | 580 | — 5 | 381 | 390 | 144 |
| ..... | ..... | 420 | Feb. 4 | 380 | Apr. 9 | ..... | ..... | .. | .. | Den. & R. G. & W. pf. 50% pd. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 380 | .. | .. | .. | .. | ..... |
| 24 | 13½ | 23⅜ | Jan. 7 | 9 | June 11 | 38,000,000 | ..... | .. | .. | Denver & Rio Grande | 100 | 17⅛ | 17¼ | 15⅞ | 17 | 19⅝ | — ⅜ | .. | .. | 900 |
| 46¼ | 34¼ | 41 | Jan. 10 | 23 | June 11 | 49,778,400 | Jan. 15, '11 | 2½ | .. | Denver & Rio Grande pf. | 100 | 27 | 27 | 25 | 27 | 38¼ | — 2¼ | 25 | 25 | 600 |
| 100 | 100 | 90 | June 11 | 90 | June 11 | 950,900 | July 1, '13 | 2½ | SA | Detroit & Mackinac pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 90 | .. | .. | 85 | .. | ..... |
| 76⅜ | 61¼ | 80⅜ | Feb. 4 | 67½ | June 3 | 12,500,000 | Dec. 1, '13 | 1½ | Q | Detroit United | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 70⅝ | 74 | .. | 69 | 75 | ..... |
| 86½ | 20 | 21¾ | Jan 2 | 9¾ | June 10 | 30,815,300 | Oct. 31, '12 | ½ | .. | Distillers' Sec. Corporation | 100 | 19 | 20 | 17¾ | 17¾ | 21½ | — 1⅜ | 17¼ | 17¾ | 7,825 |
| 11⅜ | 8 | 8¼ | Jan. 2 | 4 | Dec. 19 | 12,000,000 | ..... | .. | .. | Duluth, S. Shore & At. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 4 | 10 | .. | 4 | 10 | ..... |
| 23 | 14 | 16¼ | Jan. 2 | 10 | July 11 | 10,000,000 | ..... | .. | .. | Duluth, S. S. & At. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 10 | 15½ | .. | 8½ | 9¾ | ..... |
| 100 | 92½ | 93 | Apr. 24 | 93 | Apr. 24 | 16,068,800 | Oct. 25, '13 | 1¼ | Q | Du Pont Powder pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 93 | .. | .. | 88½ | .. | ..... |
| 89¼ | 30 | 32½ | Jan. 6 | 20¼ | June 10 | 112,378,900 | ..... | .. | .. | ERIE | 100 | 28¼ | 29¼ | 28⅝ | 28⅝ | 31⅜ | — 1⅛ | 28½ | 28⅝ | 24,100 |
| 57⅞ | 47½ | 49½ | Jan. 30 | 33⅜ | June 10 | 47,892,400 | Feb. 20, '07 | 2 | .. | Erie 1st pf. | 100 | 44⅜ | 45 | 44⅜ | 44⅜ | 49 | + ½ | 44⅜ | 44½ | 2,470 |
| 48 | 38 | 41 | Jan. 30 | 28¼ | June 10 | 16,000,000 | Apr. 9, '07 | 2 | .. | Erie 2d pf. | 100 | 35 | 36 | 35 | 36 | .. | + ¾ | 34⅜ | 36¾ | 500 |
| 24 | 11¼ | 18 | Jan. 22 | 11 | Dec. 17 | 6,000,000 | Jan. 15, '09 | 1½ | .. | FED. MIN. & SMELT. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 11 | .. | .. | 10 | 14 | ..... |
| 52⅜ | 37¼ | 44 | Jan 2 | 33 | Mar. 19 | 12,000,000 | Dec. 15, '13 | 1½ | Q | Federal Mining & Smelt. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 37 | .. | .. | 32½ | 38½ | ..... |
| 225 | 128 | 185¼ | Apr. 23 | 175 | Jan. 14 | 10,339,900 | Dec. 1, '13 | 1½ | Q | GENERAL CHEM. CO. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 181 | .. | .. | 173 | 183 | ..... |
| 115 | 106¼ | 109⅞ | Jan. 6 | 105 | Sep. 10 | 15,748,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1½ | Q | General Chemical Co. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | 107 | .. | .. | 107 | 109 | ..... |
| 188½ | 135 | 187 | Jan. 3 | 123¾ | June 10 | 101,373,800 | Oct. 15, '13 | 2 | Q | General Electric Co. | 100 | 139 | 141 | 139 | 140½ | 184⅞ | + 2½ | 140 | 141 | 1,450 |
| 42⅝ | 30 | 40 | Aug. 18 | 23 | May 15 | 15,784,400 | ..... | .. | .. | General Motors | 100 | 39⅝ | 37¼ | 36⅞ | 37¼ | 52 | + 1¼ | 36½ | 38⅜ | 400 |
| 82⅜ | 70¼ | 81⅜ | Sep. 30 | 70 | May 8 | 14,063,900 | Nov. 1, '13 | 3½ | SA | General Motors pf. | 100 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 76 | + ⅞ | 76 | 78 | 400 |
| 81 | 60¼ | 68 | Jan. 2 | 15½ | Nov. 29 | 60,000,000 | Feb. 15, '13 | 1 | .. | Goodrich (B. F.) Co. | 100 | 18½ | 22⅜ | 18½ | 22⅞ | 64 | + 4 | 22 | 22½ | 7,200 |
| 100½ | 105 | 105¼ | Jan. 7 | 73⅜ | Nov. 29 | 30,000,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Goodrich (B. F.) Co. pf. | 100 | 78⅞ | 79¼ | 77¾ | 79¼ | .. | + 1¼ | 77 | 79¼ | 1,750 |
| 143¾ | 126 | 132⅜ | Jan. 9 | 115½ | June 10 | 200,997,700 | Nov. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Great Northern pf. | 100 | 126½ | 127⅞ | 126 | 127¼ | 120½ | + 1 | 127 | 127½ | 5,500 |
| 128 | ..... | 128 | Aug. 13 | 116¼ | June 13 | ..... | ..... | .. | .. | Gt. Nor. pf. sub. rc., 50% pd | 100 | 126¼ | 128 | 126¾ | 128 | .. | + 3½ | 127½ | 129 | 400 |
| 53 | 36 | 41¼ | Jan. 3 | 25½ | June 10 | 1,500,000 | Nov. 25, '13 | 50c | Q | Gt. Nor. ctfs. for ore prop. | .. | 33 | 35⅜ | 33 | 34¼ | 40¼ | + 1¼ | 34 | 35 | 5,550 |
| 62⅜ | 47 | 52⅜ | Jan. 7 | 40⅜ | July 11 | 20,370,700 | Oct. 1, '13 | 75c | Q | Guggenheim Exploration | 25 | 45½ | 45½ | 45¼ | 45¼ | 51⅞ | + ⅛ | 44½ | 45⅛ | 1,720 |
| 8⅜ | .85½ | 87 | Feb. 6 | 80 | Oct. 17 | 15,000,000 | Nov. 15, '13 | 2½ | SA | HAVANA EL RY., L. & P. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | ..... |
| 96½ | 95½ | 96 | Jan. 8 | 90 | Nov. 5 | 15,000,000 | Nov. 15, '13 | 3 | SA | Havana El. Ry., L. & P. pf | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 90 | .. | .. | 92 | ..... |
| 200 | 155 | 180 | Jan. 11 | 150 | May 19 | 4,000,000 | Oct. 1, '13 | 2½ | Q | Helme (G. W. Co. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 145 | .. | 140 | 180 | ..... |
| 116 | 109½ | 113 | Sep. 18 | 109 | June 4 | 3,940,400 | Oct. 1, '13 | 1¾ | Q | Helme (G. W.) Co. pf. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 113 | .. | .. | 111 | ..... |
| 150 | 127 | 125 | June 4 | 115 | June 4 | 11,000,400 | Oct. 30, '13 | 2 | Q | Hocking Valley | 100 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | .. | .. | 123 | .. | 200 |
| 112 | 86¼ | 120 | Nov. 26 | 100⅜ | July 7 | 25,116,000 | Dec. 24, '13 | ††$1.65 | M | ILLINOIS CENTRAL | 100 | 114½ | 115¾ | 114½ | 115¾ | 110 | .. | 113 | 116 | 108 |
| 141⅛ | 120⅝ | 128⅞ | Feb. 5 | 102⅜ | Dec. 16 | 109,296,000 | Sep. 2, '13 | 2½ | SA | ILLINOIS CENTRAL | 100 | 105⅜ | 109 | 105⅜ | 109 | 127 | + 4 | 109 | 112 | 1,450 |
| 21⅜ | 16⅜ | 19½ | Jan. 2 | 13⅞ | Dec. 4 | 14,459,160 | ..... | .. | .. | Inspiration Consol. Copper | 20 | 14½ | 15⅜ | 14½ | 15¼ | 18½ | + ⅝ | 15⅛ | 15¼ | 2,900 |
| 22 | 16½ | 19⅝ | Jan. 30 | 12⅜ | June 4 | 60,419,500 | ..... | .. | .. | Interboro.-Met. vot. tr. cfs. | 100 | 15⅜ | 15⅝ | 14⅝ | 15⅛ | 18½ | + ⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅝ | 4,200 |
| 67⅝ | 52⅜ | 65⅝ | Jan. 30 | 45 | June 4 | 16,355,400 | ..... | .. | .. | Interborough-Metropol. pf. | 100 | 59⅞ | 62 | 59½ | 61⅝ | 63 | + 1⅞ | 61¼ | 61½ | 18,870 |
| ..... | ..... | 58 | Nov. 25 | 58 | Nov. 25 | 25,784,100 | ..... | .. | .. | Inter.-Met. pf. vot. t. c. ext. | 100 | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | ..... |
| 53½ | 36 | 39 | Jan. 11 | 5 | June 6 | 7,520,000 | ..... | .. | .. | International Agricul. Co. | 100 |

# COURT CALENDARS

**Federal.**

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Hough, J. Court opens in Room 47, P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M. Equity calendar. 190—A. B. Dick Co v. Fuller. 16—Am Car & F Co v. Bettendorf Axel Co. 18—Trienens v. Simpson-Crawford Co. 19—Trienens v. 14th St Store. 41—Anatomik Footwear Co v. Coward. 28—Imperial Machine Co v. Smith & McNell. 84—Waitt v. Victor Elec Co. 126—Gund Mfg Co v. Strauss Mfg Co. 117—Gibson v. Am Graphophone Co. 119—Obin v. Louis De Jonge & Co. 120—Am Ever Ready Co v. Interstate Elec Nov Co. 139—Otis Elevator Co v. Interborough R T Co. 144—Gen Elec Co v. Independent Elec S Co. 145—Corbin v. Am Exch Nat Bank. 66—Read v. Jaburg. 127—Hennessy v. Wine Growers' Assn. 128—Riddle v. Wine Growers' Assn. 129—Martell & Co v. Wine Growers' Assn. 130—John Gillon & Co v. Wine Growers' Assn. 131—Hiram Walker & Son, Ltd, v. Wine Growers' Assn. 132—John Jameson & Son, Ltd, v. Wine Growers' Assn. 133—Gilka v. Wine Growers' Assn. 134—Tanqueray, Gordon & Co, Ltd, v. Wine Growers' Assn. 135—Coates & Co v. Wine Growers' Assn. 136—Buchanan & Co, Ltd, v. Wine Growers' Assn. 137—Hostetter Co v. Wine Growers' Assn. 100½—Richmond Hosiery Mills v. Julius Kayser & Co. 62—Trubacher v. Roessler & H Chemical Co. 67—Garrison v. Eagle Wagon Works. 116—Williams v. Hempstead. 123—Bertini v. Greenwich Bank. 124—Bassett v. Dommerich. 125—Hill v. Whalen & Martell. 140—Du Bois S Lamp Co v. Gray & Davis. 148—Hennessy v. Isaacs. 149—Booths' Distillery, Ltd, v. Isaacs. 150—Coates & Co v. Isaacs. 151—Riddle v. Isaacs. 152—Hiram Walker & Sons, Ltd, v. Isaacs. 153—Buchanan & Co v. Isaacs. 154—Tanqueray, Gordon & Co v. Isaacs. 155—John Gillon & Co, Ltd v. Isaacs. 156—Martini Rossi v. Isaacs. 157—John Jameson & Son Ltd, v. Isaacs. 158—F N Burt Co v. Nevins Church Press. 159—F N Burt Co v. Nevins Church Press. 160—F N Burt Co v. Nevins Church Press. 161—F N Burt Co v. Nevins Church Press. 180—Asbestos P Metal Co v. H W Johns-Manville Co. 172—Am Ever Ready Co v. Interstate Elec Nov Co. 181—Ashley v. Weeks-Numan Co. 183—Ashley v. F A Weeks Mfg Co. 186—Ashley v. Hastings & Miller. 48—Morris v. Interborough R T Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Court opens in Room 66, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Bankruptcy discharges: W C Longwell, C M Decker, V S J Wensley, P Luciano, J J Snow, H Wade, O Trenor, R T Haines, F Faulkner, S Krenter, S Rabinowich, V L Carmichael, K A McIntyre, S Horstein, C Lehrenkrause, J Harrison, J A Wallace, W K Holmes, C Zwecker, M Smith, A Grossman, E Schattman, H Buschen, J M Mitchell, Ewing & Clancey, I Levy, J E Korndahl, J. Klaber. Under objections: I Tomases, J Gildstone, H E Schwarz, C Glucksman, S Mandel. Adjourned cases: W Miller, S Cohn, L Braunschweiger, M Wiener, S Castella, G & W A Wolff, L Hamsel. Involuntary cases: Petition v. Beattie Cafe Co, Petition v. J G Robin. Motions: Heming, Blitz & Co, H B Chappell, Musica & Son, Levitt, Miller & Brown, N Misel, B Moss, T W Butts, A Rafsky, M Ettenberg, V L & C J Leonard, Guzy Bros, J Silbert, American Trim & Braid Co, S Herschdorfer, B Line Furniture Co, W Wolfson, F Athelmer & Co, Walzer & Brosaw, W McClintock Co, M A White, J Autler & Co, T Chalkiadi, Burton Dress Co, Gottlieb & Levine, Merritt Const Co, J B Kislinger, L Greenberg, S Rosenthal, Yogol & Schelnerman, F H Mills (2,) S Feinbloom, J M Fiske & Co, Marwell Bros, Wasserman & B. B L Price & Co, A Husch & Co, A J Greenfield, D Cohen & Co, H Liebovitz, J C Hopkins Co, N Y R E Security Co (2,) U S v. Auerbach, H W Richardson, G B Hanford, M Lefferts, G O Draper, United Auto Supply Co, Collekill Crushed Stone Co. E H Smith, N Y R E Security Co (2,) A Goldschlag.

**STATE.**

**New York County.**

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I. —Gavegan, J. Litigated motions. 1—Schoenman v. Lausser. 2—Bly v. Int R T Co. 3—Same v. same. 4—Matter of Clements Const Co. 5—Loggins Ins Agency v. Hone. 6—Farley v. Smith. 7—Ettis v. Engle. 8—Matter of Clements Const Co. 9—Hall v. Hall. 10—Bertini v. Heymann. 11—O'Brien v. Bostelmann. 12—Gotham Mtg Co v. Hayes. 13—Altman v. Carberry. 14—Matter of Nickelsburg Bros Co. 15—Matter of Neal (N Y C Police Endow Fund). 16—Shelford Estates v. Martens. 17—N Y Life Ins Co v. Fitzgerald. 18—De Blasi v. De Blasi. 19—Matter of Wells (Int Cotton Mills Corp). 20—Matter of Marcellus (Int Cotton Mills Corp). 21—Matter of Mueller (same). 22—Matter of Sperry (same). 23—Caffney v. Schildwachter. 24—Same v. same. 25—Schwartzkopf v. Yellow Taxicab Co. 26—Hinrath v. Yellow Taxicab Co. 27—Matter of Gansevoort Bank. 28—Brandreth v. Brandreth. 29—Henry Hollereth Const Co v. Solomon. 30—Golding v. Campbell. 31—Matter of Klingenbeck. 32—Thomas v. Greenbaum. 33—Same v. same. 34—Westervelt v. Levy. 35—Same v. same. 36—Same v. same. 37—Same v. same. 38—Kennedy v. Freyhan. 39—Kimmel v. Sternfeld. 40—Markowitz v. Reliance Trading Co. 41—Harper v. Babcock. 42—Ortelero v. Dougherty. 43—Lundin v. Morse Dry Dock Repair Co. 44—Orr v. Fargo. 45—R H R R Co v. Isaacs. 155—John Gillon & Co, Ltd v. Isaacs. 156—Martini Rossi v. Isaacs. 157—John Jameson & Son Ltd, v. Isaacs. 158—F N Burt Co v. Nevins Church Press. 159—F N Burt Co v. Nevins Church Press. 160—F N Burt Co v. Nevins Church Press. 161—F N Burt Co v. Nevins Church Press. 180—Asbestos P Metal Co v. H W Johns-Manville Co. 172—Am Ever Ready Co v. Interstate Elec Nov Co. 181—Ashley v. Weeks-Numan Co. 183—Ashley v. F A Weeks Mfg Co. 186—Ashley v. Hastings & Miller. 48—Morris v. Interborough R T Co.

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SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Ford, J. Ex-parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X. —Gerard, J. 1735—Partridge v. Bernstein. 4725—Schaefer v. Mayor Lane & Co. 4802—Schaefer v. Morgan Steam Laundry Co. 5038—Schaefer v. Ludin. 896—Kocher v. Louis Weber Bldg Co. 4665—Kelly v. Penn Tunnel & Term R R Co. 1272—Pappas v. N Y Rys. 1874—Cassel v. City of N Y. 485½—D'Andrea v. Culligan. 888—Romer v. N Y C & H R R R. 971—McManus v. 5th Av Coach Co. 586—Rosenver v. Relief Assn of Ekaterinoslav. 901—Miller v. Greenberg. 1342—Ingless v. Clark. 1404—Rosenbaum v. Sun Print & Pub Co. 1752—Cole v. Fitzgerald Cont Co. 1275—Green v. N Y & L I Traction Co. 1683—Augustine v. Schaefer. 5302—Heeney v. Hotel Operating Assn.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers — Cohalan, S. Wills for probate. Frederick A Haight, Helen Dalsimer, Edward Bolger, Mary E. Wickes, Helen Knuepfer, Harriet B. Barrow, Mary Mentor, Henrietta Colell, Henry Fitzgerald, Maurice C. Benjamin, Gustav Hoffman, Bartolomoe Gandolfo, Charles H. Brush, Peter Dunn.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S. Held in Surrogates' Court, Trial Term, Fifth Floor, in the Hall of Records Building. No day calendar.

**Referees Appointed—New York.**

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J.—Rappaport v. Forman—James F. Curnen, Wolf v. Arnold Realty Co.—Safford A. Crummey. Lichtenstein v. Mountain Const Co.—Raymond V. Ingersoll, Quinlan v. Jordan—Herman D. Sears, Himowich v. Wencke—John Davis, Galinger v. Camer—Hyacinthe Ringrose. Muller v. Nelson—William Chadbourne, Matter of Walsh—Theron G. Strong. Fort Washington Const Co, v. 180 Montague Realties—Richard B. Aldcroft.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—Frank v. Rowland Shafto Co.—John C. Gulick.

**Receivers Appointed—New York.**

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J.—Wilherbee R E & Imp Co v. Edna E. Ackerson—John E. Shea. Frederick de P. Foster v. Samuel Weil, (2)—John T. Taggert.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J.—Solomon Aisberg v. Emil Purach—John J. Nevins, Gage E. Tarbell v. Elmer Dwiggins—Joseph N. Tuttle.

**Kings County.**

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Benedict, J. Litigated motions. 1—Narrow Bay Gun Club v. East Bay Assn. 2—Matter of First Av Water Front. 3—Weissinger v. Tuhna. 4—Neponset Realty Co v. Lines. 5—Matter of Union League Club. 6—Beebe v. Beebe. 7-8-9—Lawyers Title Ins Co v. J B Thompson R E Co. 10—Pepacino v. Pepacino. 11—Matter of Woolsey Av. 12—Kurnick v. Shenusky. 13—Meitesner v. Meitesner. 14—Darna v. Levy & Baird. 15—Fosyowsky v. B Q C & S R R Co. 16—Vatier v. B Q C & S R R Co. 17—Dansend v. N E R R Co. 18—Danbend v. N E R R Co. 19-20—Tracy Charles v. B H R R Co. 21—Tracy v. B H R R Co. 22—Sullivan v. B H R R Co. 23—Sullivan v. B H R R Co. 24—Pilato v. M P Smith & Sons Co. 25—Vertilome v. General Chemical Co. 26—Esnes v. Bklyn Union Gas Co. 27—Ryan v. Feldman. 28—Biele v. Bill and others. 29—Pitburgh Wall Paper Co v. Rosenberg. 30—Lindsey v. Lindsey. 31—Wilson and another v. Robinson and others. 32—Shleman v. Spinghel. 33—Mills and another v. Foo.. and others. 34—Ryan v. Feldman. 35—Esnes, an infant, v. Brooklyn Union Gas Co. 36—Higginbotham v. Smith and another. 37-38—Druss Realty Co v. Tanny. 39—Berger v. Zbluloff and others. 40—Shlikerman v. Pinto et al. 41—Mechanics Bank v. Brighton Beach Rac'n Assn. 42—Hottenstein v. Hottenstein. 43—McGarry v. McGarry. 44—Matter of Freel. 45—Bessemer Limestone Co v. Bonecci et al. 46—Connolly v. Blake and another. 47—Robinson v. Robinson. 48—Patten v. Patten. 49—Matter of Gabriel. 50—Williams v. Williams. 51—Fitzpatrick. v. Naushon Co. 52—Scheidel v. Scheidel. 53—Sweeney v. Edison Elec Ill Co. 54—Matter of Woodhaven Bank (Supt of Banks). 55—Griscuola v. B Q C & S R R Co. 56—Dixon v. Dixon. 57—Matter of Ay J (Pumping Station). 58—Reimer v. Otto Singer Dev Co. 59—Doyas v. Normal Land Co. 60—Brokaw v. Brokaw. 61—People v. Smith. 62—Casualty Co of America v. Rubel and another. 63—Morgan v. Morgan. 64—O'Connell et al v. Wilson et al. 65—O'Connell et al v. Wilson et al. 66—Fischer, Sr. v. Beinbrink. 67—Matter of Duncombe. 68—O'Rourke v. Cunard Steamship Co. 69—Gwirdzinsk v. Zaminsky and another. 70—Kurnick v. Greenbaum and another. 71—Schranz & Bieber 'Co v. Meisner. 72—Matter of M & J Const Co. 73—Matter of Gabriel. 74—Wong Woh v. Wong Chung. 75—Matter of Griffiths. 76-77—Seal and others v. Moore and others. 78—Guelcher v. Hardy and another.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Van Siclen, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Ketcham, S.—Wills of Margaretha Gorman, Ellen Sprague, Patrick Doyle, C. W. Cowell, Frank Thomas, Philip Welch, Louis Abelansky, John Boyd and John Barr. Accountings in the estates of Ellen Riely, Samuel Valentine, P. Rothacker, Catherine Sullivan, Mary Schultze, Eliza D. Mead, Sarah Sanuinto, John J. Hughes, and Pheolphus Gilman. Estates of John Laces, Julius Horowitz, Elizabeth Hein, and Morris Block. Contested calendar: Wills of Adolph Wentzel, Elizabeth Meacham, and Wesley Bort.

**FINANCIAL.**

**IDAHO-OREGON LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY.**

New York, December 5, 1913.

To the Holders of Certificates of Deposit for First and Refunding Bonds, Consolidated First and Refunding Bonds and Preferred and Common Stock of the Above Company Issued in Behalf of the Undersigned Committee:

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Eighth and Ninth clauses and to other provisions of the Deposit Agreement of May 1, 1913, this Committee has terminated the said agreement and declared the plan therein set forth. Depositors of First and Refunding Bonds, who have received advances of the amounts of their April first coupons, will be entitled to the delivery of such bonds, upon surrender of their certificates and payment of the amounts of such advances, together with interest thereon at the rate of five (5) per cent. per annum from the date of the respective advances to the date of withdrawal. All other depositors may withdraw their securities upon surrender of their certificates, without payment of any kind.

Certificates must be surrendered to the depositary which issued them, must be duly indorsed in blank by those whose names appear upon the faces thereof, and signatures must be witnessed. Corporations should attach their seals.

All depositors desiring so to do may leave their securities with us for the present, whereupon we shall hold them subject to their orders, except that, in the case of depositors of First and Refunding Bonds who have received advances, such advances must be paid with interest at the time of delivery.

SAMUEL L. FULLER, Chairman;
CHARLES E. BOCKUS,
L. B. FRANKLIN,
WILLIAM MAINLAND,
HOMER W. McCOY,
DANIEL E. POMEROY,
STACY C. RICHMOND,
Committee.

N. D. PUTNAM, Jr., Secretary, 140 Broadway.

**NOTICE.**

**To holders of special improvement bonds of the City of Pensacola, Florida, and all others whom it may concern:**

Notice is hereby given pursuant to an ordinance adopted by the Board of Commissioners of the City of Pensacola, Florida, on November 3, 1913, that said City of Pensacola has decided to redeem at par and accrued interest, on the first day of January, 1914, at the office of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, 55 Cedar Street, in the City and State of New York, certain Special Improvement Bonds of the City of Pensacola, Florida, in accordance with the option especially reserved therein, and pursuant to the law and ordinance authorizing their issue.

The Bonds referred to, and to be redeemed, as aforesaid, are Special Improvement Bonds of the City of Pensacola, Florida, of the denomination of five hundred dollars ($500.00) each, designated Series B, Group I, numbered consecutively 201 to 204, inclusive, dated July 1, 1912, and maturing on July 1, 1914.

All persons owning, or holding, any of the above described Bonds, and all others whom it may concern, are hereby notified that each and all of said above mentioned bonds are hereby required to be presented for redemption and payment at the time, place and manner herein above stated.

THE CITY OF PENSACOLA, FLORIDA.
By J. PERRY ARTHUR, Mayor.
Attest: JNO. G. WARD, Comptroller.
(Seal.) C. W. EGGART, City Clerk.

**THE BOONVILLE RAILROAD BRIDGE COMPANY**

**First Mortgage 4% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, dated November 1, 1901.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Eleven (11) of the above-described bonds were this day drawn for redemption in accordance with the requirements of Article II. of the Trust Mortgage, numbered as follows: 64, 142, 210, 216, 236, 302, 313, 554, 603, 851 and 878.

All future interest of any of the bonds so designated ceases January 1st, 1914, in accordance with the terms of the mortgage.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.

By E. F. HYDE, Vice President.

In accordance with the foregoing, said mentioned bonds will be paid on and after the 1st day of January, 1914, at par and accrued interest at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, New York.

New York, November 1, 1913.

**ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE CO., Atlantic Building, NOS. 49 AND 51 WALL STREET.**

New York, Dec. 23, 1913.

The Transfer Books of this Company will be closed from January 1st, 1914, to February 3d, 1914, inclusive.

G. STANTON FLOYD-JONES, Secretary.

**PROPOSALS.**

PROPOSALS FOR PANEL BOARD AND Boxes, Electric Cable, Conduit and Fittings, and Miscellaneous Electrical Apparatus, Electric Detonators, Prismatic Lights, and Lumber—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Officer, Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, D. C., until 10:30 A. M., January 15, 1914, at which time they will be opened in public, for furnishing the above-mentioned articles. Blanks and general information relating to this Circular (No. 817) may be obtained from this office or the offices of the Assistant Purchasing Agents, 24 State Street, New York City; 614 Whitney-Central Building, New Orleans, La., and 1,086 North Point Street, San Francisco, Cal.; also from the U. S. Engineer Offices in the following cities: Seattle, Wash.; Los Angeles, Cal.; Baltimore, Md.; Philadelphia, Penn.; Pittsburgh, Penn.; Boston, Mass.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Cleveland, Ohio; Cincinnati, Ohio; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; Detroit, Mich.; Milwaukee, Wis.; St. Paul, Minn.; Chattanooga, Tenn.; Louisville, Ky.; Mobile, Ala., and Galveston, Texas; Commercial Club, Kansas City, Mo.; Chamber of Commerce, Quincy, Ill., and Commercial Club, Tacoma, Wash.—F. C. Boggs, Major, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., General Purchasing Officer.

**SAVINGS BANKS.**

ESTABLISHED 1827
CORNER PIERREPONT AND CLINTON STREETS.

**Brooklyn Savings Bank**

INTEREST AT THE RATE OF
**4 PER CENT PER ANNUM**

will be credited to depositors Jan. 1, 1914 (payable on and after Jan. 20th), on all sums entitled thereto. Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1st.

CROWELL HADDEN, President.
LAURUS E. SUTTON, Comptroller.
ARTHUR C. HARE, Cashier.
CHAS. C. PUTNAM, Asst. Comptroller.

**GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK**

(INCORPORATED 1833)
S. E. Cor. 6th Ave. and 16th St., New York
TWO-RATE INTEREST-DIVIDEND
SIX MONTHS ENDING DEC. 31, 1913.

On all sums from $5 to $3,000 to depositors entitled to interest under the by-laws at the rate of

**FOUR PER CENT.**

per annum, on so much of every account as shall not exceed $1,000; and at the rate of **THREE and ONE-HALF PER CENT.** per annum, on so much of every account as shall exceed $1,000, payable on and after JANUARY 19, 1914.

**DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10, WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1, 1914.**

JAMES QUINLAN, President.
CHARLES M. DUTCHER, Treasurer.
FRANCIS M. BACON, JR.,
B. OGDEN CHISOLM, } Secretaries.

**The Williamsburgh Savings Bank**

Broadway and Driggs Ave., Brooklyn

Notice is hereby given that on and after the 20th day of January, 1914, interest at the rate of

**FOUR PER CENT.**

per annum will be paid to all depositors in this bank who on the 1st day of January, 1914, may be entitled thereto.

Money deposited on or before January 10, 1914, will draw interest from January 1.

E. B. TUTTLE, President.
CHARLES J. PASFIELD, Cashier.
BANK OPEN MONDAY EVE'G, 4 TO 7.

**THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION**

644-646 Broadway, Cor. Bleecker St., N. Y.
125TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.
Dec. 9, 1913.

The Trustees of this Institution have declared interest (by the rules entitled thereto) at the rate of **THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT.** per annum on all sums not exceeding $3,000 remaining on deposit during the three or six months ending on the 31st inst., payable on or after Jan. 19, 1914.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 10, 1914, draw interest from Jan. 1, 1914.

JOSEPH BIRD, President.
FRANK G. STILES, Secretary.
CONSTANT M. BIRD, Ass't Secretary.

**EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK**

The trustees have ordered interest credited to the accounts of depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws, on Jan. 1, 1914, at the rate of

**4 % PER ANNUM**

on all sums of $5 and upward to $3,000, payable on and after January 19, 1914.

**Deposits made before Jan'y 10 will draw interest from Jan'y 1, 1914.**

Accounts can be opened by mail. Booklet, "Banking by Mail," sent free. WILLIAM J. DOOMS, President. JOHN C. GRISWOLD, Secretary.

23RD ST. N.E. COR. 6TH AVE

**SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS**

74 and 76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT INTEREST be paid to depositors entitled thereto for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1913.

On accounts not exceeding three thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Payable on and after Monday, Jan. 19th, 1914.

DANIEL BARNES, President.
GEORGE M. HALSEY, Cashier.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
New York, Dec. 15th, 1913.

NOTICE.

Deposits made on or before January 10th, 1914, will draw interest from January 1st, BUT IN FUTURE there will be no time allowance, and to draw interest from April 1st, or July 1st, or October 1st, or January 1st, deposits must be made on or before the last day of the previous month.

**NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK**

N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue

Jan. 1, 1914, dividend at the rate of

**FOUR PER CENT.**

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws.

**DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1.**

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WARNING, Treasurer.
ARCHIBALD M. PENTZ, Secretary.

**CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK**

56 AND 58 BOWERY, COR. CANAL ST.
107TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The Trustees have ordered interest at the rate of **THREE AND ONE-HALF (3½) PER CENT.** per annum to be paid to depositors on and after January 19th on all sums of $5 and up to $3,000 which have remained on deposit for the three or six months ending **December 31st, 1913,** in accordance with the by-laws and rules of the bank. Money deposited on or before **January 10th** will draw interest from January 1st.

HENRY HASLER, President.
HENRY SAYLER, Secretary.
EMIL A. HUBER, Assistant Secretary.

**SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.**

**The Franklin Society**

Fifth year. Under supervision New York State Banking Department. You can open a savings share account with $1 or more. Begin now or write for Booklet A.

38 Park Row, New York City

**4½%**

**DIVIDENDS.**

**E. W. BLISS COMPANY**

BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.
December 15, 1913.

The Directors of this Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of 2% on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable January 2 next, to stockholders of record of the Preferred Stock of the Company at the close of business on December 22, 1913. Transfer books will be closed December 23d to 31st inclusive.

HOWARD C. SEAMAN, Secy. and Treas.

**SURROGATE NOTICES.**

ROGERS, FLORA E.—IN PURSUANCE OF an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York,

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims against FLORA E. ROGERS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, Room 1308, No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 20th day of May next.

Dated New York, the 17th day of November, 1913.

WILLIAM B. SYMMES, JR.,
Executors.
W. ROGERS WESTERFIELD, Attorney for Executors, 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

**Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York**

49 WALL STREET

Accounts of Banks, Corporations, Estates, Firms, Trustees and Individuals received, on which interest at current rates will be allowed.

Issues Letters of Credit and Drafts, available in all parts of the world.

Designated Depositary for Court & Trust Funds

Acts as Executor, Trustee, Administrator, Guardian and Agent.

**MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.**

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the HAVEMEYER REAL ESTATE COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 26 Cortlandt Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, January 13th, 1914, at 3:15 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be presented at said meeting.

A. W. MACKINTOSH, Secretary.
New York, Dec. 29th, 1913.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the UPPER HUDSON STONE COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 26 Cortlandt Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Thursday, January 15th, 1914, at 2:30 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be presented at said meeting.

A. W. MACKINTOSH, Secretary.
New York, Dec. 29th, 1913.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the TIDEWATER PAVING BRICK COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 26 Cortlandt Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Thursday, January 15, 1914, at 11:00 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be presented at said meeting.

A. W. MACKINTOSH, Secretary.
New York, Dec. 29, 1913.

PETER DOELGER BREWING COMPANY, INC.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held on Monday, January 12th, 1914, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of the Company, 407 East 55th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, for the purpose of electing Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

Dated New York, December 29th, 1913.
FREDERICK J. FEUERBACH, Secretary.

**The Citizens Central National Bank of New York.**

New York, December 12, 1913.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it will be held at the Banking House, No. 320 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 13, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

ALBION K. CHAPMAN, Cashier.

**Meeting of Stockholders.**

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Powell Shoe Co., Inc., will be held at the office of the company, 143 Duane St., New York City, on the 10th day of January, 1914, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

STEPHEN S. POWELL, Secretary.
Dated N. Y. City, Dec. 29, 1913.

**UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.**

45 Wall Street, December 23, 1913.

AN ELECTION for Trustees to supply the places of those whose terms of office expire, and for Inspectors of the next election ensuing thereafter, will be held at the office of the company on the sixth day of January next (the first Tuesday) between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

WILFRED J. WORCESTER, Secretary.

New York, December 10, 1913.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Directors of the MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be

## Business Notices.

40 *Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.*

JOBBERS OPEN FOR LADIES' AND MISSES' MOIRE AND NOVELTY COATS; ALSO STOUT CLOTH. CALL WITH SAMPLES, 5TH FLOOR, 32 WEST 18TH ST.

Manufacturer, designer, popular price waists, controlling trade, open for position; good house has opportunity for good inside man recently retired own business. V 74 Times.

Lingerie Waists, retail, $1.00. Am open for dainty and showy great values; send samples. Benj. Altschul, Norfolk, Va.

Children's coats only; jobber looking at Spring samples. Call mornings, 24 West 25th St., 3d floor.

JOBBER, looking at ladies' and misses' Spring suits. 8 East 12th St., 3d floor.

LET EXPERTS KEEP YOUR BOOKS. Entire charge of your bookkeeping system or periodic examinations; consultations, systematizing, investigations, public accounting. Perry Audit Co., 133 Liberty St. Phone 6717 Cortlandt.

Decorative Linens and Art Needlework. Representative manufacturer has open good territory for an experienced man acquainted in the Middle West; salary and commission. L 271 Times Downtown.

LOOKING FOR JOB OF WORKING GLOVES Will pay cash; would buy a large lot if cheap enough. Will be at Broadway Central Monday morning, Dec. 29th, to see samples. L. Desrosiers of J. L. Chalifoux Co., Lowell.

BEADS & PEARLS. Largest assortments, cheapest line in city. FRIEDMAN & CO., 484 Broadway.

SAFES Over 100 on hand. All Makes At Great Reduction. Exchanged, Stored, Removed. B. KEENAN & SON, 32 Howard St.

## AUCTION SALES

Merchandise.

**FIRE UNDERWRITERS' SALE. To-day, December 29th, 1913,** at 10:30 A. M., at our salesroom. **46-50 Wooster St., N. Y. City,** We will sell at Public Auction, For account of whom it may concern, Salvage Stock of **CLOTHING,** Manufactured for this coming Spring, consisting of **MEN'S, YOUTHS' and BOYS' SUITS, OVERCOATS and PANTS.** Also a Quantity of Up-to-Date Ladies' and Misses' **CLOAKS and POLO COATS. CHILDREN'S TOQUES. To-morrow, December 30th, 1913,** at 10:30 A. M., at our additional Salesroom, 83-85 Wooster Street, Balance Salvage Stock of **FREEMAN BROS.,** Importers & Jobbers **N. Y. CITY** Inventorying about $20,000 worth of **MEN'S, YOUNG MEN'S and BOYS' STRAW HATS,** Such as Sennet, Soilt, Telescopes, Milans, Soft Brim, Fancy and Jumbo. Panama, Porto Rican and Manila Straw Hats. Harvesters' and Farmers' Hats, Felt Hats. **ALSO 450 LEATHER DRESS SUIT CASES AND BAGS.** This stock is made up for season 1914, and should interest all buyers. Stock runs in quantities of a kind; also good run of sizes. Terms of Sale: CASH. Deposit required from all Buyers. Stock arranged for sale and sold by LEOPOLD GANS COMPANY. Tel. Spring 18.

WAIT FOR THIS **Liquidation Sale of WOOLENS** Plushes, Velvets, Silks, Satins, Trimmings, &c., being the entire stock of **MENDELSON, JAFFEE & KATZ, Inc., 74-76 5th Ave., N. Y. J. FRENKEL, Auctioneer, Sells Friday, Jan. 2, 1914,** at 10:30 A. M., on above premises, the above large high-grade stock in original packages. Telephone 2438 Franklin.

**Also 3 lofts of above premises to be leased at great sacrifice.** Fixtures, Machinery and **PLANT** will be sold Thursday, Jan. 8, 1914. Auctioneer's Office, 22 Walker St., N. Y. Tel. 2438 Franklin.

HARRY M. MOSES 156 BROADWAY AUCTIONEER

ASSIGNEE'S SALE **To-day, Monday, Dec. 29, 1913** at 10:30 A. M. **Ladies' Tailor** Entire stock and fixtures of **BENJAMIN ZIPSER 2744 BROADWAY** Manhattan, New York City

Large stock ladies' cloaks in cheviots, worsteds, clays, diagonals, tweeds, buttons, trimmings, velvets and velveteens. Singer sewing machines, for sewing machines, gas stoves, irons, pressing tables, cutting tables, cabinets, chairs, desks, elegant enameled partitions, mirrors, &c.; dress forms, &c. Also a number of tailor-made costumes. Terms cash. Immediate removal.

HUGO LEVY, Assignee. MAURICE P. HARTMAN, Attorney for Assignee, 37 Liberty St., New York City.

Peremptory Auction Sale of **CLOTHING** **10,000 pr. of KNEE PANTS, 2,000 CHILDREN'S SUITS,** made by one of the leading manufacturers of this city in the latest shades, designs, and patterns in regular sets of sizes. Also about **100 MEN'S and YOUTHS' SUITS** from one of the most prominent retail houses of this city. **Will Be Sold To-morrow, Tuesday, Dec. 30, at 10:30 A. M., at Salesrooms, 8 Greene St., near Canal St., By D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.** This is the finest offering ever sold at auction of such staple clothing, and is suitable for retailers, jobbers, and Department Stores. For information telephone Spring 4299.

Bankrupt Stock $40,000 Worth OF IMPORTER'S STOCK OF **LACES** Embroideries, Allovers, Chiffons, Shadow Laces, Neckwear, etc., being the entire stock formerly of Markheim Co., Inc., Bankrupt. J. FRENKEL, Auctioneer, Sells **To-day, Monday, Dec. 29, at 10:30 A. M., AT 23 WALKER ST., NEW YORK,** the above large high-grade stock in original packages. Telephone 2438 Franklin.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers, Will Sell To-morrow, Tues., Dec. 30, '13, at 10:30 A.M., at our salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y. $10,000 Staple and Up-to-Date Stock of **GENTS' FURNISHINGS, CLOTHING,** Hats and Caps—entire stock of ARTHUR KREISMAN of Peoria, Ill.

Furniture—Rugs—Art. **J. HATFIELD MORTON, Auct'r, Will Sell To-day, MONDAY, at 2:30 P. M.,** AT SALESROOMS, **9 West 28th St.,** ABOUT 100 PIECES, BEING REPRODUCTIONS of Colonial, Sheraton and Chippendale bedrocm, reception and library furniture, being samples from the agents of Grand Rapids and other factories, absolutely new. 66 Pieces VIENNA BENT WOOD CHAIRS AND TABLES, by order of Importer. ALSO SOME CHOICE ANTIQUE pieces of furniture from an old Southern Homestead. **50 Oriental Rugs** Also 50 SETS FUR MUFFS, CAPES AND COLLARS from a prominent high class retail fur dealer retiring. SALE ABSOLUTE AND UNRESTRICTED.

### Business Review and Outlook.

Next Sunday THE NEW YORK TIMES will publish a Financial Section containing a Review of the Year, Views of Bankers, Latest Foreign News by Cable, and Year's Trading in Stocks and Bonds. THE NEW YORK TIMES has a larger sale among investors than any other American publication.

## JEWISH FARMERS PROSPER.

### 5,000 Families Now Independent from Proceeds of Their Land.

*Special to The New York Times.*

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 28.—The strides made by the Jewish farmers in this country during the last year was the special topic to-night of the Jewish Chautauqua Society of America, which is holding its twentieth assembly in this city. It was estimated that about 5,000 Jewish families were living on and depending upon the farm for their livelihood with a total population of more than 25,000.

These figures, compiled for the society by Leonard G. Robinson of New York, general manager of the Jewish Agricultural and Industrial Aid Society, represent a conservative estimate of the actual number of Jews living on farms. In the last year, Mr. Robinson said, more Jews had taken to farming than in the previous years.

He also predicted that future immigrants would take to the farm sooner than did their predecessors in this country for the reason that those who had already left the congested cities found the life so much more attractive and healthy.

### Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ASBURY PARK—J. Steinbach, general merchandise; Hoffman House.
ALBANY—Wm. Whitney & Co.; P. J. McManus, cloaks, suits; Miss M. Dwyer, waists; 41 Union Square; Victoria.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; J. Postley, house furn. goods, hardware; 72 Leonard.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; Miss M. Bass, handkerchiefs, embroideries, ladies' neckwear; Miss E. Rice, leather goods, art novelties; S. J. Kernan, upholstery goods; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; I. Sonneborn, woolens; 2 East 23d.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss M. G. Keegan, infants' dresses; H. B. Scotes, shoes; Miss Miller, misses', children's coats; Miss Sheffield, misses', children's coats; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Houghton & Dutton Co.; E. Adelberg, laces, hdkfs.; 116 W. 32d; Latham.
CINCINNATI—John H. Hibben Dry Goods Co.; C. J. Gessling, domestics, linings; 377 Broadway.
DETROIT—Newcomb, Endicott Co.; H. H. Spring, hosiery, knit, muslin underwear furnishing goods, "basement"; 200 6th Av.
DETROIT.—Kline Garment Co.; J. R. Berkson, jobs suits, dresses; 95 Madison Av.
ELMIRA—L. Freudenheim & Bro.; L. Freudenheim, skirtings; Albert.
PARKERSBURG—Cox & Hawkins Co.; H. C. Cox, hats; Hoffman House.
PAWTUCKET—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; C. H. Clark, cloaks, suits, waists; 73 Spring.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg & Berg; B. Berg, Miss Schoenfeld, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 200 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH.—Frank & Seder; H. J. Shamberg, jobs furs, coneys, &c.; 225 4th Av.
PORTLAND, ME.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; J. B. Armsby, dress goods, silks; 320 Church.
PROVIDENCE—B. H. Gladding D. G. Co.; J. R. Gladding, dry goods; 200 5th Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—Edward Wren Co.; E. H. Burgoyne, domestics; 320 Church; Woodward.
SYRACUSE—Hunter-Tuppen Co.; M. E. Gernand, laces, trimmings; 221 4th Av.; Latham.
TROY—William H. Frear & Co.; W. P. Armitage, domestics; Herald Square.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons & Co.; T. J. Finnin, notions, jewelry; J. D. Furlong, silks; 215 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; N. Goodman, boys' clothing; 15 West 26th.
WHEELING—W. H. Colvig, dry goods; Navarre.

# IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

### Buyers Expect Lower Rug Prices.

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### Now Comes a New Extinguisher.

A new portable fire extinguisher has recently been put on the market, according to The Dry Goods Economist. In its cylinder a quantity of liquid gas is stored, and the cylinder is also charged with compressed air. On turning a hand valve the compressed air comes in contact with the liquid gas and discharges it from the cylinder, either as a spray or as a stream. The spray can be thrown ten feet, and is intended to be used on fires which are spread over a considerable area close at hand. The stream will carry twenty-five feet, and is best for small concentrated fires. When the liquid gas emerges from the extinguisher it volatilizes and forms a dense blanket five times as heavy as air. On account of its density and weight it quickly envelops the flames, displacing oxygen, and extinguishing the fire. The extinguishing agent is a non-conductor of electricity, and can, therefore, be used in electric fires without any danger of short circuit. The device is made of seamless brass, and weighs five pounds.

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### Bonuses Sometimes Do No Good.

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"It seems to be an added stimulus to already faithful employes, but it seems to have little or no effect at all on the great majority of extras which we put on at this time of the year. Many of these seem to feel that they will draw a certain amount anyway, and the 1 per cent. bonus to them is a pure gift.

"We have come to the conclusion that to give the 1 per cent. bonus with the idea of its being a stimulant to increased efficiency will only cause a merchant a great deal of regret and unhappiness, but if the 1 per cent. is given with the feeling that it is a nice thing to do for one's employes at Christmas time—a reward to many for faithful effort, and of some assistance to others at this time, when all expenses increase, then the merchant can take a great deal of satisfaction in such a move."

## BUYERS' MARKET PLACE

For Advertising Rates, Telephone Bryant 1000

**ADVERTISING IDEAS.** BINGER CO., Est. 1893, 705 B'way, N. Y.—Original Attractions, Novelties, Signs. Tel. 590 Stuyv.

**ADVERTISING WINDOW ATTRACTIONS.** EINSON, 813 Broadway, New York. Show cards, signs, price tickets, mechanical devices.

**ART PUBLISHERS.** GUEST & TALLY CARDS, DINNER & WEDDING FAVORS. Chas. S. Clark Co., 141 W. 36th St. Tel. Greeley 1007.

**AUCTIONEERS.** CHARLES SHONGOOD, 539-541 BROADWAY IS A BUYER OF LARGE PLANTS OF MACHINERY OF ANY DESCRIPTION.

WILMERDING, MORRIS & MITCHELL, 488-492 B'way. Dry Goods Auctioneers.

Greenwald & Co., 15-17 Mercer. Tel. Spring 9093. ADVANCES MADE ON MDSE.

D. HARTMANN, 8 Greene St. Tel. 4299 Spring. Liberal advances on all kinds of merchandise.

**BABY CAPS.** MAX MAYER, 352 4th Av., at 25th St.

**BANKERS.** INVOICES DISCOUNTED. COLLECTION FACILITIES UNEXCELLED. NATIONAL DISCOUNT COMPANY, Gramercy 37. 141 Fifth Ave.

**BRAIDS.** H. P. VON NOSTITZ, MANHATTAN LACE COMPANY, 26 East 20th St. Phone, 5618 Gramercy.

**CARPETS, RUGS AND LINOLEUMS.** AMERICAN RUG & CARPET CO. House of Bargains. 195-197 Canal St.

**CURTAIN POLES AND FIXTURES.** THE GOULD MESEREAU CO., 48 TO 56 W. 38TH ST., N. Y.

**COAT SPECIALIST.** BERNARD LEVINE, 3 and 5 East 28th St.

**COATS AND SUITS (Ladies').** DURST & RUBIN, 40-46 WEST 25TH ST. THE "GIANT HOUSE" for popular priced coats and suits.

KIRSHMAN BROTHERS, 36 West 25th St.—500 coats to close out; assorted materials.

**CRAPES.** COURTAULDS, LIMITED. English Dress Goods & Morning Crapes. AMERICAN SELLING OFFICES, 354 FOURTH AV., N. Y. C.

**DUPLICATORS.** 150 COPIES FROM ONE IMPRESSION. Schapirograph, 228 W. B'way. Tel. 604 Franklin.

**EMBROIDERY MATERIALS.** Fancy Linens, Plauen Lace, Worsted Yarns. Henry E. Frankenberg Co., 215 4th. Av.

**FAC-SIMILE TYPEWRITTEN LETTERS.** National Publicity Service, 12 E. 23d St. Send for Price List. Gramercy 2777.

**FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.** M. NEUBURGER & CO., 305 Canal St. A new drive for a Special Sale daily.

**FILING CABINETS, (METAL.)** The General Fireproofing Co., 396 Broadway. Phone 2783 Franklin.

**FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.** ZUCKER & JOSEPHY, 715-717-719 BROADWAY, Corner Washington Pl.

Paris, 4 Cite Paradis. Deaden, 18 Surgerwise

**FRAMES AND OIL PAINTINGS.** JOHN DRESCHER, 296 Broadway. Repr. Illinois Co. & Ohio Moulding Co.

**GAITERS AND HOSE SUPPORTERS.** Arthur Frankenstein Co., 516 Broadway. Ladies' Foster and Men's Congress Garters.

**GIRLS' COATS, Exclusively.** H. GOLDWATER & CO., SALESROOM, 817 BROADWAY.

**HANDKERCHIEFS & EMBROIDERIES.** A. & L. METZGER, 22 W. 19TH ST. Complete line of the latest designs.

**HATS AND CAPS.** E. J. VON GAL HAT CO., 1,178 Broadway. Fine Felt, Straw, and Panama Hats.

**HOSIERY.** B. H. Fred'k Victor & Achelis, 28-32 West 17th St. Best Hose. All Qualities. Schmied & Rowe, Mgrs.

**HOUSE DRESSES AND KIMONOS.** HAMBURGER BROS., 142 W. 26th. Always Prompt in Deliveries.

**LACE CURTAINS.** SCHEUER BROS., 447 Broadway. Special inducements in curtains & yard goods

**LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.** NOTTINGHAM LACE WORKS, 17 WEST 17TH ST.

VOILE FLOUNCINGS. Fred Hacker & Co., M'f'rs, 15 West 17th. Goldstein, Davidson & Sondheimer, 260 and 266 Fourth Av.

Eagle Swiss Embroidery Works. Large stock of Domestic Embroideries on hand. Embroideries from 1c. up. Spring, cor. Greene. Tel. 7428 Spring.

**LACES, EMBROIDERIES & NECKWEAR.** ZURCHER & SEILLER, 242 4TH AV., COR. 20TH ST.

**LADIES' UNDERMUSLINS.** ROSENSTOCK & COHN, INC., 12-14-16 East 22d St.

**LADIES' NECKWEAR.** SYDNEY M. SCHWARTZ & CO., "Blackstone," 12 East 22d St.

**LINENS.** JAMES F. WHITE & CO., 54 Worth St. Most attractive offerings under new tariff.

**MEN'S REEFERS AND HOLIDAY NECKWEAR—NOVELTIES ONLY.** LOUIS AUERBACH, Soldstik Scarfs, 846 B'way.

**MEN'S UNDERWEAR.** REIS UNDERWEAR. Robert Reis & Co., B'dway, cor. 19th St.

**MAILING TUBES and ROLL WRAPPERS.** WARE CO., 60-62 Lispenard St. Postage Saving Tubes and Wrappers.

**MANUFACTURERS' SEWING MACHINES** UNION SPECIAL MACHINE CO., 65-69 BLEECKER ST., N. Y. C.

**MISSES' AND LADIES' DRESSES.** LEVY & JULIUS, 115-117-119-121-123-125 W. 30th St.

Jacob Holtzman, 26 W. 17th St. Popular-Priced Dresses. Large Stock always on hand.

THE WINDSOR COSTUME CO., 19 WEST 36TH ST.

**MISSES', WOMEN'S, JUNIOR DRESSES.** DETROIT PRINCESS MFG. CO., W. Moore, Pres., Mfrs. of Children's, Misses', Juniors' and Women's Dresses—the complete line. 200 5th Av., Room 522. Tel. Gramercy 688.

**MISSES' AND JUNIOR COATS AND SUITS** MILLAR, MANDEL & CO., Featuring Stouts. 127 W. 26th St.

**MOTORS, ETC.** Electric Motors for all purposes. Reliable Electric Motor Co., 165 Grand St., N. Y.

**MUSLIN, FLANNELETTE UNDERWEAR.** BIRKENFELD, STRAUSS & CO., Largest in the World. 31 W. 27th St.

**OFFICE PARTITIONS.** MADE BY THE MILE, SOLD BY THE FOOT. MOUNT & ROBERTSON, 40 BROAD ST. TELEPHONE BROAD 1957.

**PACKING BOXES.** 109 Reade St. P. RYAN. 359 West. Bought and Sold. Tel. 500 Worth.

**PAPER BOXES AND DRINKING CUPS.** THE MERCHANTS BOX & PAPER CO. FOLDING PAPER BOXES. SANITARY PAPER DRINKING CUPS. 47 W. 34th St. Tel. 6350 Greeley.

**PHOTOGRAPHERS (Commercial.)** STADLER PHOTOGRAPHING CO., 67 Irving Place. Tel. Gramercy 1746.

**PILE FABRICS.** UNBORN LAMB, BROADTAILS, PERSIANAS. LOUIS HAMMER, INC., 11 W. 17TH ST.

**PRINTING—ADVERTISING.** TAGGART-KENDALL, INC., 241 West 37th St. Greeley 6267.

**PASSEMENTERIE & EMB. TRIMMINGS.** CHARLES PROSNITZ, 35 & 37 W. 31st. ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

**RAINCOATS AND RAINCAPES.** FREEDGOOD & SWEETGALL, JOBBERS' PRICES, 43-47 W. 16TH ST.

**RETAIN-O HATS PATENTED.** Spring line for advance millinery buyers. J. Rostenberg, Patentee & Maker, 656 B'way.

**RIBBONS Exclusively.** WERTHEIMER BROTHERS, 19-25 EAST 24TH ST.

**SALESMEN'S SAMPLE ROLLS.** For every purpose. Tel. 6870 Barclay. A. SPRINGER, 106 Chambers St.

**SIGNS.** H. H. UPHAM & CO., 508 West Broadway. Established over 50 years. Tel. 129 Spring.

**SILK PETTICOATS.** Newest Designs. Dependable Quality. LOUIS MAYERS CO., 15-17 W. 26TH ST.

**SILKS.** S. BRISKMAN & SALOMON, INC., SILK BARGAIN HOUSE, 33 East 17th St. Tel. Mad. Sq. 1889.

**SILKS AND RIBBONS.** CHAS. SCHOOLHOUSE & SON, 242 AND 250 FOURTH AV.

RALPH WILSON, 12 EAST 33D ST.

**SUSPENDERS & BELTS.** MAKEGOOD MFG. CO., Walker, cor. Church Our Holiday Goods are worthy of your inspection.

**TAGS, LABELS, PIN TICKETS.** Salisbury Mfg. Co., 817 B'way, 1,658 Stuy. Metal Edge Tags and Cards a Specialty.

**TOYS & SOUVENIRS.** HABER BROS., 869 Broadway. CARNIVAL AND PREMIUM GOODS.

**TYPEWRITERS.** All makes, repaired, sold, $10 to $65. EAGLE CO., 100 Nassau St. Tel. 147 E. 23d.

**UMBRELLAS, WALKING STICKS.** ARTHUR W. WARE & CO., 41 and 43 EAST 26TH ST.

**VELVETS,** Great possibilities are open to buyers of Mohju Rugs. SIDNEY BLUMENTHAL & CO., INC. Phone 9300 Mad. Sq. 695 Fourth Av., N. Y.

**VEILINGS, CHIFFONS, AND NETTINGS.** Oppenheim, Stern & Hacker, 4 W. 16th St. Write for goods on approval or samples.

**WAISTS, UNDERMUSLINS, LINGERIE.** OSCAR D. ROSE & CO., 151 West 30th St.

BALCON FRENCH WAIST. Modish Materials. 12 West 27th St.

**WASH SUITS, BLOUSES, SHIRTS.** COMPLETE LINES FOR BOYS. Klinger & Bach, 787 Broadway.

**WATCHES.** Ingersoll and Ingersoll-Trenton Watches. Robt. H. Ingersoll & Bro., 315 Fourth Av.

**WINDOW SHADES AND AWNINGS.** F. J. KLOES, 243 Canal St., at Centre. Sphinx Noiseless Window Awnings our specialty.

**WOVEN LABELS.** E. H. KLUGE WEAVING CO. 33-39 W. 34TH ST. Tel. Bryant 1307.

## SHIPPING AND MAILS.

### Miniature Almanac For To-day.

Sun rises..7:23|Sun sets..4:39|Moon sets..6:43

THE TIDES.

| | High Water. A.M. | P.M. | Low Water. A.M. | P.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sandy Hook | 8:34 | 9:13 | 2:20 | 3:03 |
| Governors Island | 9:02 | 9:45 | 2:58 | 3:43 |
| Hell Gate | 10:52 | 11:35 | 4:38 | 5:23 |

### Arrived—Sunday, Dec. 28.

SS Caledonia, Glasgow, Dec. 20.
SS San Gregoria, Rotterdam, Dec. 14.
SS Iroquois, London, Dec. 13.
SS Parima, St. Thomas, Dec. 22.
SS Graecia, Boston, Dec. 27.
SS Tecumish, Tampico, Dec. 14.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah, Dec. 25.
SS Seminole, Puerto Plata, Dec. 22.
SS Wilhelmina, Port Tampa, Dec. 23.

### Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Nickerie | Port Spain | Dec. 21 |
| Mounfields | Shields | Dec. 13 |
| Albingia | Inagua | Dec. 25 |
| Coamo | San Juan | Dec. 24 |
| Colon | Colon | Dec. 24 |
| Grayson | San Juan | Dec. 24 |
| Momus | New Orleans | Dec. 24 |
| El Oriente | Galveston | Dec. 22 |
| Caribbean | Bermuda | Dec. 27 |

DUE TO-MORROW.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Barbarossa | Bremen | Dec. 20 |
| Finland | Antwerp | Dec. 20 |
| Potsdam | Rotterdam | Dec. 20 |
| Canada | Palermo | Dec. 18 |
| Oakfield | Las Palmas | Dec. 13 |
| Havana | Havana | Dec. 27 |
| Rhein | Bremen | Dec. 18 |
| San Jacinto | Galveston | Dec. 24 |
| El Cid | New Orleans | Dec. 25 |
| City of Montgomery | Savannah | Dec. 27 |

DUE WEDNESDAY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Etonian | Antwerp | Dec. 18 |
| Zafra | Huelva | Dec. 13 |
| Danube | Kingston | Dec. 26 |
| Prinz Aug. Wilhelm | Santiago | Dec. 26 |
| Juan | Jamaica | Dec. 26 |
| Lenape | Jacksonville | Dec. 28 |
| Lampasas | Mobile | Dec. 23 |
| El Sud | Galveston | Dec. 25 |

### Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

Mails Close. Vessels Sail.
Madison, Norfolk ..... 3:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *Caribbean, Bermuda | 7:30 A.M. | 1:00 A.M. |
| Stephano, St. Johns | 11:30 A.M. | 11:00 A.M. |
| Allianca, Colon | 11:30 A.M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| Mayaro, Trinidad | 10:00 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Asiatic, Prince Argentine | 12:00 M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| Industry, Montevideo | 10:00 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| America, Naples | | 11:00 A.M. |
| Rotterdam, Rotterdam | | 10:00 A.M. |
| Re d'Italia, Naples | | 10:00 A.M. |
| Apache, Jacksonville | | 11:00 A.M. |
| Spiral, Sagua | | 1:00 P.M. |
| Fort Antonio, Jamaica | | 12:00 M. |
| City of Savannah, Savannah | | 12:00 M. |
| El Norte, Galveston | | 3:00 P.M. |
| *Mail closes Monday | 10:00 P. M. | 12:00 M. |

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Savole, Havre | 7:00 A.M. | 10:00 A.M. |
| Majestic, Southampton | 8:30 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Caracas, San Juan | 8:30 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Metapan, Jamaica | 9:30 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Morro Castle, Havana | 12:00 M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| Singapore, Montevideo | 11:00 A.M. | 1:00 P.M. |
| Ultonia, Naples | | 12:00 M. |
| *Campania, Liverpool | | 1:00 A.M. |
| Laura, Trieste | | 3:00 P.M. |
| Kroonland, Antwerp | | 10:00 A.M. |
| Curityba, Nuevitas | | 12:00 M. |
| Mecklenburg, Havana | | 12:00 M. |
| San Marcos, Galveston | | 1:00 P.M. |
| Arapahoe, Jacksonville | | 1:00 P.M. |
| Proteus, New Orleans | | 12:00 M. |
| Hamilton, Norfolk | | 3:00 P.M. |

*Mails close 9:30 P. M. Tuesday.

### By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., DEC. 28.

SS Rhein, Bremen to New York, was 700 miles E. at 10 A. M.; due 30th, afternoon. North German Lloyd.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Rayo, New Orleans to New York, was 65 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at 8 A. M.
SS El Cid, New Orleans to New York, was 294 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, was 505 miles S. at noon.
SS Caribbean, Bermuda to New York, was 301 miles S. E. of Ambrose Lightship at noon.
SS Maracas, Trinidad to New York, was 1,049 miles S. E. at noon.
SS Radiant, Baton Rouge to New York, was 210 miles S. E. of Mississippi Bar at 8 A. M.
SS Havana, Havana to New York, was 110 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 80 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 222 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Coamo, San Juan to New York, was 208 miles S. at noon.
SS Evelyn, New Orleans to New York, was 290 miles S. at noon.
SS El Oriente, Galveston to New York, was 210 miles S. at noon.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 44 miles N. W. of Tortugas at 7 P. M.
SS Nickerie, Port of Spain to New York, was 197 miles S. at noon.
SS Cherokee, Georgetown to New York, was 245 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, was 50 miles N. of Frying Pan at noon.

FASTNET, IRELAND.

SS Lusitania, New York for Liverpool, was 250 miles W. at 7:25 P. M., due Fishguard 29th, forenoon. Cunard Line.

## Foreign Ports.

### Arrived.

SS California, at Queenstown, Dec. 28.
SS Carpathia, at Fiume, Dec. 28.

### Sailed.

SS France, from Havre, Dec. 28.
SS Carmania, from Queenstown, Dec. 28.

### Passed.

SS Minnewaska, New York for London, passed Brow Head.

### Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Jan. 1, SS Philadelphia.
Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Jan. 2, SS George Washington, and at 5 P. M. Jan. 5, SS Amerika.
France—Close at 5 P. M. Jan. 1, SS Philadelphia.
Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. Dec. 31, SS Ultonia, and at 11:30 A. M. Dec. 31, SS Laura.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 30, SS Kroonland.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Dec. 31, SS Ultonia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 29, SS Rotterdam.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. Jan. 2, SS Hellig Olav.
Italy—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 29, SS America; at 9:30 A. M. Dec. 31, SS Ultonia, and at 11:30 A. M. Dec. 31, SS Laura.

### Transpacific Mails.

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Enterprise ..... Dec. 29
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—Hongkong Maru ..... Dec. 29
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport ..... Dec. 31
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) via Tacoma—Tacoma Maru ..... Jan. 1
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, and New Zealand, and specially addressed mail, Australia, (via San Francisco)—Aorangi ..... Jan. 2

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

### PUBLIC NOTICE.

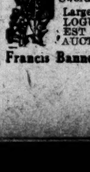
SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row and Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, December 30, 1913, for Contract 110, for furnishing, delivering, and installing where required, gaging, metering, and other reservoir and aqueduct apparatus.

The points of delivery or installation are along or near the line of the Catskill Aqueduct between the Ashokan reservoir, in the town of Olive, Ulster County, and Silver Lake reservoir, Staten Island, New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings may be obtained at the above address at the office of the Secretary by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10.00) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President; CHARLES N. CHADWICK, JOHN F. GALVIN, Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply. JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

### FOR SALE.



**ARMY AUCTION BARGAINS**

Shoes, $1.85 up | Blankets $1.95 up
Haversacks 10 | Knapsacks .35
PONCHOS .75 | LEGGINS .15
Saddles 3.00 | Uniforms 1.25
CAPS .10 | B-L RIFLES .98
Swords .35 | Tents 3.85

Large illustrated CYCLOPEDIA CATALOGUE, 420 pages, mailed 25c. LARGEST DEALER IN THE WORLD GOV'T AUCTION GOODS.

Francis Bannerman, 501 Broadway, New York


**IN THE BUSINESS WORLD**

**Buyers Expect Lower Rug Prices.**

For the last week salesmen have been coming in from the road and making practically unanimous reports to the effect that buyers of floor coverings of all grades express extreme reluctance to placing orders until after the first of the year. This reluctance appears to be due to a general impression that after the turn of the year prices will be lower. Buyers who consented to give their reasons for this opinion said that when the carpet season opened two months ago practically all quotations were simply repeats of the prevailing prices. They figured that if carpets could be sold at a profit last season, with a duty on the wools and other materials entering into their construction, they could be sold now at a lower price, seeing that the duty on the wools has been removed. The manufacturers, however, refuse to take this argument seriously, and say that they see no reason why buyers should anticipate lower prices in view of the present high cost of labor and materials.

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**Now Comes a New Extinguisher.**

A new portable fire extinguisher has recently been put on the market, according to The Dry Goods Economist. In its cylinder a quantity of liquid gas is stored, and the cylinder is also charged with compressed air. On turning a hand valve the compressed air comes in contact with the liquid gas and discharges it from the cylinder, either as a spray or as a stream. The spray can be thrown ten feet, and is intended to be used on fires which are spread over a considerable area close at hand. The stream will carry twenty-five feet, and is best for small concentrated fires. When the liquid gas emerges from the extinguisher it volatilizes and forms a dense blanket five times as heavy as air. On account of its density and weight it quickly envelops the flames, displacing oxygen, and extinguishing the fire. The extinguishing agent is a non-conductor of electricity, and can, therefore, be used in electric fires without any danger of short circuit. The device is made of seamless brass, and weighs five pounds.

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It has been the fate of at least one retail dry goods store in the Middle West to learn that cash bonuses to employes do not always do what it seems they should. The store in question offered to its employes a 1 per cent. cash bonus on net sales for the fifteen days preceding Christmas, and the following letter, recently received in this city, tells how the scheme worked out. In part the letter says:

"It seems to be an added stimulus to already faithful employes, but it seems to have little or no effect at all on the great majority of extras which we put on at this time of the year. Many of these seem to feel that they will draw a certain amount anyway, and the 1 per cent. bonus to them is a pure gift.

"We have come to the conclusion that to give the 1 per cent. bonus with the idea of its being a stimulant to increased efficiency will only cause a merchant a great deal of regret and unhappiness, but if the 1 per cent. is given with the feeling that it is a nice thing to do for one's employes at Christmas time—a reward to many for faithful effort, and of some assistance to others at this time, when all expenses increase, then the merchant can take a great deal of satisfaction in such a move."



**Great White Fleet**

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See the Panama Canal in all the glory of its opening days! No trip in all the world so delightful if taken on one of the ships of the **Great White Fleet,** whose luxurious appointments surprise even the seasoned traveler.

Regular Sailings from NEW YORK, BOSTON, NEW ORLEANS to JAMAICA, PANAMA, HAVANA, CENTRAL and SOUTH AMERICA.

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NEXT SAILINGS **MEDITERRANEAN** TO MADEIRA, SPAIN, ALGIERS, ITALY and EGYPT. Excellent accommodations available at special rates including shore excursions by the **"CLEVELAND"** on her Orient-India Cruise, **JANUARY

## THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Generally fair weather is predicted for the next few days in parts of the country east of the Rocky Mountains and over the southern plateau region. Rains are expected in the Southeastern States, and probably snows in the Middle Atlantic and New England States, Upper Ohio Valley, and lower lake region.

Local snows are also probable Monday and Tuesday in the region of the Great Lakes and Tuesday in New York and New England. Generally fair weather will prevail Monday and Tuesday in the Upper Mississippi Valley, Plains States, the Western Gulf States and the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions. Temperatures will be lower Monday in the East Gulf States and Tuesday in the South Atlantic States. It will rise Monday in New England, the Middle Atlantic States, and the Upper Ohio Valley.

Winds for Monday and Tuesday—North Atlantic, light variable; Middle Atlantic, moderate variable, becoming easterly.

FORECAST TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

Northern New England—Fair and warmer Monday; Tuesday unsettled; light variable winds.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Cloudy and warmer Monday; Tuesday probably snow or rain; light to variable winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Cloudy Monday, probably followed by snow or rain; Tuesday rain or snow; moderate variable winds, becoming easterly.

Western New York and Western Pennsylvania—Cloudy Monday and Tuesday, probably local snow; light to moderate variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

| | 1912. | 1913. | | 1912. | 1913. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 A. M. | 29 | 21 | 4 P. M. | 34 | 33 |
| 6 A. M. | 30 | 20 | 6 P. M. | 33 | 31 |
| 9 A. M. | 31 | 21 | 9 P. M. | 32 | 27 |
| 12 M. | 32 | 24 | 11 P. M. | 30 | 26 |

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 26; for the corresponding date last year it was 32; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 32.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 22; at 8 P. M. it was 29. Maximum temperature 34 degrees, at 4:00 P. M.; minimum, 19 degrees at 3:00 A. M. Humidity, 56 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 59 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.35 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.30 inches.

## FIRE RECORD.

| A. M. | | Loss. |
|---|---|---|
| 2:10–508 | 6th Av.; D. A. Doyle | $500 |
| 3:00–800 | 5th Av.; Mrs. H. Bosturch | Slight |
| 3:48–251 | West 97th St.; Katherine Cunereth | Slight |
| 4:34–456 | Lenox Av.; Dave Ferguson | $10 |
| 5:10–118 | West 22d St.; Harivent Manufacturing Co. | Slight |
| 7:07–1,003 | 3d Av.; Herman Kuin | Slight |
| 7:20–1,842 | 3d Av.; Jennie Fisher | $10 |
| 7:30–10 | Cooper St.; Morris Canavan | None |
| 8:00–520 | Manhattan Av.; George Margass | Slight |
| 9:10.–22 | West 51st St.; Bayard Dominick | $100 |
| 10:00–3,682 | White Plains Av.; Philip Rinaldi | None |
| 11:05–190 | Henry St.; Mr. Cohen | $25 |
| 11:30–2,006 | 2d Av.; John Vindel | $500 |
| 11:45–988 | Amsterdam Av.; Nathan Langford | Slight |
| P. M. | | |
| 12:05–987 | 5th Av.; H. Phipps | Slight |
| 1:36–915 | Bailey Av.; Jerome Jones | Slight |
| 2:50–130 | Broome St.; Morris Sitzer | Slight |
| 3:07–1,970 | 2d Av.; Piprin | Slight |
| 4:40–415 | East 84th St.; Theodore Olsey | Slight |
| 5:00–1,744 | Washington Av.; Isaac Kamiscurs | Slight |
| 5:57–208 | and 210 East 100th St.; Rach Walden | Trifling |
| 6:20–884 | Columbus Av.; Washington Market Co. | Slight |
| 6:55–122 | Macdougal St.; Peter Manven | Not given |
| 6:50–2,527 | 3d Av.; Maud Basley | Slight |
| 6:28–1,005 | Forest Av.; Charles Schumm | Slight |
| 7:15 | Morton St.; Gabriel Adilois | Slight |
| 7:30–44 | Eldridge St.; Barney Kaplan | Slight |

BROOKLYN FOR SALE OR TO LET.

## WILL MOVE YOU FREE

into a new 7-room, 1-family, steam heated brick house; $25 to $35; if you want to buy will give you 20 years to pay; in built-up section of Brooklyn; on new subway. Phone Cort 5528. Owner, D 335 Times Downtown.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

**RENT** FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

A strictly modern, 11-room house, gentleman's home, 1¼ acres of land. Beautiful ground, finest location in New Rochelle. Large garage with living quarters. Present tenant desires to sublet.

O'CONNOR & McCANN,
221 Huguenot St. Tel. 594 New Rochelle.

**AT $6,500.**

Seven acres, modern 9 room dwelling, bath, all improvements; high elevation, extensive views; numerous shade trees; one hour from Grand Central. FOX REALTY COMPANY, 23 E. 42d St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

**FEW CHOICE LOFTS**
In the centre of the
LACE & NECKWEAR TRADES,
**99-101 Fifth Ave.,**
Between 17th and 18th Streets.
Modern fireproof loft building.
Size 60 ft. x 100 ft.
**45c. to 60c. Per Ft.**
Apply to agent on premises
Or your own broker.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

**Trinity Court,**
518 West 111th St.
High-class elevator apartments of 6 and 7 rooms, all up-to-date improvements; parquet floors throughout; rent moderate. Superintendent on premises.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

**The Hillcrest**
430 West 116th St. Facing Columbia University Grounds.
Modern Elevator Apartments
8-9 Large Sunny Rooms & Baths
RENTS Parlors ..... 18x23
$1,500 to $1,800 Dining Rooms ..... 14x19
Bedrooms ..... 14x16

MANHATTAN—East Side.

**BACHELORS**
29 EAST 48TH STREET,
CORNER OF MADISON AVENUE
2 Rooms & Bath & Foyer Hall
Rents $65 Per Month & Up.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

**Gramercy Court,**
152 EAST 22D ST.
5, 6, and 7 room elevator apartments, all latest improvements; central location; rents moderate. Apply on premises.

3 ROOMS & BATH
with all improvements; continuous elevator and phone service; $50. Apply Superintendent.
54 EAST 59TH ST.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

**3 Rooms and Bath**
**$2.00 PER DAY**
**or 66c per Room**
at
**61-65 E. 59th St.**
Same locality as the Plaza, Savoy and Netherlands.
Hotel Service
THE MANHANSET
Apply to Superintendent on premises.

## Lost
*50 cents a line.*

LOST.—Diamond bowknot brooch, large pearl in centre, platinum setting; small pendant diamond; Friday, in shopping district or to Riverside Drive via Subway to 136th St.; liberal reward, no questions. Levy, 6 West 66th St.

LOST—Thin, gold, square Tiffany watch, gold knife, gold pencil, all marked P. D. A.; Yale key on gold platinum chain, probably between Madison and Park Avs. on 75th St.; $50 reward. Return to 8 East 69th St.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of clothes and other articles stolen from 54 West 87th St. Dec. 19, or information leading to recovery; no questions asked. R. M. Coleman, 170 West 74th St., or phone John 5070.

LOST—Christmas Eve, man's traveling bag, initials "F. W. T.," containing personal effects. Liberal reward, no questions asked, if returned to J. Van Tassell, 13 W. 120th St.

LOST.—Friday evening, 44th St., near Hudson Theatre, circular brooch, consisting of yellow stone surrounded with small pearls; liberal reward for return to 31 East 39th St.

LOST.—Between 78th St. and Broadway and 64 Riverside Drive, a black wallet containing a sum of money. Reward if returned to Henry Moakley, 64 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Christmas morning, lady's gold watch, between Central Park West, West 88th St., and West 86th St. and Riverside Drive. Reward return to 23 West 88th St.

LOST.—BLACK ROUND PEARL, with screw, Dec. 25, evening, at Metropolitan Opera House; Large Reward to returner. Apply Carr Brothers, 32 Broadway.

LOST.—Saturday afternoon, black watered-silk handbag, with small watch set in it, containing money and papers; reward if returned to 111 East 40th St.

LOST—Dec. 22, coral necklace, between 110th and 23d, or 5th Av. "L." Reward if returned 100 Cathedral Parkway, Apartment 401.

LOST.—Set of teeth lost between 58th St. and 3d Av. Elevated, 59th St., or on "L" train; reward offered. W. M., 162 East 83d St.

LOST—At 72d Subway Station, gold open-faced watch, with Masonic fob; initials C. A. B.; liberal reward. 255 West 72d St.

LOST.—A silver meshbag, between Grant's Tomb and the Hotel Plaza; suitable reward. W. K. Lunt, Hotel Plaza.

LOST.—In 90th St., between 4th and 5th Avs. Purse containing salary envelope and keys. Liberal reward. Z 270 Times.

LOST.—Saturday, Matinee, New Amsterdam Theatre, pearl brooch, diamond centre. Reward. Z 269 Times.

VERY LIBERAL REWARD
For return of lady's diamond horseshoe pin; about thirty stones, lost in Louis Martin's, 60th St., Saturday night. No questions asked —Paul Ricketts, 8 E. 215 West 98th St. Tel. Riverside 732.

$50 REWARD
for return man's ring set two diamonds and sapphire; lost vicinity 33d St. from Madison Av. to Broadway. Return Bowe, 6 E. 33d St.

### Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Champagne colored Pomeranian dog, Morningside Park, Dec. 25. Liberal reward if returned to W. A. Smith, 254 Manhattan Av.

LOST—Black water spaniel, throat marked white; licensed; reward. Secor, 1,008 6th Av.

$10 REWARD.—Red Irish Setter, male, weight about 58 pounds, R. W. Creuzbaur, 217 82d St., Brooklyn. Tel. Bay Ridge 2356.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats are responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

### Public Notices.

ELLEN F. BURNETT,
daughter of the late Lysander and Esther Burnett of Boston, Mass. Will relatives please communicate with James E. Kelley, Attorney, 901-3 Old South Building, Boston, Mass.

I. A. KAUFMAN bought Guarantee Cornice and Skylight Works, 405 East 5th. Creditors must notify within 3 days.

### Business Opportunities
*50 cents a line.*

Chemical, paint, or kindred manufacturing business, (small,) wanted. D 30 Times Downtown.

ADDITIONAL CAPITAL WANTED BY FIRM IMPORTING MACHINERY, WELL KNOWN IN THE TRADE AND ON SOLID PAYING BASIS; NEED $20,000 FOR FURTHER BUSINESS NECESSARY EXPANSION; ORDERS ON BOOKS EXCEED $150,000; EXPECTED 1914 SALES, $400,000; WELCOME RIGID INVESTIGATION; BEST PERSONAL REFERENCES HERE AND ABROAD; PARTNERSHIP OR PROFIT-SHARING BASIS; PRINCIPALS ONLY. Y 212 TIMES.

Going business, (Boston,) established several years, successful from start, never changed hands, offered for sale present owners cannot give personal attention; should appeal to one with ten to twelve thousand, and willing to devote entire time. Y 229 Times.

Six mortgages of $2,500 each on six dwellings to be built on Ave. M, Brooklyn. House to sell from $4,750 to $5,000. Good bonus, security the best. Principals only. Bernard Lynch, Kings Highway & E. 12th St.

$800 required, partner, established 40-room furnished hotel; well stocked cafe; Exchange Place, Jersey City; open nights. Telephone 3133 Riverside.

### Business Loans.
*40 cents a line.*

Outstanding accounts financed for merchants needing cash. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway.

### Business Notices
*40 cents a line.*

Dependable multigraph typewritten letters, 300, $1.50; 1,000 $2; 10,000, $10, delivered. Telephone Cortlandt 1332. William Gray, 93 Nassau.

Multigraph letters: 300, $1.80; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5850. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,018

Clothing.

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes; diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. Phone 670 Bryant.

Detectives.

BONDED DETECTIVE.
Harry Martin, 110 West 96th St.

### Real Estate
*50 cents a line.*

East Side.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—TWO FAMILY HOUSE, 235 East 62d St. For particulars R. M. DE LEEUW & CO., 15 Broad St.

West Side.

West side private residence for sale, 604 West End Av., near 92d St. Apply Thomas Read, 2 Wall St.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

A very pretty cottage, front and back porch, handsome bathroom, white enamel bedrooms, mission beamed ceiling, dining room with elegant electric dome, on large plot of land; private and personal care was taken to have everything pretty; price $2,750, far below value; will accept $100 cash; balance $15 month. Call or write B. Ackerman, 395 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

Owing to business reverses, owner must dispose of his country residence, 10 rooms, 3 baths; all modern improvements; 2¼ acres on the north shore of Long Island; bargain; will also sell furniture. Owner, Room 47, 11 Wall St., New York.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

Brooklyn.

Premises 2,714 Bedford Av., 14 rooms, 2 baths, $75 monthly; formerly $125 monthly. Firmin, 406 World Bldg., Manhattan.

Mortgage Loans.

Wanted, 2 second mortgages on Washington Heights improved flats; $6,000 each; principals only. Address V 56 Times.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

### To Let for Business Purposes.
*50 cents a line.*

Ground floor and one loft, suitable for garage or auto service station; to sublease immediately account of moving to larger quarters. Rauch & Lang Carriage Co., 1,800 Broadway.

Offices for Rent.—Will sublet four large, well-lighted rooms, together or in groups of two, 12th floor, 156 5th Av., beginning Jan. 1 next. Apply premises, Bascom Johnson, Room 1,217.

Loft, 5,000 square feet, 137 East 25th St.; steam heated. Brackett Realty Co. Telephone 9118 Madison Square.

7th Av., 2,065, near 128d St.—Elegant large store, suitable for any business. Superintendent, 157 West 123d.

## Apartments to Let
Furnished.
*50 cents a line.*

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

Apartment, facing park, delightful view, handsomely furnished 4 rooms, (2 bedrooms); $55 monthly. Apartment 52, 401 West 118th.

Three-room furnished apartment; high-class elevator house; rent $40 per month. Superintendent, 145 Audubon Av. Telephone 8960 Audubon.

East Side.

45th, 19 East.
Three rooms, bath, facing south; conveniences; well furnished; $65.

### Apartments Wanted—Furnished
*50 cents a line.*

YOUNG COUPLE WILL PAY $180 MONTHLY FOR TWO FURNISHED CONNECTING ROOMS, WITH BOARD AND PRIVATE BATH, LOCATED ON OR CLOSE TO RIVERSIDE DRIVE, WITH RIVER VIEW, BETWEEN 72D AND 100TH STS.; STATE FULL PARTICULARS. V 108 TIMES.

### Apartments Wanted—Unfurnished
*50 cents a line.*

Five-room apartment, near Central Park, rental $25 per month, desired by couple; best references given and asked. Communicate with M 66 Times.

Unfurnished floor, 3 rooms, private house; light housekeeping; upper west side. X 313 Times.

### Storage.
*50 cents a line.*

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2067 Bryant.

## Boarders Wanted
*50 cents a line.*

East Side.

29TH, 38 EAST.—Large, small rooms; excellent home cooking; parlor dining room.

38TH ST., 37 EAST.—Large room, private bath; elevator; references.

53D, 37 EAST.—Large front room in annex; references; table board.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Attractive, large rooms; private baths; small rooms; excellent table; telephone.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms, with board; telephone; references.

West Side.

67TH AV., 46.—Desirable single rooms; excellent board; steam; telephone; table guests.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; unexcelled; board; telephone.

26TH, 62 WEST.—Large and small rooms; running water; meals optional; moderate. Greeley 2423.

39TH ST., 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

49TH, 68 WEST.—Established 25 years; rooms, suites, baths, telephones; superior table.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, superior board; references.

57TH ST., 359 WEST.—First-class large, small rooms; good board; reference; reasonable.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent cooking; parlor dining; accessible location.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, exceptionally well appointed house; private bath; electric light; desirable for particular people.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; excellent table; reasonable.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; a call may be to your advantage.

71ST, 62 WEST.—Exceptional table; double rooms; private baths; single rooms; reasonable.

73D ST., 256 WEST.—First-class board and rooms; parlor dining room; near Subway.

74TH ST., 121 WEST.—Pleasant rooms, near bath, excellent home, table; references exchanged.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—19th year; medium, sunny room; excellent table; references.

75TH ST., 139 WEST.—Two double, front, sunny rooms, with board; references exchanged.

76TH ST., 127-9 WEST.—Sunny, double front room; reasonable; parlor; dining guests accommodated.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

80TH ST. 106-108-110 WEST.
The House Richards, a satisfactory home for permanent, refined people; all new high-type furnishings, pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; parlor dining room; table guests; reasonable.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Delightful second floor front; southern exposure; all new; references.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Handsome room, private baths; also medium; electricity; French cuisine.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large front room, with private bath; small room; telephone; references.

85TH, 209 WEST.—Large room, private bath; meals unusually good; table guests.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Attractive single rooms, bath; board; table guests; high class.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Newly furnished house; large, small rooms; excellent cuisine; reference.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service, good company; Southerners.

113TH ST.—Small room, excellent cuisine; fine surroundings; moderate. Inquire 560 West 113th.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Rooms, heated, closets; with or without private bath; electricity.

A HOUSE
FOR PARTICULAR PEOPLE.
111 WEST 129D. INSPECTION INVITED.

Charming Winter Home.
Away from city and noise, yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan; grand location, overlooking city, country, sea; cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
THE EVELYN LODGE,
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

WEST END AV., 879.—Corner room; excellent meals; 103d Subway; reasonable; reference.

### Board Wanted
*15 cents a line.*

Young business lady wants board, private family, $5. V 82 Times.

### For Sale—Miscellaneous.
*50 cents a line.*

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc., 345 Broadway, at Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin
950 Broadway, at 23d St.
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
10 Barclay St. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

A Big Sale Desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, hat trees, telephone books, wardrobes, oak and mahogany. Quick & McKenna, 9 Reade St.

Leaving for South, sacrifice new broad-tail lamb coat, ermine trimmed, $250. Cost $550. Mrs. W. Shaw, 320 West 89th St.

SIXTY typewriters visible and others, costing $100 each new, $5 up; selling them out. Store, 427 Broadway, near Howard.

Natural mink lady's long fur coat, good as new; sacrifice $140; cost $375. Miss Baker, 145 West 82d St.

Showroom fixtures for sale by wholesale coat house. Stern & Cohen, 30 West 24th St.

All makes bought, repaired, sold, $10-$55. Eagle Typewriter Co., 100 Nassau.

### Purchase and Exchange.
*50 cents a line.*

Pawn tickets bought. Gold. Diamonds, Oriental pearls. Silver. Estates appraised and purchased. Platinum. Benjamin Feingold, 469 6th Av., between 28th and 29th Sts. Established 18 years. Tel. 1254 Madison Sq. Big bargains in unredeemed pledges.

Absolutely highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture; bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

### Pianos and Organs.
*50 cents a line.*

Chickering upright piano, fine condition; cost $500; sacrifice for $125. Anguera, 316 W. 42d.

### Schools.
*50 cents a line.*

Italian university student; direct, quick method Italian lessons; conversation. Catalono, 55 East 21st.


## PROMPT AND DESIRABLE RESULTS

The Audubon Hotel reports that unusually desirable guests respond to its advertisements on the New York Times Want Page. The following advertisement, December 21st, secured prompt results:

149TH ST., 540 to 560 WEST., Near Broadway Subway.—In best, healthiest section; beautiful Riverside Drive near by; THE AUDUBON, Washington Heights' oldest and well-recommended private family hotel; only few vacancies; large, bright, well-heated rooms, $10 to $12 one, $14 to $20 for two; rates including delicious board; parlor dining room; separate tables; social surroundings; pleasant home. Tel. 2787 Audubon.

Telephone your advertisement to The Times.
Bryant 1000.


## Furnished Rooms
*50 cents a line.*

East Side.

21ST ST., 137 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Single, en suite; quiet surroundings; breakfast service in rooms.

28TH ST., 109 EAST.—Large and small comfortable rooms for business men; Subway; $2.50-$5.

29TH ST., 36 EAST.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS.
REDUCED PRICES.

30TH ST., 131 EAST.—Small room; also room suitable two; board optional. Madison 3624.

30TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; modern conveniences.

49TH, 38 EAST.—Bright, pleasant rooms for gentlemen; quiet, refined neighborhood; references.

53D, 58 EAST.—Two rooms, bath, together, separately; handsomely furnished; electric light, telephone; unusual conveniences.

60TH, 41 EAST.—Comfortably furnished large room, every convenience; gentlemen only; references.

82D, 173 EAST.—Comfortable back parlor, front room, hall room; heated; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.)—Homelike room, bath; breakfast; scrupulously clean; references; select.

West Side.

22D ST., 456 WEST.—Well-kept single rooms; select, quiet house; reasonable; references.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Small sunny room, adjoining bath; bachelors; references required.

41ST ST., 200 WEST.—WELL KEPT large and small outside rooms; bath; reasonable; appreciated when seen. Welton.

41ST ST., 268 WEST, (corner 8th Av.)—Nice large and small rooms, day or week; light housekeeping; $1.50 up.

44TH ST., 238 WEST, (Apt. 6.)—An elaborately furnished front suite, option Steinway piano; telephone, elevator; steam heat.

47TH, 58 WEST.—Rooms, large, single, private baths; board optional. 4580 Bryant.

48TH, 180 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; well kept house; bath; telephone; breakfast if desired.

51ST ST., 245 WEST.—Two, three rooms; electricity; brass bed; silver, linen; phone.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Large, attractive, steam-heated room, private bath; smaller connecting rooms; hot water; $5, $7, $10.

58TH ST., 128 WEST.—Handsome large room and alcove; all conveniences; telephone; electricity; gentlemen.

58TH ST., 325 WEST.—Large and single rooms; steam heat; all conveniences; best location for business people; phone.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; running water; references.

70TH ST., 146 WEST.—Attractively furnished room; bath; private house; references; permanent. 6561 Columbus.

71ST ST., 71 WEST.—Attractive, sunny single room, $4; also large front room; private bath; southern exposure; references; phone.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large, medium rooms; one or two; telephone; reference.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Large second floor front, southern exposure; running water; references.

76TH ST., 179 WEST.—Outside double rooms, suite; reasonable; telephone; breakfast. Wanamaker.

76TH, 244 WEST.—Private house; large, attractive front room; board optional; references.

76TH, 242 WEST.—Single rooms; private baths; board optional; reasonable. Columbus 5668.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Elegant rooms, suitable one or two gentlemen; references.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful, sunny front rooms, running water; parquet floor; subway; also delightful small room; reasonable; reference.

79TH ST., 225 WEST.—Large, handsome double room; electricity; subway; select private house; $8.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished front room; electric light, telephone; references.

82D, 146 WEST.—Large, small, clean rooms, electricity, elevator. $706 Schuyler. Haskins.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms; large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; reference.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; private bath; medium room; reasonable; telephone.

87TH ST., 207 WEST.—Large outside room, suitable two; steam; convenience; reasonable. Knox.

89TH, (Bet. Riverside Drive, West End.)—Second floor, front; unusually attractive library; bedrooms, 21x18; every convenience; hardwood floors. Telephone 1089 Riverside.

94TH, 78 WEST.—Medium-sized front room; comfortable; phone; convenient cars. Higham.

95TH ST., 255 WEST.—Exceptional opportunity; very large, comfortably furnished, sunny front room; bath, shower; breakfast optional. Linz.

97TH ST., 209 WEST.—A comfortably furnished outside room in high-class elevator apartment; all modern conveniences; private family; Broadway subway express one block; board optional.

97TH ST., 158 WEST.—Two splendid, sunny rooms; private bath; all conveniences. 7296 Riverside.

99TH, 304 WEST.—Large, attractive single room; elevator apartment; near Riverside. Tomlinson.

101ST ST., 205 WEST, (2 doors from Broadway.)—Finest uptown; beautifully furnished single, double rooms; electricity; maids; elevator; kitchenette and laundry included; $3 to $7. The Ludington.

102D, 303 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Large front room; southern exposure; private house, desirable for man and wife; references.

105TH, 151 WEST.—Well furnished room; elevator; telephone; excellent location; $3. Hiller.

108TH, 211 WEST.—Clean, newly furnished rooms; bath, steam heat; two blocks Subway and elevated; $3.50 to $7 weekly. Brown, 4797 Riverside.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Neatly furnished room adjoining bath; private family; gentleman.

116TH ST. AND BROADWAY.—Attractive single room, private bath. Phone 4834 Morningside. White.

116TH, 620 WEST.—Riverside; parquet floor; piano; sunny; reasonable; gentleman. 3506 Morningside.

119TH, 420 WEST.—Nice, comfortable kitchenette room, adjoining bath. Iradell, near Columbia. Apartment 39.

122D, 528 WEST.—Connecting steam heated, sunny rooms; unusually desirable; moderate. Sherman.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive single, double rooms. Apply directly Apartment 51.

129TH ST., 4 WEST.—Choice room, strictly private; elevator apartment; refined surroundings; gentlemen; breakfast service; all transit. Apartment 27.

158TH, 646 WEST.—Large, comfortable, front room; running water; near bath; refined surroundings; private house; near Subway; references.

170TH ST., 600 WEST.—Room; gentleman; conveniences; no other roomers. Apt. 31. Audubon 8850.

184TH ST., 601 WEST.—Outside room; quiet place for permanent, well-bred tenant, Apartment 5D.

BROADWAY, 2,314 (Corner 84th St.).—Medium sized, well-furnished, front room, facing Broadway, for business woman, in second floor apartment; very reasonable; telephone and hall service. Hamner.

THE BROZTELL,
57th Av. and 27th St.
Room and bath, $1.50, $2, $2.50 per day and upward; special rates for permanents and suites; restaurant unsurpassed; special dinners; varies every evening, $1.

THE NEW YORK,
Bedroom and bath, $1.00 day; parlor, bedroom and bath, $2.00 day; monthly reduction; meals. 32 West 60th.

WEST END AV., 611.—Magnificent room, private bath; excellent plumbing, electricity, large closets; private family; near 91st subway; reference.

## Help Wanted Female
*15 cents a line.*

CASHIER AND BOOKKEEPER wanted at Mary Elizabeth's Candy Shop, 5th Av. and 36th St.

NURSEMAID.—For a two-year-old girl; must have personal city references. Apply 318 West 100th St.

SALESLADY.—Over 25, of good education and address; travel for reliable house; commission and guarantee; permanent position. Ryan, 156 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS and typists wanted; experienced or beginners with reference. Call for interview. Victor Typewriter Co., Broadway at 23d St.

Instruction.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St.—Secretarial courses only; stenography, secretarial English, accounting, law and social amenities. V. M. Wheat, Director.

Musical.

WANTED—A chorus bass for church; salary. Organist, Z 248 Times.

## Situations Wanted
*15 cents a line.*
Female.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, with knowledge of stenography and typewriting; thoroughly experienced; high school graduate; best references; moderate salary. L. Lerman, 397 Alabama Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; trial balance and best references. V 47 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Exceptionally capable, accurate, punctual; $6. B., 930 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced controlling accounts; balances; typist; familiar office routine; $12. B 51 Times.

COMPANION, School Mother or Housekeeper.—Excellent qualifications. 207 West 122d St.

DRESSMAKER.—Colored; gowns; quick; references; $2. Hill, 328 West 52d St.

HOUSEWORK.—Colored girl, general housework, waitress; references. Irene Steab, 1,803 3d Av.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, seeking high-class position; familiar with law and commercial work; good education; highest references. L 315 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires position where willingness and good work secure advancement. Margaret Passer, 695 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER, (16,) bright, neat American girl; beginner; plain writer; office assistant; no agency; $6. C 160 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, general office assistant; several years' experience; good figurer; competent; best references; $12; American. L 309 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Girl, good character, bright, industrious; $6. S., 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, TYPEwriter.—Neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER; up to date and reliable; competent; best references. L 323 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, American, experienced; accurate transcriber; hard worker; $8-$10. B 53 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced stenographer wishes typewriting at home. Z 260 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Young woman, eight years' experience, desires position; best references. V 109 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, good correspondent, hard worker; 7 years' experience; $8. L 301 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced technical dictation; charge correspondence; confidential; $12. B 52 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY seeks engagement; salary desired, $15. L 296 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, neat, accurate typist; business school graduate; $10. L 282 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined, ambitious beginner; business school graduate; $6. L 278 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, "live wire," seeks responsible position; was assistant manager. V 100 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Is secretary to lecturer; will render part time service. V 99 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—German and English, experienced. V 81 Times.

## Situations Wanted
*15 cents a line.*
Male.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT. — Installs simplified systems that give you exact information required to intelligently plan the development of your business; audits, investigations, reports. Fleming, 35 Nassau St. Telephone Cortlandt 1330.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 375 Broadway. Telephone 4376 Gramercy.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; financial statements; investigations; work confidential; charges moderate; personal service. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cortlandt.

## Situations Wanted
*15 cents a line.*
Male.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, certified; books opened, closed, audited, systematized, written up; investigations; statements; charges moderate. Louis Gross, 132 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 2780.

AAI AUDITOR.—Efficient executive, broad public accounting experience, desires permanent engagement, large corporation; highest references. D 339 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS
CERTIFIED (N. Y.).
Conscientious, efficient service. Books Opened, balanced, closed, written up and audited. Special examinations. New, up-to-date office and cost systems that minimise work and produce Accurate, dependable, worth-while records Necessary to attain maximum profits. Tax reports, profit and loss and financial Statements. M. Miller, 149 B'way. Cort. 7887.

ABLE ASSISTANT, 20; secretary, capable stenographer, correspondent, excellent general commercial education, familiar with accounting, business routine, desires position reputable business house or managing personal affairs; highest references. S. S. Times, Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, books opened closed, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; profit and loss statements, balance sheets, investigations. Auditor, 33 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Certified; auditing, investigations, accounting systems; superior service, moderate charges. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Telephone 6970 Cortlandt.

BOOKKEEPER - CORRESPONDENT.—Young man, thoroughly competent, reliable, now employed manufacturing concern, will change. George Harris, 21 Washington Place.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, 25, wishes position in bank as bookkeeper, interest clerk, or passbook auditor; five years' experience; salary, $20 per week. L 309 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, 37, twelve years' practical business experience; can assume full charge; A1 references. L 319 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Aged 24; six years' experience; acquainted with all office details; desires responsible position; best references. C. S., 2,123 East 18th St.

BOOKKEEPER account reorganization seeks position; systematic, willing worker. Address Permanent, 25 Times.

BOY, intelligent, active, refined and honest; school graduate. L 318 Times Downtown.

BUTLER.—Japanese; first-class butler; tall, clean cut, honest, sober; fine personality and disposition; wishes position in small family; first-class place preferred; wages $50 up; personal references. Address Saijo, 465 East 57th St. Phone 4928 Plaza.

BUTLER.—German, first-class butler, references, sober, fine personality, speaks French, wishes position in small family; also, valet, by gentleman. Address P. Sohnurr, care Mr. Straub, 323 East 33d St.

CAP SALESMAN.—Ten years' road experience and thorough knowledge of the cloth hat and cap business, desires to connect with reliable manufacturer; salary or commission. Box Y 215 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, MECHANIC, useful, expert gardener, handy with tools, furnace, &c.; 9 years' references; country preferred. John Bellamy, care Symphony Inn, 246 East 53d St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married; 28; desires position; private, commercial car; fill either with satisfaction; personal and written references. Fred, 964 6th Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young German; excellent mechanic, careful driver; six years' experience; good references. Meier, 531 West 185th St.

CHAUFFEUR, German, experience on Packard, careful driver, wishes private position. V 107

## 200 POLICE AT SERVICE.

**Dr. Silverman Commends Force for Devotion to Duty.**

Two hundred policemen in uniform, headed by Commissioner Waldo, marched into the Temple Emanu-El at 11 o'clock yesterday morning to attend a special Hanoucah (Feast of the Maccabees) service at Temple Emanu-El, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street.

The Rev. Dr. J. Silverman preached a sermon in which he praised the police of this city highly. He said that one of the marvels of visitors to this city was the skill and conscientiousness with which the members of the police force performed their duty. Dr. Silverman said that nearly all the criticism leveled at the New York police was the result of the ignorance, superficial observance or the political schemes of the critics. While the police had a duty of greatest importance, and usually performed that duty well, he said that the office of the police was only to punish offenders who visibly violated the law, and that the civil authorities could not therefore be held responsible for the morals and conscience of a city which were only in a limited sense under their jurisdiction.

During the services taps were sounded on a bugle, and the police band played "America." Chaplain A. Blum of the Police Department made a brief address in praise of the police. Others who took part in the service were the Rev. S. Schlager and the Rev. Dr. H. G. Enelow.

### Driver Drops Dead in Chair.

*Special to The New York Times.*

HACKENSACK, N. J., Dec. 28.—Frederick Bergmann, said to belong to a prominent German family, and formerly an expert cavalryman in the German army, died suddenly in a chair in the office of the Park Stables, Main Street, this afternoon. Bergmann, who was a driver, was 45 years old. He served through the Spanish-American war.

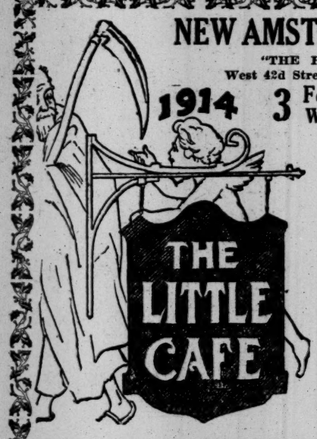

Ready for New Year's

$25 Start the New Year right by buying style, fit, finish and satisfaction at the lowest price. Suits and overcoats to measure. $40 to $50 values, now $25. Full Dress Suit, silk lined, $40. Tuxedo, silk lined, $35. $25

Broadway & Ninth Street **Arnheim**

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

**NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE**
"THE HOUSE BEAUTIFUL."
West 42d Street. Klaw & Erlanger, Mgrs.




3 Festive Matinees This Week Wed'sday, Thursday & Sat'rday

*The Old Year is going! It has been a good year because it has brought to us "The Little Cafe." The one regret of Father Time in passing is that he must leave all the pleasures of "The Little Cafe" to the new-born Year, which smiles in anticipation, as should all who have this panacea for depression awaiting to delight them. As Shakespeare nearly said: 'There is a joyous tide in the affairs of man which taken at the flood leads direct to the 'Little Cafe.'" No pledge to forsake sorrow is necessary to the guests of this "Little Cafe." They cannot help being happy!*

LAUGH OUT THE OLD YEAR! LAUGH IN THE NEW!

EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Evs., 8:10. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat., 2:15. 3 Mats. This Week—Wed., Thurs., Sat. LAST 6 NIGHTS — LAST 3 MATS. ETHEL BARRYMORE in the New Comedy, TANTE By C. Haddon Chambers after the novel. NEXT MON.—Seats New Year's Day. MAUDE ADAMS THE LEGEND OF LEONORA.

Lyceum 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:20. MISS BILLIE BURKE'S GREAT TRIUMPH!! "MISS BURKE HAS NEVER CAPTURED A NEW YORK AUDIENCE MORE THOROUGHLY."—SUN. "AN EVENING OF ADORATION."—WORLD. "BILLIE BURKE SCORES."—ALAN DALE. "THE MOST IMPORTANT SUCCESS OF HER CAREER."—MAIL. "BILLIE BURKE TRIUMPHS."—JOURNAL. "MISS BURKE TRIUMPHS."—PRESS. "GO AND ENJOY BILLIE BURKE'S PERFORMANCE."—TELEGRAM. "BILLIE BURKE WINS OUT IN 'THE LAND OF PROMISE.'"—EV. WORLD. CHARLES FROHMAN presents MISS Billie Burke in W. S. MAUGHAM'S Greatest Success The Land of Promise "THE LAND OF PROMISE' IS FULL OF PROMISE FOR BILLIE BURKE."—HERALD. "A NOVELTY FOR BROADWAY WELL WORTH SEEING."—TRIBUNE. "BRIGHT, CHEERY AND ENTERTAINING."—TIMES. "A NIGHT OF DISTINCT VICTORY FOR MISS BURKE."—EVE. SUN. Matinees Thursdays and Saturdays

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. LAST 6 NIGHTS Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. LAST 3 MAT'N'S 3 MATS. THIS WEEK WED., THURS., SAT. DAVID BELASCO presents THE MAN INSIDE A Drama of Crime, by Roland B. Molineux. NEXT MONDAY—Seats Thursday. MABEL & EDITH TALIAFERRO YOUNG WISDOM

BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Matinees New Yr's & Sat., 2:15 "UNIQUE, POWERFUL, MAGNIFICENTLY ACTED."—Acton Davies, Eve. Sun. Frances Starr in HENRI BERNSTEIN'S THE SECRET

GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Wed. Mat. Popular. Mats. This Week—Wed., Thurs. & Sat. POTASH & PERLMUTTER

COHAN & HARRIS' ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Pop. Mat. To-m'w & Wed. Popular 50c to $1.50 Mat. To-morrow. COHAN'S BEST PLAY Laughs Mystery Melodrama Thrills 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE 4 Mats This Week—Tues., Wed. Thurs. & Sat.

HARRIS THEATRE, W. 42D ST. TO-NIGHT DIRECT FROM THE LONGACRE THEATRE. ADELE CONTINUING ITS 12 MONTHS' RUN. ORIGINAL CAST & PRODUCTION INTACT MATS. NEW YEAR'S DAY & SAT. Seats Now Selling 8 Weeks Ahead.

GLOBE B'way & 46th Evs. 8:20. Mats. N. Year's & Sat. Ann Swinburne in Victor Herbert's Operetta. The Madcap Duchess

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE Special LAST WEEK Special Performance TO-DAY. To-morrow, Friday & Sunday Afts. at 3; SUN. EVE., 8:30. Cut This Coupon Out, Take It to the Box Office With 25c. It Entitles You to the Best 50c. Seat, Any Performance.

GOOD FOR 25c
New Amsterdam Theatre, To-day, To-m'w, Friday & Sunday Afts. at 3. Sun. Eve. 8:30. Klaw & Erlanger's Wonderful Photo Drama, The LIFE AND WORKS OF THE IMMORTAL COMPOSER, RICHARD WAGNER With Grand Organ Recital. (T.)

IT HAPPENED in IOWA
JOHN HEMINGWAY wanted a WIFE INEZ de PIERREFOND wanted a MATE
And the simple-hearted, doting mother said little, yet all unconsciously solved the vexed problem for them.
ELSIE FERGUSON in Wm. Hurlbut's Midwestern Comedy, THE Strange Woman Gaiety Broadway, 46th Street, Nights 8:20. Now
3 MATINEES THIS WEEK WED.—NEW YEAR'S—SAT.

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat., 2:15. 3 Mats. This Week—Wed., Thurs. & Sat. LAST 6 NIGHTS—LAST 3 MATINEES FANNIE WARD in "WOULD MAKE A SPHINX LAUGH." Madam President —American. WED., JAN. 7—Seats Next Thursday. EVA MOORE & H. V. ESMOND and the Entire London Criterion Co. in ELIZA COMES TO STAY.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way, 38 St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. This Wk—Wed., New Year's & Sat., 2:15. Wm. H. Crane—Douglas Fairbanks With Amelia Bingham & Patricia Collinge In "THE NEW HENRIETTA"

LIBERTY W. 42d St. n'r B'way. LAST WEEK 3 Mats This Week—Wed., Thurs. & Sat. CHRISTIE In Greatest Light Opera Success of this Season. MACDONALD SWEETHEARTS Next Mon.—GEN. JOHN REGAN—Seats Now.

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. 3 MATINEES THIS WEEK. THE MISLEADING LADY Wed., Thurs. and Sat.

HUDSON 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed., Thurs. & Sat. Extra Matinee New Year's Day. LAST WEEK AT THIS THEATRE. MOVES NEXT MON. TO THE LIBERTY. Geo. Birmingham's delightful comedy success, Gen. John Regan TUES., JAN. 6—Seats Thursday. WM. COLLIER in A LITTLE WATER ON THE SIDE.

WALLACK'S B'y & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., New Year's & Sat., 2:20. CYRIL MAUDE The Famous English Actor. in the tremendously successful comedy drama, "GRUMPY" GRAND, 23 St., 8 Av. Mats. Wed., Thur. & Sat. "BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS."

REPUBLIC Theatre, 42d St., nr. B'way. David Belasco Sole Lessee. UNIVERSAL FILM MFG. CO. PRESENTS 'TRAFFIC in SOULS' 4 Shows Daily 2-4-7-9 P. M. ADM. 25c. Note—Wed. Night (New Year's Eve). Performances All Night. JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29 St. ADM. 25c. 4 Times Daily. 2, 4, 7 and 9. At this theatre indefinitely. The only genuine—only authorized motion pictures of "TRAFFIC IN SOULS" SMOKING ALLOWED IN BALCONY & BOXES. Note—Extra Midnight perform'ce New Year's Eve.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR. Next Friday Aft., 2:30, Carnegie Hall. Goldmark, Brahms, Chadwick, Strauss, Charpentier. Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

OPERA & THEATRE TICKETS { Seats for Caruso in "Manon." KAISERHOF TICKET OFFICE (Downstairs) op. Met. Op. House 1410 B'way, Tel. 3663-3637 Bry't. CHOICE SEATS FOR THE HIPPODROME

Opera TICKET OFFICE CHOICE SEATS for all OPERAS. 1,431 BROADWAY. Entrance on 40th St., one door west. Tel. Bryant 8380-8381. Subs. Bought.

Academy 14th St. Mats. Daily, 12 & 3 P. M. 'Aladdin.' Nts., 8:15, 'Rip Van Winkle'

PARK 59th Street, Columbus Circle. ADM. 25c. 5 Times Daily. At 2-4-7-8:30 and 9:30 P. M. in Five Reels. THOS. W. ROSS in "CHECKERS"

JARDIN DE DANSE DANCING & HIGH CLASS CABARET 8:30 TO 1 Teas 3 to 6:30 CARNIVAL OF DANCING STARS. Free Tuition at Matinee Teas. NEW YEAR'S RESERVATIONS—NOW.

BIJOU B'way, 30th St. Tel. 452 Madison. EUROPEAN VERSION OF WHITE SLAVE TRAFFIC WILL POSITIVELY BE SHOWN TO-DAY

TANGO, ONE STEP AND TROT. DANCE 3 LESSONS AND YOU "LA FLEUR" SCHOOL FOR DANCING. Conducted by PROF. W. S. REMENYI. Broadway & 146th St. Open 11 A. M. to 10 P. M.

OPERA TICKETS THEATRE TICKETS Greeley 3026 | NEW YEAR'S EVE Best Seats Obtainable at JACOBS' TICKET OFFICE. Normandie Hotel, B'way, 38th St.

HAMMERSTEIN'S. Sam & Kitty Morton Gus Edwards, 10 Matinee Girls, Avon Comedy 4, Mrs. Gene Hughes & 12 others.

COLUMBIA B'way Burlesque Mat. To-day. Bert Baker AND THE Bon Ton Girls

MURRAY HILL. Evs. 8:15. BURLESQUE. Mat. To-day. MINER'S BIG FROLIC.

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8. 1,000 People. Carnival of Sports. 20 Fire Thrills. MAN-E-R-I-C-A Suffragette Parade. Plunging Auto. Court of Honor. First Steamer Through Panama Canal.

Winter Garden Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w Thurs. and Sat., and Special Midnight Matinee New Year's Eve. WEEK LAST THE PLEASURE SEEKERS

SHUBERT THEATRE REG'G TUES. JAN. 6 Percy Mackaye's Fable Play of the Orient. A THOUSAND YEARS AGO Seats Thurs.

FORBES-ROBERTSON'S FAREWELL Evs. 8. Mats. Thurs. and Sat. at 2. (WITH GERTRUDE ELLIOTT.) Last Week AT Shubert Theatre, 44th W. of B'way. Beginning To-night at 8. Last 8 Performances in N. Y. of Bernard Shaw's "CAESAR AND CLEOPATRA" FORBES-ROBERTSON WILL TRANSFER Next Week to MANHATTAN Opera House For Positively Last 3 Weeks, in Repertoire.

44TH ST. THEATRE, W. OF B'WAY. Lew Fields.....Prop'r. TO-NIGHT AT 8 SHARP PEOPLE NOT IN THEIR SEATS BY THAT TIME WILL NOT BE SEATED UNTIL AFTER THE FIRST ACT. For London Gayety Theatre Co. and Production THE GIRL ON THE FILM Evs. and New Year's and Sat. Mat. 50c to $2. Wednesday Matinee Best Seats $1.50.

Casino B'way & 39th. Evs. 8:15. Mats. 2:15 THIS WEEK ONLY Twice Every Day THE INCOMPARABLE ARTISTE ANNA HELD AND HER ALL-STAR JUBILEE COMPANY IN THE MOST DIVERSE ENTERTAINMENT EVER DEVISED.

LITTLE Thea. 240 W. 44th. Beg's Mats. Wed., New Year's and Sat. at 2:30. TOM'W EVE. at 8:45 BERNARD SHAW'S THE PHILANDERER

Booth Thes., 45th. w. of B'way. Mats. N. Yr's & Sat. 2:30. Evgs., 8:45. A FANTASY WITH MUSIC Prunella with Marguerite Clark. To-day Special Matinee. Auspices Junior Auxiliary of the West End Exchange.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed., Thurs., Sat. 2:30 WE ARE SEVEN Extra Mat. New Year's. A Whimsical Farce by Eleanor Gates.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. 2:30. THE THINGS THAT COUNT Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat.

PRINCESS Evs. 8:30; Reg. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. THEATRE OF THRILLS, 39th, nr. B'way. FIVE SENSATIONAL ONE-ACT PLAYS. AGAIN! Special Mats. of "IB and LITTLE CHRISTINA." Thurs. & Fri. at 2:30.

COMEDY. Last Week. Mats. To-m'w, Thurs., Sat. Alexandra Carlisle in The Marriage Game Evs. 8:10. and MIMI AGUGLIA in ELECTRA Beginning MONDAY, JAN. 5. (Seats Thurs.)

Kitty MacKay A NEW SCOTCH COMEDY

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs., 8:15. Mats. Wed New Year's & Sat. HIGH JINKS with Elizabeth Murray and Tom Lewis

39TH ST. THEATRE, Near Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Mats Wed., N. Yr's & Sat. 2:20. AT BAY Extra Mat. New Year's. Souvenirs 100th time Saturday Mat., Jan. 3d.

46TH ST. THEATRE. Evs. 8:20. Mats. 2:20. SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS TO-DAY Mats. Thurs., Fri. & Sat. EXTRA POPULAR PRICE MATINEE FRIDAY, JAN. 2. BEST SEATS $1.50.

MANHATTAN Opera House LAST WEEK Mats. Daily Except Friday. Best Seats $1. Hop O'My Thumb with De Wolf Hopper

WEST END, 125th W. of 8th Ave. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. THE LURE

Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat., 2:20. Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."

Royal 1 blk. f'm 149 St. & 3d Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. Bertha Kalich in RACHEL

CARNEGIE HALL ONLY BURTON HOLMES SUNDAY EVES. & MONDAY MATS. The NEW MANILA, Jan. 11 & 12; Hiking Thru LUZON, Jan. 18 & 19; Cruising Thru the PHILIPPINES, Jan. 25 & 26; CHINA In 1913, Feb. 1 & 2; JAPAN IN KOREA, Feb. 8 & 9. COURSE SALE, $5, $4, $3, TO-MORROW.

Hippodrome, Sun. Eve., Jan. 4, 8:30 Titta Ruffo ASSISTING ARTISTS AND NAHAN FRANKO and His Orchestra. Prices, 75c. to $2. Mangt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

CENTURY OPERA HOUSE / CENTRAL PARK WEST 62D ST. Nights at 8. Mats. Wed., Thurs., Sat., at 2. TO-NIGHT—"CARMEN." Tuesday & Bal. of Week—"LOUISE." NEW YEAR'S MAT.—"INTERNATIONAL BALLET" with "HANSEL AND GRETEL."

LA FLEUR DE DANSE EVE. 8:15 TO CLOSING. HAMILTON THEATRE ROOF, B'way & 146th St. DANCING SELECT. REFINED / ADMISSION FREE.

CARNEGIE HALL. Sat. Aft., Jan. 3, 2:30. KREISLER Tks. 75c. to $2. Now on sale at Box Office. C. A. Ellis, Mgr. Steinway Piano.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE. To-night at 8. Rosenkavalier. Ober, Hempel, Case; Gorlitz, Jorn, Well, Cond, Hertz. Wed. at 8. Manon. Farrar; Caruso, Gilly, Rothier, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini. Thurs. (New Year's Day) Mat. at 1. Parsifal. Fremstad; Jorn, Braun, Well, Goritz, Cond., Hertz. Thurs. at 8:15. Traviata. Hempel, Maubourg; Cristalli, Amato, Bada. Cond., Polacco. Fri. at 8:15. First Time. L'Amore dei Tre Re. Bori, Braslau, Duchene; Ferrari-Fontana (debut,) Amato, Didur. Cond., Toscanini. Sat. Mat. at 2. Gioconda. Destinn, Ober, Duchene; Caruso, Gilly, Segurola. Cond., Polacco. Sat. at 8:15. Spec'l Perf'ce. Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Martinelli, Scotti. Cond., Toscanini. Next Mon. at —. Manon Lescaut. Bori; Caruso, Scotti, Segurola, Reiss. Cond., Polacco.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. To-morrow at 8. Tannhaeuser. Gadski, Fremstad; Urlus, Braun, Well. Cond., Hertz. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

SYMPHONY Society of New York WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor. EIGHT SUNDAY AFTERNOONS Beginning JAN. 4, at 3. Soloists: Fritz Kreisler Frieda Hempel Florence Hinkle Carl Flesch Wilhelm Bachaus Ada Sassoli George Barrere Katherine Goodson Oscar Seagle Jacques Renaud Subscriptions now, Aeolian Hall, Rm. 1201. NEXT SUNDAY AFT., JAN. 4. ANNUAL WAGNER PROGRAM

NOW OPEN Daily, 9 A. M. to 11 P. M. MADISON SQ. GARDEN. 25TH ANNUAL SHOW. Grand display of all breeds, Pigeons, Game Birds, Bantams, Fancy Fowls, Exhibition Yards, &c. Free Lectures Daily. Closes Wednesday Night. Championship Cat Show Tues. & Wed., Dec. 30 & 31. ADM. 50c. CHILDREN 25c.

CARNEGIE HALL—Tuesday Evenings at 8:30. DEAN C. WORCESTER THE PHILIPPINES Dec. 30th The Wild Tribes / Jan. 6th Picturesque Philippines With Wonderful Motion Pictures & Lantern Slides. Seats now on sale at Box Office and all Agencies. 50c. to $1.50. Box Seats, $2.00.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

DE KALB De Kalb Av. and Broadway. Telephone 4300 Bushwick. JULIA DEAN in "HER OWN MONEY." Bargain Matinees, Wed. & Sat., 25c. & 50c. New Year's Mat. & Evening Prices, 25c. to $1. Next Week—"THE FAMILY CUPBOARD."

MAJESTIC Matinees Wednesday, New Year's. Sat. OH, I SAY? ORIGINAL NEW YORK CASINO CAST Next Week "THE LURE."

LONGACRE 48th St., W. of Broadway. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. 2:20. 3 MATS. THIS WEEK—Wed., Thurs., Sat. FIRST TIME TO-NIGHT. IOLE A NEW MUSICAL COMEDY WITH FRANK LALOR

ELTINGE W. 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat., 2:15. 3 MATS. THIS WEEK—Wed., Thurs., Sat. LAST 9 TIMES WITHIN THE LAW TUESDAY, JAN. 6. SEATS THURS. THE YELLOW TICKET

Adolf Philipp Theatre, 57th St., nr. 3d Av. Ev., 8:20. Matinee Sat., 2:30. Tel. Plaza, 812. 2 LOTS IN THE BRONX Musical Comedy with Adolf Philipp & Co.

BRONX Opera House, 149th St., Brook Av. 2 Mats. Wed. (Pop.) Thurs. & Sat. ROSE STAHL in "Maggie Pepper"

B. F. KEITH'S New York Theatres

COLONIAL DAILY MAT. 25c. Sam Mann & Co., Bessie Wynn, Le Roy, Talma & Bosco, "Wrong from the Start"

ALHAMBRA DAILY MAT. 25c. Clark & Hamilton, Lillian Shaw, Ida Brooks Hunt & Co., Dainty Marie, others.

HARLEM 125 St. 7 Ave. OPERA HOUSE. Premier Stock Co. in "Mendel Beilis." Daily Mat. 10-15. Ev. 15-50.

Palace B'way and 47th St. Evs. 25c. to $1.50. 2,000 Mat. Seats 50c BERT WILLIAMS. Owen McGiveney, Belle Blanche, The Rays, Chris. Baker, "Darling of Paris," The Castles Dancing Before the Camera, others.

F. F. PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES 5TH AVE. B'way Daily 1:45 and 7:45. Nights reserved seats in Orch. and Balcony, 50c. ROSS & FENTON "The Mermaid Man," Ad. Hoyt's Minstrels, Mijares and 7 Others. BELLE STORY and the

23D ST. nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST & 3d Av. 125TH ST. Lex. Av. A classy potpourri of vaudeville and photo plays. Biggest in Vaudeville at Littlest Prices. 12 BIG ACTS

LYCEUM THEATRE—45 St., near B'way. TO-DAY AT 3 ALSO JAN. 5TH. SEATS NOW. ANNUAL HOLIDAY MATINEES KITTY CHEATHAM

CARNEGIE HALL, Tues. Aft., Jan. 6, at 3. Seats 75 to $2, at Box Office. SONG RECITAL. ALMA GLUCK KNABE PIANO. Management Wolfsohn Bureau.

Aeolian Hall Sat. Aft., Jan. 3rd, at 2:30. PIANO RECITAL FANNIE BLOOMFIELD ZEISLER Tickets 75c, $1.00, $1.50, & $2; boxes $15, on sale at Hall. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau. STEINWAY PIANO.

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